Oconee and Sumter National

Forests





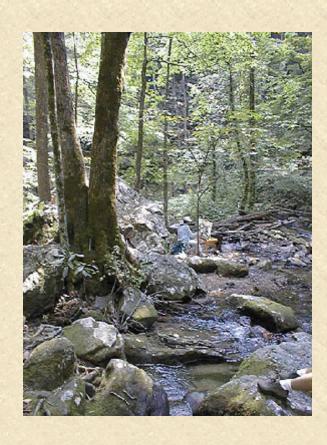
Recreation Realignment Report

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August, 2001

Web Series: SRS-4901-2001-14



Web Series: SRS-4901-2001-14

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Recreation Realignment Analysis¹

August, 2001

Introduction

As the USDA Forest Service encourages a more business-like approach to recreation management, National Forest managers need to know (1) their client base and what their outdoor recreation preferences are; (2) how local populations are shifting and changing; and (3) what recreation services and facilities other agencies or private businesses are providing in the area. By understanding these dimensions of demand, National Forests can evaluate the need to realign their recreation programs to match regional and local demand conditions. This report is meant to provide current research-based information to help Forest staff in their realignment decisions.

Report Objectives and Data Sources

The objective of this report is to provide recreation managers information they can use to make recreation realignment decisions. An assumption underlying this report is that recreation realignment should be based on public demands for recreation opportunities and that current survey data can help managers better understand public demands. To measure demand, researchers at the Athens Research Lab have drawn a 75- mile straight-line market area radius around each forest. Using available survey data, the report summarizes who lives in this *market area*, their recreation participation and demographic change profiles, and the equity implications of managing for different recreation activities. The recreation participation survey data presented is from the National Survey on Recreation and the Environment (NSRE), an on-going national telephone survey sponsored by the US Forest Service. U.S. Census and the Woods and Poole, Inc. econometric projections are the sources for demographic data.

On Analysis Assumptions

The 75-Mile Market Area

Analyses in this assessment are based on a 75-mile market area. At least two considerations justify this 75-mile radius. First, past research has demonstrated that most national forest trips originate from within a 75-mile (1 ½ hour driving time) radius. Thus, most recreation trips derive from within the market area. Second, variation in preferences varies surprisingly little for broad population groups (i.e. age strata) across geographic areas. While these factors reassure us that the use of the market area

¹ For clarification or further assistance, contact Ken Cordell at kcordell@fs.fed.us or call 706-559-4263.

provides a reasonable basis for guiding realignment decisions, the market area assumption does not hold in all cases. In particular, this assumption excludes the minority of recreationists who travel long distances to participate in activities -- the avid backpacker, rockclimber, and snowbirder. Some forests are known for high-quality experiences among these niche users. We have designed a special exercise to account for enthusiasts and niche markets later in this report.

Combining Forests

Some reports have market areas that include two or more nearby Forests. This has been done for efficiency in producing reports, but also in recognition that these nearby forests share local markets and have similar geography and demographic patterns. A list of reports for individual and combinations of forests follows:

Realignment Reports Prepared

- 1. Ocala and Osceola National Forests
- 2. Apalachicola and Conecuh National Forests
- 3. Talladega, William Bankhead, and Tuskegee National Forests
- 4. Delta, Homochitto, Bienville, Desoto National Forests
- 5. Tombigbee and Holly Springs National Forests
- 6. Kisatchie, Sabine, Angelina, Davy Crockett, and Sam Houston National Forests
- 7. Ouachita and Ozark National Forests
- 8. Oconee and Sumter National Forests
- 9. Uwharrie National Forest
- 10. Francis Marion National Forest
- 11. Croatan National Forest
- 12. Chattahoochee National Forest
- 13. Nantahala, Pisgah, Cherokee National Forest
- 14. Jefferson National Forest
- 15. George Washington National Forest
- 16. Daniel Boone National Forest

Vision of Interactive Session: How to Use this Report

- 1. This report is designed to be used in a facilitated workshop. It consists of 10 "analysis" steps which are designed to familiarize workshop participants with four broad sets of data describing: (1) Who lives in the market area, and what their recreation preferences are (Steps 1-3); (2) How population is expected to grow and how this will impact recreation demand (Step 4-6); (3) What the "niche" recreation settings or activities are on the Forest and what segments of the population will or will not be served if these activities are emphasized (i.e., what the "Civil Rights Title VI" implications of providing different niche activities are) (Steps 7-8); (4) What other local private suppliers in the market area are providing (Step 9); and finally, Summary Reflections and Conclusions (Step 10).
- 2. The report has been divided into the following 10 "steps":

3. The 10-Step Program to Recreation Realignment

- a. <u>Step 1</u> Population Analysis Summarizes population change in the market area;
- b. <u>Step 2</u> Recreation Participation Analysis/Activity Segmentation Summarizes overall outdoor recreation participation and then segments these activities into three types;
- c. Step 3 Analysis of Highest Growth Outdoor Recreation Activities, 1995 2001 by type
- d. <u>Step 4</u> Detailed Recreation Participation Analysis by Demographic Strata Overviews population composition and expected growth of 7 major demographic groups (age, gender, race, income, household type, urban-rural, and disability status) for forest-based outdoor recreation activities;
- e. <u>Step 5</u> Activity Score Summary Sheet Summarizes frequency of forest-based activities from exercises in step 4;
- f. Step 6 Summing Activity Scores Over Steps 2-4;
- g. <u>Step 7</u> Niche Activity Exercise An exercise where each Forest identifies their most important Niche Activities;
- h. <u>Step 8</u> Equity Analysis An exercise that identifies what populations are being served by the management of these activity settings;
- i. <u>Step 9</u> Private Suppliers of Outdoor Recreation Analysis An overview of what other suppliers in the market area provide, and;
- j. <u>Step 10</u> Summary, Concerns and Follow-up An opportunity for participants to record observations, concerns, and questions raised in steps 1-9.

Working through the steps above and using managers' local knowledge of users, their resource, and other providers in a National Forest market area, it is envisioned that a Forest can better target recreation provision for the benefit of the public. All information provided in this report is the product of available data. Not all potentially useful data is available; however. This report provides as much current data as possible within a limited timeframe and budget for use in realignment decisions. This report has been designed for use in an interactive meeting or workshop. Appendices have been designed for reference during the workshop and to be kept as a desk reference for future use.

Report Contents

I. Report Text

- The Realignment Context: Some General Observations About Outdoor Recreation in the Southern Region.
- < Analysis Steps 1-10 with graphics and bullet statements highlighting key findings and guiding managers through 10 analytical exercises or steps exploring the customer base, its recreation participation profiles, and its changing demographic composition.</p>

II. Appendices

- < A complete set of formatted data tables:
- Appendix I: descriptive statistics about counties in the market area;
- < <u>Appendix II</u>: detailed population growth and demographic data describing changes in the market area, including state and regional comparisons, temporal comparisons (1990)

- 2000) and projections out to 2020.
- < <u>Appendix III</u>: total participation profiles for 1995 and 2001 by activity for over 40 activities and detailed demographic information describing who participates in these activities:
- < <u>Appendix IV</u>: non-Forest Service outdoor recreation providers in market area. **The Realignment Context:**

Some General Observations About Outdoor Recreation in the Southern Region²

- Top recreation activities in which Southerners participate include walking for pleasure, attending family gatherings, visiting nature centers, sightseeing, driving for pleasure, picnicking, viewing or photographing natural scenery, and visiting historic sites. Far down the list in popularity are high technology, high skill activities such as rock climbing and whitewater kayaking that often occupy much of the attention of forest recreation managers.
- Participation in most outdoor recreation activities has been growing steadily over the last few years. Of forest-based activities, viewing and photographing fish, wildlife, birds, wild flowers, and native trees are among the fastest growing in the South. Other fast growing activities include jet skiing, kayaking, day hiking, and backpacking.
- < To Southerners, outdoor recreation is a highly important part of their lifestyles. But because of climate and types of forest settings, the abundance of forests in the South, in comparison with other less forested regions of the country, does not result in higher forest recreation participation.
- Twenty-six percent of residents of the South participate in gathering a wide variety of non-timber forest products (NTFPs). Most do so non-commercially. Sustaining availability of some NTFP resources will depend in large part on institutional capacities for education, monitoring, incentives, land management, and other conservation actions.
- Numerous recreation opportunities of many types are available across the South. They are found in a wide variety of settings, ranging from large tracts of undeveloped land to highly developed theme parks in largely urban settings, both in public and private ownerships.
- < Of public ownerships, federal tracts typically are large and mostly undeveloped. They fill a niche

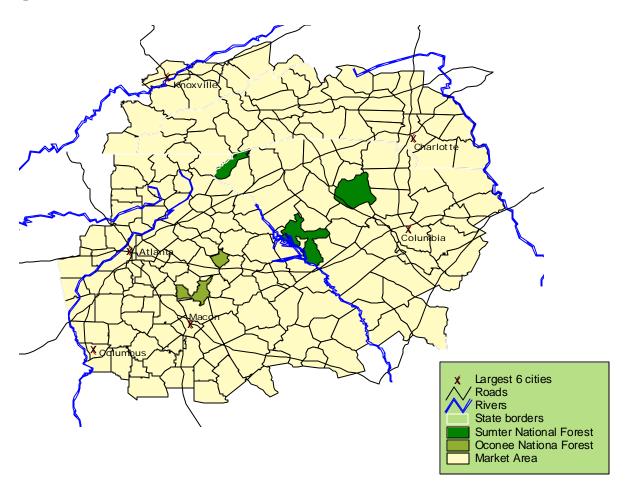
² Cordell, H. Ken and Michael A. Tarrant. 2002. Socio-6: Forest-based Outdoor Recreation. Wear, David N. and John G. Greis (eds.). Southern Forest Resource Assessment Final Report. General Technical Report SRS-xx. Asheville, NC: US Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Southern Research Station.

of providing backcountry recreation. State parks and forests are usually smaller and more developed. They provide camping, picnicking, swimming, fishing, nature interpretation, and scenery.

- The outdoor recreation supply potentials of public lands will depend on policy evolution. On Southern National Forests, greater protection of roadless lands is likely, while at the same time recreation is increasingly finding its way to the tops of the priority lists of national forest managers. These trends are not as yet, but should be linked by explicit policies. National Parks will serve a different supply role because they are managed first to protect park resources and secondly for public enjoyment. On Fish and Wildlife Service refuges, recreation is viewed as an incidental or secondary use and is not allowed unless it is directly related to a refuge's primary purposes.
- While continuing to grow, adjust and adapt, Southern state land systems, especially state parks, have reached a point of seeming maturity as a recreation resource, except for expansion of highend resort developments which provide better sources of revenue.
- Recreation access to private land is increasingly limited to the owners themselves, their families or friends, and lessees. The number of Southern private owners allowing the public to recreate on their land has been decreasing over time.
- Accommodating future public recreation demand increases will likely fall mostly to public providers, most of whom will likely continue to face significant budget and capacity constraints. Some of this pressure would be reduced if private owners, the primary group of forest owners in the Region, were willing to open more of their vast forested land holdings to public recreation. Current trends are not promising, however. Increasing demands for off-road vehicle use, hunting, fishing, and other of the more consumptive recreational activities are likely to bring about more recreation participant/land owner conflicts over time.
- As forest recreation demands grow, recreation activities are likely to conflict more with each other, especially on trails, in backcountry, at developed sites, on flat water (large rivers and lakes), in streams and whitewater, and on roads and their nearby environs. Typically a greater degree of conflict is perceived by one group of recreation users (usually traditional and non-motorized users) than is perceived by other groups (usually non-traditional and mechanized/motorized users).
- Depending on the characteristics of recreation use, the forest site, and site management, recreation can have a variety of impacts on soils, water, vegetation and animal life. Almost all types of recreation activity have impacts, but this is especially so for motorized uses.
- Forested areas in the South with heavy recreation pressures include the coastal Carolinas; coastal Florida; coastal Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana; the "Piedmont Crescent," south central

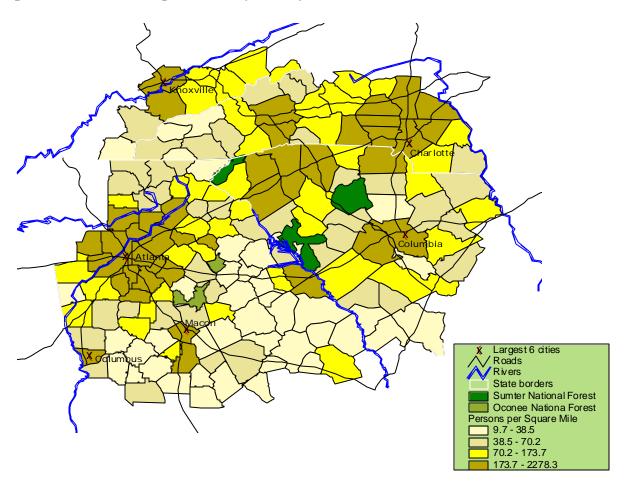
Mississippi, the Ozark and Ouachita Mountains, and northeastern West Virginia.

Step 1.1 -- The Market Area Defined



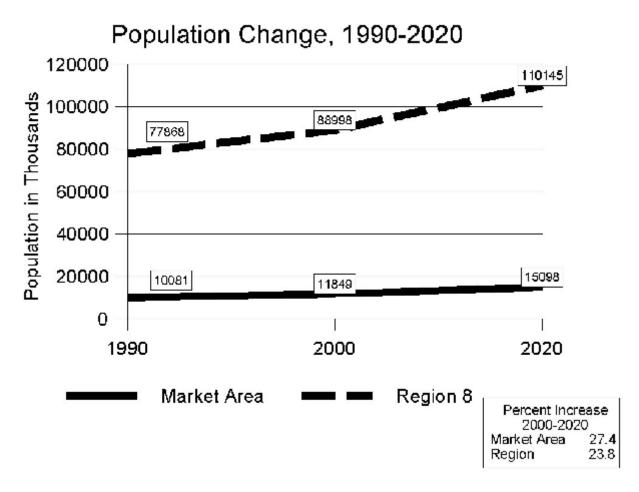
Through out this report, data will be presented under the heading "Market Area." The Market Area is defined as all counties that fall within a 75-mile straight-line radius from the forest border. The market area of this report for the Oconee and Sumter National Forests is shown above.

Step 1.2 -- Persons Per Square Mile by County in Market Area



- This map shows the number of persons per square mile by county in the market area. Counties with the darkest shading have the most dense populations (173.7 2278.3 persons per square mile).
- < Its clear that many of the more dense counties in this market area occur <u>around Atlanta</u>, <u>Charlotte</u>, <u>Columbia</u>, <u>Knoxville</u>, <u>and Macon</u>.
- < As population in the market area grows and develops, public lands in the area will increasingly be seen as a place of relaxation, a quiet, peaceful retreat from the built community.

Step 1.3 -- Total Population, 1990 - 2020, and Projected Percent Change 2000 - 2020 in Market Area and Region



Source: Table I. 1

- This figure shows total market area and regional population, 1990 2020.
- < You currently have <u>11,849,000</u> persons in your market area.
- < As you can see from the inset box, this market area has <u>higher</u> expected growth than the region as a whole. As such, you can probably expect <u>greater</u> pressure from recreation on your Forest than on forests in the region as a whole (cf. Table I a.2).

Step 1.4 -- Fastest and Slowest Growing Counties, 2000-2020

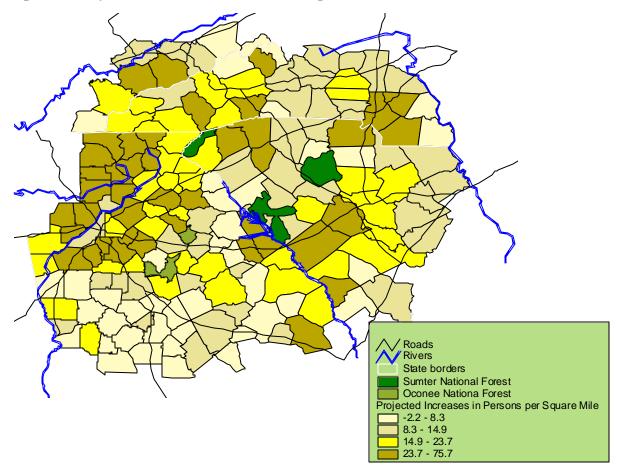
Fastest Growing	Projected Percent Change, 2000- 2020	Slowest Growing	Projected Percent Change, 2000-2020
1) Columbia, GA	75.6	1) Warren, GA	-0.7
2) Paulding, GA	73.7	2) Pulaski, GA	-0.8
3) Lexington, SC	70.2	3) Taliaferro, GA	-1.3
4) Fayette, GA	69.5	4) Wheeler, GA	-1.5
5) Oconee, GA	69.5	5) Chattahoochee, GA	-2.3

- The table above lists the 5 fastest and 5 slowest growing counties in your market area. For a complete list of all counties by population growth, see Appendix I, Table 1 "Overview of Market Area".
- Exercise: Using the box below, list all the counties which are adjacent to your management area. List all that you can recall. Then go to Appendix I, Table 1 and record the projected population growth for each county you listed. This will familiarize you with population change in your work area.

Step 1.5 -- Projected Population Change in Counties Nearest My Districts (Source: Table I. 1)

County Name	Projected Population Change 2000-2020 (%)

Step 1.6 -- Projected Increase in Persons Per Square Mile 2000 - 2020



- The map on this page shows the projected growth in persons per square mile in your market area. The counties with the darkest yellow shading are increasing most in density (i.e., in persons per square mile).
- < <u>Exercise</u>: Noting the population trends and changes that are expected and the geographic patterns of faster- or slower-growth counties, take a moment to reflect on the implications concerning which Forest corridors and recreation areas might be most impacted in the future. Record your observations below:

Step	1.7 Observations on Locational Implications of Growth on my Forest and Districts

Step 2. – Recreation Participation Analysis and Segmentation of Activities

- Population growth and change represents one important dimension of recreation realignment.
 As populations grow there is likely to be greater recreation demand, but for which activities?
- In Steps 2-4 to follow, we will explore 3 separate dimensions of demand. First, we explore the 20 top activities in the region in terms of <u>overall participation</u> (Step 2). Second, we explore the <u>fastest growing activities</u> (Step 3). Finally, we look at activity demand by <u>demographic strata</u> and <u>growth in demographic strata</u> (Step 4). Then, in Steps 5 and 6 we combine these dimensions to arrive at a "big picture" of market area recreation demand.
- Step 2: The table on the following page -- "Top 20 Recreation Activities in Order of Popularity" -- represents a first "cut" in understanding demand for outdoor recreation. It presents the 20 most popular outdoor activities in the region as a whole by the percentage and number of persons participating at least once/year. As broadly enjoyed outdoor activities, these can be thought of as representing core general demands of the public at large for outdoor recreation.
- Take a minute to review the most popular activities in the region in order of popularity.
- In order to target outdoor recreation activities most relevant to forest settings and to your market area we next segment these activities into three types.

Step 2.1 -- Top 20 Activities in the Region in Order of Popularity (Source: Table III. 3a)

	Region 8	
Activity	Percent participated 2001	Number (millions) participated 2001
Walk for pleasure	81.0	55.97
Family gathering	72.3	49.96
View/photograph natural scenery	55.5	38.35
Visit nature centers, etc.	53.1	36.69
Sightseeing	51.4	35.52
Driving for pleasure	50.6	34.96
Picnicking	49.1	33.93
Visit historic sites	43.1	29.78
View wildlife	42.5	29.37
Swimming in natural water	40.0	27.64
Bicycling	34.2	23.63
View birds	30.8	21.28
Visit a wilderness	29.5	20.38
Warmwater fishing	28.5	19.69
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	26.9	18.59
Day hiking	26.2	18.10
Visit waterside besides beach	25.9	17.90
View or photograph fish	25.5	17.62
Developed camping	21.9	15.13
Visit archeological sites	19.7	13.61

Step 2.2 -- Segmentation of Activities

Step 2.2a -- **Type I Activities** - These are activities that are *broadly popular across demographic groups in your market area*. Because of their common popularity, it is recommended that managers broadly provide these wherever possible, especially those with more than 50 percent participation.

Type I Activities - Broadly Popular Activities in Market Area; Percent and Number of

Participants (in millions) (Source: Table III. 3b)

	% Participated	# Participants
Walk for pleasure	83.4	7.61
Family gathering	73.9	6.74
View/photograph natural scenery	59.6	5.44
Visit nature centers, nature, museums, etc.	55.8	5.09
Sightseeing	55.8	5.09
Driving for pleasure	54.2	4.95
Picnicking	52.6	4.80
Visit historic sites	49.9	4.55
Boating	37.5	3.42
Bicycling	34.0	3.10
Motorboating	28.5	2.60

(Source: Table II, 3a)

< **Exercise**: In the space provided below, record all activities that over 50 percent of the public in your market area enjoys at least once/year.

Step 2.2a1 — Activities Enjoyed by at least 50 percent of your Market Area

For the remainder of the report, we focus on Type II and Type III activities. These are

activities at the mid-levels of popularity (Type II) and "niche" activities (Type III).

Step 2.2b — **Type II Activities -** These are activities in the mid-range of popularity which are *especially suitable for National Forests*. It is recommended that managers provide opportunities for the most popular of these activities among residents of your market area. This idea of focusing on the most popular activities will be carried forward later in this analysis (in Step 6) where activities are scored across multiple criteria, popularity being one.

Type II Activities -- Activities Especially Suitable for NFs settings; Percent and Number of

Participants (in millions) (Source: Table III. 3d)

	% Participated	# Participants
Swimming in streams, lakes, ponds, or the ocean	45.7	4.17
View wildlife	45.0	4.11
View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation	44.4	4.05
View birds	32.0	2.92
Visit a wilderness or other primitive, roadless area	31.8	2.90
Gather mushrooms, berries, and other non-timber products	29.7	2.71
Day hiking	28.7	2.62
Warmwater fishing	28.7	2.62
Visit waterside besides beach	28.2	2.57
View or photograph fish	26.6	2.43
Developed camping	21.1	1.93
Drive off-road	19.3	1.76
Mountain biking	18.0	1.64
Primitive camping	15.8	1.44
Backpacking	10.8	0.99
Big game hunting	9.8	0.89

Small-game hunting	9.0	0.82
Horseback riding on trails	8.3	0.76

Step 2.2c — **Type III Activities** - *Niche Activities* are activities that take advantage of unique, high quality opportunities and representing mostly enthusiast users on your forest. Because of their special nature, it is recommended you emphasize when your resources are unique and high quality.

Type III Activities - Niche Activities for Forests with Unique Resources; Percent and Number

of Participants (in millions) (Source: Table III. 3f)

	% Participated	# Participants
Visit archeological sites	21.6	1.97
Coldwater fishing	14.0	1.28
Saltwater fishing	13.6	1.24
Waterskiing	11.7	1.07
Rafting	11.6	1.06
Canoeing	7.9	0.72
Snorkeling or scuba diving	7.3	0.67
Kayaking	2.5	0.23
Migrating bird hunting	1.9	0.17

Step 3. – Analysis of Fastest Growing Outdoor Recreation Activities

(Source: Table III, 3e)

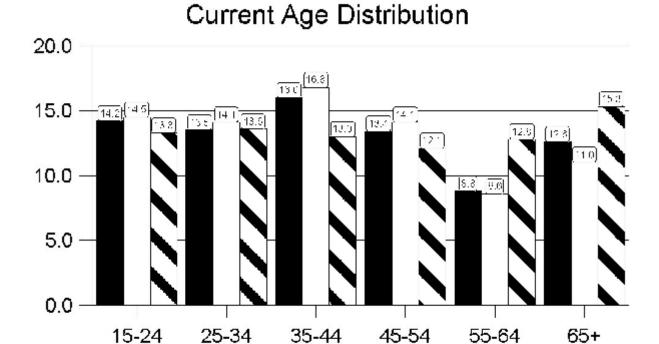
Activity	Absolute change (Millions), 1995 to 2001	Percent change in number of participants, 1995 to 2001
View or photograph fish	1.39	118.0
View wildlife	2.13	93.1
Big game hunting	0.40	69.0
Drive off-road	0.71	56.9
Small game hunting	0.32	52.5
Day hiking	0.96	47.2
Backpacking	0.34	40.3
View birds	0.96	39.1
Horseback riding on trails	0.25	38.3
Developed camping	0.63	37.9
Primitive camping	0.44	33.9
Warmwater fishing	0.74	29.9
Swimming in streams, lakes, ponds, or the ocean	1.14	28.4

- A second important dimension of demand in the market area is captured by considering which outdoor recreation activities are growing fastest in terms of total participation. Some activities are in decline while others are increasing in demand. In this table, Type II activities are organized by rate of growth from 1995-2001 in your market area. Those which have experienced the highest rate of growth are at the top of table.
- < <u>Exercise</u>: In the space provided below, please record the fastest growing Type II activities in your market area. Record up to 6 activities. Remember the absolute change numbers are in millions of participants.

Step 3.1 -- Fastest Growing Activities in your Market Area

Step 4. – Recreation Participation Analysis by Demographic Strata

We have overviewed 2 dimensions of demand, total participation (i.e., most popular activity) and fastest growing activity 1995-2001. In Step 4, we walk through an analysis the recreation preferences of each of 7 demographic categories (e.g., age, gender, household size, race, income, urban-rural status and disability status). For each one, first we summarize the distribution of the population by strata (e.g. age strata). Second, we consider the current recreation preferences of each strata. Finally, we examine the projected growth of each strata and consider the implications of this projected growth for recreation demand. We start with age and proceed from there. In the end, we will summarize what we have learned about demand in the market area across all demographic groups.



Step 4.1 – Age

Market Area, 2000

Region 8, 2000

Market Area, 2020

(Source: Table II. 2b,c)

The age distribution of the population differs to some extent from market area to market area. In part, this is related to the strength of area economies, migration, and immigration. The age distribution is important to consider in recreation management because people's outdoor recreation activities are highly age dependent. The previous figure shows the distribution of ages in the region and market area.

Step 4.1.a – Current Age Distribution

The table below lists <u>favored</u> activities by age strata. The activities listed for each strata below are those in which the age strata makes up a disproportionately greater share of the participants compared to their percentage of the population as a whole. This can be interpreted as activities each age strata favors. If you manage for such favored activities, which activities would you emphasize?

Favored Activities by Age Strata (Source: Table III. 4b1-6)

Age Strata	Favored Activities	Percent of Age Strata in Market Area
15-24	 Small game hunting Backpacking Horseback riding on trails 	14.5
25-34	 Drive off-road Big game hunting Day hiking 	14.1
35-44	 View or photograph fish Developed camping Visit waterside besides beach 	16.8
45-54	 View or photograph fish View wildlife View birds. 	14.1

55-64	 View birds View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation View wildlife 	8.6
65+	 View birds View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation View wildlife 	11.0

Step 4.1.b – Future Age Distribution

How Will Population Age Structure Change 2000 - 2020? (Source: Table II. 2e)

	Market Area		Region 8	
Age Group	Absolute change (1000's), 2000 to 2020	Percent change, 2000 to 2020	Absolute change (1000's), 2000 to 2020	Percent change, 2000 to 2020
15-24	296.2	17.3	1,865.6	14.7
25-34	380.3	22.8	2,460.7	20.5
35-44	-19.8	-1.0	-708.3	-5.0
45-54	158.8	9.5	826.0	6.9
55-64	906.4	88.6	6,339.3	80.6
65 & older	1,007.8	77.2	7,363.5	65.4

- In the future, the population of the United States is expected to age. The median age in the United States has risen steadily since the 1800s in part due to increases in medical technology and hygiene, and rising real income. In 1850, the median age was 18.9 years, in 1990 in was 32.8. By 2020, the median age is expected to increase 8.5 percent to about 38 years. As the population ages, their recreation preference profile will change. Activities that older people like to do will become more popular and enjoy increases in demand on recreation areas.
- The table above shows percent increases in each of the age strata in the market area, 2000 2020.

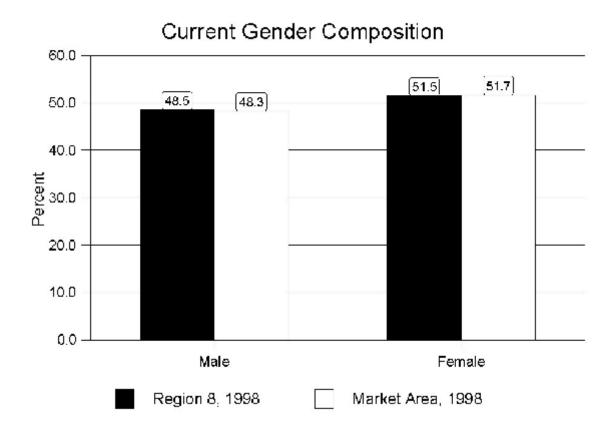
- < 65+, 55-64, and 25-34 are the highest growth strata (in absolute numbers) in the market area.
- Given the aging of the market area, which activities does this suggest you might market to/provide more of in the future?

<u>Step 4.1.c – Favored Activities of Fastest Growing Age Groups</u>

(Source: Table III. 4b1-6)

High Growth Age Strata	Favored Activities
65+	 View birds View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation View wildlife
55-64	 View birds View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation View wildlife
25-34	 Drive off-road Big game hunting Day hiking

Step 4.2 – Gender



(Source: Table II. 8)

<u>Step 4.2.a – Current Gender Composition</u>

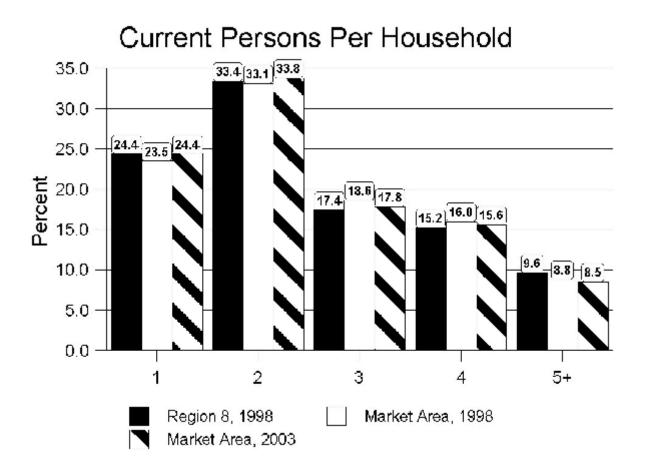
- < Gender is highly important as well as a determinant of the activities people chose. Women prefer some activities in much higher numbers than men. Thus the gender distribution and different preferences of men and women are important considerations in supplying outdoor recreation programs to serve the public. The figure above shows the gender distribution in the region and market area.</p>
- < If you marketed for activities disproportionately preferred by gender, which activities would you emphasize?

Favored Activities by Gender Strata (Source: Table III. 4a1-2)

Gender Strata	Favored Activities	Percent of Gender Group in Market Area
Female	 View birds View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation Horseback riding on trails View wildlife Swimming in streams, lakes, ponds, or the ocean 	51.7
Male	 Small game hunting Big game hunting Primitive camping Backpacking Drive off-road 	48.3

Because the gender distribution does not tend to vary across time (i.e. the proportion of males and females generally stays the same), we will not consider the projected change in gender composition, as we will for other demographic categories.

Step 4.3 – Household Size



(Source: Table II. 3b)

Step 4.3.a - Current Household Distribution

- The household type varies somewhat from market area to market area. In part, this is related to the age, wealth and ethnic structure of an area. Different household types (families, singles, childless couples, retirees, etc) may have different recreation setting and experience preferences. The figure above shows the distribution of regional and market area residents by household size.
- < If you managed for household types, which activities would you emphasize?

Favored Activities by Household Type (Source: Table III. 4c1-5)

Household Type Strata	Favored Activities	Percent of Household Type Group in Market Area
1 person household	 Mountain biking View birds Visit a wilderness or other primitive, roadless area 	24.4
2 person household	 View birds View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation View wildlife 	33.8
3 persons household	 Small game hunting Drive off-road Big game hunting 	17.8
4 person household	 Backpacking Swimming in streams, lakes, ponds, or the ocean Developed camping 	15.6
5 or more	 Day hiking Developed camping Big game hunting 	8.5

<u>Step 4.3.b – Future Household Distribution</u>

<u>How Will Household Structure Change 1998 - 2003?</u> (Source: Table II. 3e)

Household Size	Market Area		Region 8	
	Absolute change (1000's), 1998-2003	Percent change, 1998-2003	Absolute change (1000's), 1998-2003	Percent change, 1998-2003
1 person	156.4	15.2	961.5	12.1
2 person	191.1	13.2	1080.5	9.9
3 person	49.1	6.1	174.2	3.1
4 person	55.7	7.9	241.4	4.8

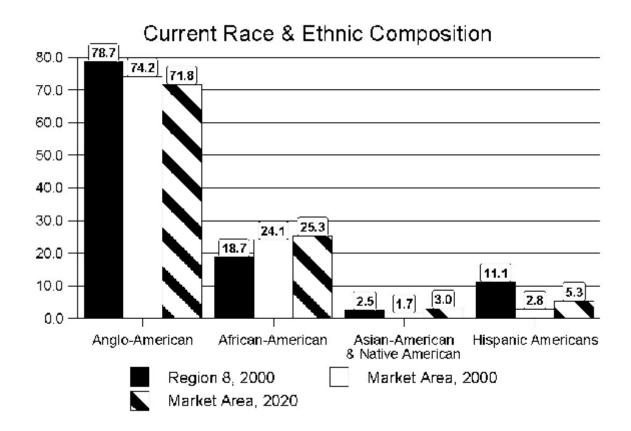
5 persons or more	25.8	6.7	134 0	13
5 persons or more	23.8	0.7	134.0	4.3

- < In the future in the United States the population will continue to age and young people are expected to continue to delay marriage until their mid- and late- 20s. As these trends "mature" in the future, there are likely to be fewer larger households in the United States as a whole.
- The table above shows percent increases in each of the household strata in the market area, 1998 2003.
- 2-person, 1-person, and 4-person households are the highest growth strata.
- < Given the nature of changing household structure to smaller sized households in the market area, which outdoor recreation activities would you want to consider providing more of in the future?</p>

<u>Step 4.3.c – Favored Activities of Fastest Growing Household Size</u>

High Growth Household Type Strata	Favored Activities
Highest growth	 View birds View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation View wildlife
2 nd Highest growth	 Mountain biking View birds Visit a wilderness or other primitive, roadless area
3 rd Highest growth	Backpacking Swimming in streams, lakes, ponds, or the ocean Developed camping

Step 4.4 – Race & Ethnicity



(Source: Table II. 4c)

Step 4.4.a - Current Race/Ethnic Distribution

- Shifting racial and cultural ethnicity of the population is one of the most dramatic of social changes occurring in the United States. While a little less pronounced in this region than in others, growth of the Hispanic and Asian populations in the US is occurring at rates sufficient for size of these groups to exceed the African American population before the end of the century. The race and ethnic distribution is important to consider in recreation management because people's outdoor recreation activities tend to differ across race strata. The figure above shows the distributions of residents in the region and market area residents by race/ethnicity.
- < If you managed for recreation activities preferred by one race class more than the population as a whole, what activities would you emphasize?

Favored Activities by Race Strata (Source: Table III. 4d1-4)

Race Group Strata	Favored Activities	Percent of Race Group in Market Area
Anglo Americans	 Big game hunting Primitive camping Day hiking 	74.2
African American	 Mountain biking View birds View or photograph fish 	24.1
Asian Americans/ American Indians	 Backpacking View wildlife Developed camping 	1.7
Hispanic Americans	 Day hiking View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation Primitive camping 	2.8

<u>Step 4.4.b – Current Race/Ethnic Distribution</u>

How Will the Race and Ethnicity of the Population Change 2000 - 2020? (Source: Table II. 4h)

	Market Area		Region 8	
Race/ethnicity	Absolute change (1000's), 2000 to 2020	Percent change, 2000 to 2020	Absolute change (1000's), 2000 to 2020	Percent change, 2000 to 2020
Anglo American	1,210.8	16.0	14,545.5	20.8
African American	485.5	20.5	4,825.3	28.9
Asian/American Indian	71.6	54.5	1,776.3	79.3
Hispanic American	207.3	167.5	7,931.9	80.2

Over the next 50 years, the racial composition is projected to change dramatically in the United States. Between 1990 and 2050, the proportion of Anglo Americans are expected to decline from more than 76 percent to just over 50 percent. Shortly thereafter, Anglo Americans will no longer be a numerical majority. Considerable growth is expected in Hispanic populations in particular. As increases occur more in some race strata than others, the activities that these

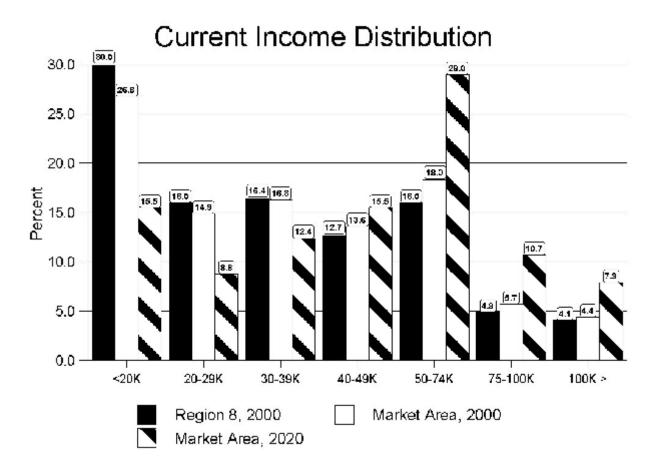
strata participate in are likely to experience increased demand.

- The table above shows percent increases in each of the race strata in the market area, 2000 2020.
- < Anglo American, African American, and Hispanic American groups are the highest growth strata.
- Given the changing racial composition in the market area, which activities would you want to consider providing more of in the future?

Step 4.4.c – Favored Activities of Fastest Growing Race Group

High Growth Race Group Strata	Favored Activities
Highest growth race group	 Big game hunting Primitive camping Day hiking
2 nd highest growth race group	 Mountain biking View birds View or photograph fish
3 rd highest growth race group	Day hiking View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation Primitive camping

Step 4.5 – Income



(Source: Table II. 5b)

<u>Step 4.5.a – Current Income Distribution</u>

- Income is very much linked to recreation participation choices. Incomes in the South have been rising, but not uniformly. Some counties still have persistently high levels of poverty and some have actually declined a little in real income. Income gains or losses in a market area can provide another source of information about how to align recreation management with demand conditions.
- < If you marketed to current income groups, which activities would you emphasize?

Favored Activities by Income Strata (Source: Table III. 4e1-11)

Income Strata (dollars) K=1,000	Favored Activities	Percent of Income Group in Market Area
< \$20,000	 Mountain biking View birds Backpacking 	26.8
\$20-29,999	 Backpacking Primitive camping Horseback riding on trails 	14.9
\$30-39,999	 Drive off-road Big game hunting Visit a wilderness or other primitive, roadless area 	16.3
\$40-49,999	 Horseback riding on trails Developed camping View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation 	13.6
\$50-74,999	 Big game hunting Small game hunting Swimming in streams, lakes, ponds, or the ocean 	18.3
\$75-99,999	 Big game hunting Small game hunting Mountain biking 	5.7
\$100,000 >	 Backpacking Mountain biking Visit a wilderness or other primitive, roadless area 	4.4

<u>Step 4.5.b – Income Distribution</u>

<u>How Will Population Income Change 2000 - 2020?</u> (Source: Table II. 5e)

	Market Area		Region 8	
Income category	Absolute change (1000's), 2000 to 2020	Percent change, 2000 to 2020	Absolute change (1000's), 2000 to 2020	Percent change, 2000 to 2020
< \$20,000	-304.5	-25.3	-1,351.7	-28.3
\$20,000-29,999	-159.1	-23.7	-1,278.2	-23.9
\$30,000-39,999	-14.2	-1.9	231.9	4.2
\$40,000-49,999	292.0	48.0	2,519.8	59.5
\$50,000-74,999	860.8	105.0	2,897.0	100.9
\$75,000-99,999	366.1	143.8	2,005.4	122.1
\$100,000 >	264.0	134.6	756.4	123.1

(Source: Table II, E.3)

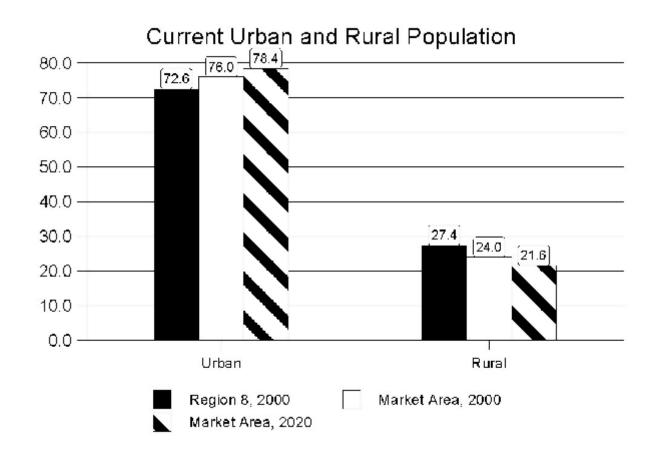
- < In the future, income in the United States is expected to rise. The table above shows percent increases in each of the income strata in the market area, 2000-2020.
- < \$50,000-74,999; \$75,000-99,999; and \$40,000-\$49,999 groups are the highest growth strata in the market area.
- < Given the changing income composition in the market area, which activities would you want to consider providing more of in the future?</p>

<u>Step 4.5.c – Favored Activities of Fastest Growing Income Group</u>

High Growth Income Strata	Favored Activities		
Highest growth income group	 Big game hunting Small game hunting Swimming in streams, lakes, ponds, or the ocean 		
2 nd highest growth income group	 Big game hunting Small game hunting Mountain biking 		
3 rd highest growth income group	 Horseback riding on trails Developed camping View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation 		

Step 4.6 - Urban and Rural

Step 4.6.a - Current Urban and Rural Distribution



(Source: Table II. 6b)

- The urban/rural distribution of the population differs from market area to market area. Urban populations are growing at much faster rates and numbers than rural populations. If a Forest's market area has a large urban population, it can expect higher demand and for that demand to increase at higher rates than their rurally-situated counterparts. Also, the urban-rural character of the population is important to consider in recreation management because people's outdoor recreation activities differ accordingly. The figure above shows the distribution of the regional and market area population according to urban and rural status.
- If you marketed to urban or rural groups, which activities would you emphasize?

Favored Activities by Urban/Rural Strata (Source: Table III. 4f1-2)

Urban/Rural Strata	Favored Activities	Percent of Urban/Rural Group in Market Area
Urban	 Backpacking Mountain biking Day hiking Swimming in streams, lakes, ponds, or the ocean Developed camping 	76
Rural	 Big game hunting Small game hunting Drive off-road Warmwater fishing Gather mushrooms, berries, and other non-timber products 	24

Step 4.6.b – Future Urban and Rural Distribution

How Will Urban/Rural Populations Change 2000 - 2020? (Source: Table II. 6e)

200 H 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Market		Region 8		
	Absolute change (1000's), 2000 to 2020	Percent change, 2000 to 2020	Absolute change (1000's), 2000 to 2020	Percent change, 2000 to 2020	
Urban	2,833.2	31.5	18,276.6	28.3	
Rural	416.1	14.6	2,870.4	11.8	

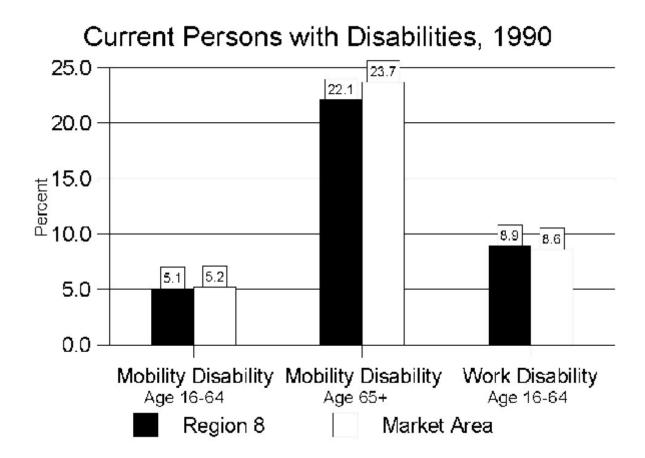
- Over the next 50 years, all markets in the United States that contain urban areas are expected to significantly increase their rates of rural land conversion as suburbs sprawl out into rural lands. Between 1992 and 1997 in the United States, nearly 16 million acres of farm, forest and other open land was converted to developed uses. These developments tend to follow highway corridors radiating out from the nation's urban areas. As more areas become urban in character, the activities urban people participate in are likely to experience increased demand.
- The table above shows percent increases in each of the strata in the market area, 2000-2020.
- < Urban areas are the highest growth category in the market area.

Given the changing urban/rural character of the market area, which activities would you want to consider providing more of in the future?

<u>Step 4.6.c – Favored Activities of Fastest Growing Urban and Rural Groups</u>

High Growth Strata	Favored Activities
Highest growth group	 Backpacking Mountain biking Day hiking

Step 4.7 – Disability



(Source: Table II. 7)

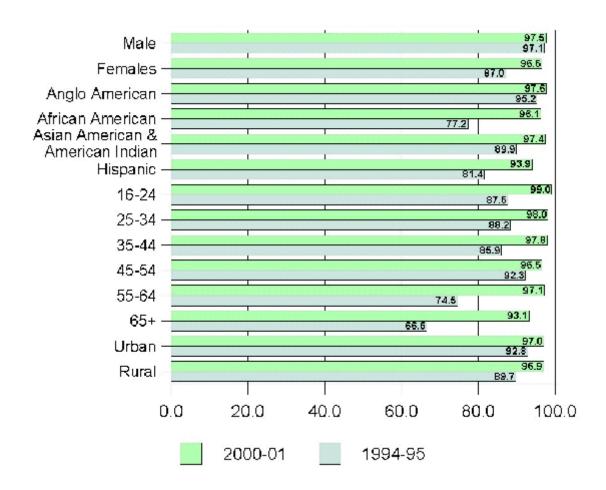
<u>Step 4.7.a – Current Disability Distribution</u>

- As a percentage of the population, the disabled population varies little from market area to market area. However, the disabled population is important to consider in recreation management because people's outdoor recreation activities are highly defined by disability status. The figure above shows the distribution in the region and market area of residents by disability status.
- < If you managed to provide outdoor recreation settings for activities disproportionately enjoyed by disabled populations, which activities would you emphasize?

<u>Favored Activities by Disability Strata</u> (Source: Table III. 4g1-2)

Disability Strata	Favored Activities
Physical disability	 View birds View wildlife Swimming in streams, lakes, ponds, or the ocean
Other disability	 Swimming in streams, lakes, ponds, or the ocean View birds Warmwater fishing

Step 4.8 – Recreation Participation Analysis by Demographic Strata



In the preceding pages covering Step 4, we have overviewed the favored activities of demographic groups and emphasized those growing the fastest. Before summing occurrence scores of activities across demographic categories, one more factor will be considered as a part of Step 4. Participation by some demographic groups—such as women's participation in activities—have been increasing over time faster than by other demographic groups. For example, women report participating in activities 9.5 percent more in 2001 than in 1995. Higher rates of participation mean more overall demand. This suggests increased emphasis should be placed on the activities of demographic groups demonstrating the greatest increases in participation.

40

- The previous graph shows the increased participation 1995 -2001 for all demographic groups for the region as a whole.³ If you managed for the fastest growing groups in participation over time, what activities would you emphasize?
- The greatest increases in participation between 1995 and 2001 across all demographic groups occurred among 65 +, 55-64, Hispanic American, African American, and Female demographic groups.
- < Because of their increases in participation, if you market more to these groups, what would you emphasize?

High Growth Strata	Favored Activities
1 st) 65+	 View birds View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation View wildlife
2 nd) 55-64	 View birds View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation View wildlife
3 rd) Hispanic American	 Day hiking View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation Primitive camping
4 th) African American	 Mountain biking View birds View or photograph fish
5 th) Females	 View birds View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation Horseback riding on trails

³ Income data is not available for this variable because income strata in the 1995 and 2001 NSRE are non-comparable.

<u>Step 5. – Summing Step 4 Activity Scores Across Demographic Strata</u>

Activity Ranking: Summary of Scoring Weights across all Demographic Segments

- Now we are ready to sum scores across all the activities in Step 4 the demographic analyses into one table. The table on the current page cumulates and rank orders the activities according to how many times they occurred in step 4 of the report. This is one indicator of their demand in the market area.
- In your market area, the following activities were most favored across groups:

Type II Activities	Total	Rank
View birds	14	18
Big game hunting	10	17
View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation	10	17
View wildlife	9	15
Backpacking	8	14
Mountain biking	7	13
Day hiking	6	12
Developed camping	6	12
Small game hunting	6	12
Swimming in streams, lakes, ponds, or the ocean	6	12
Drive off-road	5	8
Horseback riding on trails	5	8
Primitive camping	5	8
View or photograph fish	4	5
Visit a wilderness or other primitive, roadless area	3	4
Warmwater fishing	2	3
Visit waterside besides beach	1	2
Gather mushrooms, berries, and other non-timber products	1	2

Step 6. – Summing Activity Over 3 Dimensions of Demand

- In this report, we now have considered three dimensions of demand. In Step 2, we identified the most popular activities (overall demand) in the market area. In Step 3, we identified the fastest growing activities in the region. In Step 4, we identified activities according to their being favored across demographic strata. Here, we compare results across steps. The most popular activities in each step receive a rank of 19, the second most popular receive a rank of 18, down to 1 for least popular. Summing across ranks provides a single indicator of demand for activities in the market area
- This analysis reveals that in your market area <u>viewing wildlife</u>, <u>viewing or photographing</u> <u>wildflowers</u>, <u>trees</u>, <u>or other natural vegetation</u>, <u>and viewing birds</u> are the activities most in demand -- across 3 dimensions of demand.

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<u>Step 6. – Summing Activity Scores Over 3 Dimensions of Demand (Steps 2-4)</u>

	Step 2 Score from Ranking Most Popular	Step 3 Score from Ranking by Rate of	Step 4 Score based on Cumulative Sum	Step 5
Type II Activities	Activities in the Market Area (Source: table III 3d)	Growth in the Region (Source: Table III 3e)	across Demographics Strata in the Market Area ³	Total Score ⁴
View wildlife	17	17	15	49
View or photograph wildflowers, trees, or other natural vegetation	16	9.5	17	42.5
View birds	15	6	18	39
Day hiking	12	13	12	37
Big game hunting	3	16	17	36
View or photograph fish	9	18	5	32
Swimming in streams, lakes, ponds, or the ocean	18	1	12	31
Backpacking	4	12	14	30
Drive off-road	7	15	8	30
Mountain biking	6	9.5	13	28.5
Small game hunting	2	14	12	28
Visit a wilderness or other primitive, roadless area	14	9.5	4	27.5
Gather mushrooms, berries, and other non- timber products	13	9.5	2	24.5
Developed camping	8	4	12	24
Visit waterside besides beach	10	9.5	2	21.5
Primitive camping	5	3	8	16
Warmwater fishing	11	2	3	16
Horseback riding on trails	1	5	8	14

¹ Most popular activities <u>in the market area</u> receive highest score, down to 1 for least popular of Type II activities (i.e., highest score = n, where n = number of activities)

²Fastest growing activities <u>in the region</u> receive highest score where growth rate in percent growth since 1995.

³Highest cumulative scores (Type II activities) across demographics receive highest score.

⁴Sum of scores across columns.

Step 7. – Identifying Niche Activities

What if your NF has niche markets that you want to emphasize because of unique, high quality resources, e.g., whitewater experiences, wilderness experiences. We have designed an exercise to help you learn more about who the niche users for special recreation (i.e., rockclimbing or ORV use) are in your market area.

Exercise

Turn to Appendix III, Tables 5-41 in your report. Identify the top 3 activities that you want to emphasize, that you know to be special attractions on your forest by reviewing the list of activities provided. Record the names of up to 3 niche activities below.

My Forest's Special Niche Activities

Niche Activities		

Step 8. – Equity Analysis

For each niche activity you identified from Step 7 AND for the top three activities identified in Step 6 as being in highest demand, fill in the following worksheet. When completed this worksheet will identify who will be disproportionately served or not served if you manage for activities identified in Steps 6 and 7. The exercise is basically a Civil Rights analysis.

- < Directions: To fill in the worksheet on the next page, follow the step-by-step directions that follow:
- a. Write in the top 3 activities identified in Step 6 and the top 3 niche activities from Step 7 (6 activities in total).
- b. Next, for each activity, record in the following table the ratio values found in Tables 5-41 in Appendix III (Note: there is a separate table for each activity). These values are found in column 4 (Ratio (1)/(2)).
- c. Then record the number of ratio values equal to or less than 0.9 for <u>each</u> demographic strata in the third from last column of the table below.
- d. Record the number of ratio values equal to or greater than 1.1 in the second from last column.
- e. Finally, subtract the number of values #0.9 from the number \$1.1 and record this difference in the last column. If difference is < 0, under service is suspected.

D. Hi Gu	Ratios for Type II and III Activities Selected						Po	Potential Equity Scores		
Demographic Strata	Activity #1	Activity #2	Activity #3	Activity #4	Activity#5	Activity #6 ———	Number 0.9 or less	Number 1.1 or more	Number 0.9's minus number 1.1's	
Male				_		_				
Female										
Anglo-American										
African-American										
Asian, Native American										
Hispanic										
15-25 years old										
25-35 years old										
35-50 years old										
50-65 years old										
65+ years old										
< \$15K										
\$15-24,999										
\$25-49,999										
\$50-74,999										
\$75-99,999										
\$100,000 >										
Urban										

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3 4 5 6 M dd se a	A	he top 3 activited agency, he activities because I, widely p	ties identified i federal and reg blow that you s	gional policy was elect to empha	vith respect to size. Remer	Civil Rights nber these are	an e in
3 4 5 6 N d so a a	A	he top 3 activit dering agency, he activities be Type I, widely p	ties identified i federal and reg elow that you s popular activiti	gional policy was elect to empha	vith respect to size. Remer	Civil Rights nber these are	an e in

3	
4.	
5.	
6	

Step 9. - Other Suppliers of Outdoor Recreation in your Market Area

- a. The table below shows the other suppliers of outdoor recreation in your market area (based on available data). It describes the number of acres in your market area of a variety of public lands and private providers including National Park (NPS) acres, Army Core of Engineers (COE) acres, among others, as well as data from the American Business Listings (ABI) for numbers of private recreation businesses in the market area.
- b. Take time here to bring <u>your local knowledge</u> to bear on the local market area scene and its implications for your recreation realignment.
- c. In light of the activities you selected, review the supply by other providers and consider your own knowledge of the mix of private and public suppliers in your management area.
- d. Does other supply adequately meet demands for the activities you selected?
- e. Do local providers meet demand for some of the selected activities better than your Forest?
- f. Evaluate each selected activity and note by each one in the work space following this table your assessment of your Forest's legitimate supply role.

	Marke	et Area	Region 8		
Recreation Resource	Amount of resource	Amount per million population	Amount of resource	Amount per million population	
NPS gross acres	768,123	64,350.8	5,411,892	60,809.1	
COE Project total land and water acres	321,985	26,974.8	5,633,764	63,302.1	
FWS refuge acres open for recreation	0	0	3,594,475	40,388.3	
TVA recreation area acres	10,549	883.8	25,267	283.9	
TVA undeveloped acres	130,336	10,919.1	414,876	4,661.6	

Wild & Scenic River miles: Total 1992	133	11.1	446	5.0
NRI Total river miles, outstanding value	4,069	340.9	23,226	261.0
	Marke	et Area	Regio	on 8
Recreation Resource	Amount of resource	Amount per million population	Amount of resource	Amount per million population
State Park areas	226,240	18,953.6	1,571,214	17,654.5
Woodalls number of public campgrounds	34	2.8	310	3.5
Woodalls number of public campground sites	3,166	265.2	25,853	290.5
Woodalls number of private campgrounds	267	22.4	1,852	20.8
Woodalls number of private campground sites	24,772	2,075.3	222,054	2,495.0
NRI acres private forest land	23,398,200	52.6	173,078,600	32.4
NPLOS acres leased to industry or groups	1,483,419	124,275.9	33,906,753	380,983.3
NPLOS acres open to general public	2,683,426	224,808.6	30,262,101	340,031.3
ABI number of hunting and fishing preserves	15	1.3	192	2.2
ABI number of fish camps	2	0.2	202	2.3
ABI number of organized camps	297	24.9	1,722	19.3
ABI number of private fishing lakes	3	0.3	24	0.3
ABI number of boat rental firms	62	5.2	2,054	23.1
ABI number of canoe trip outfitters	1	0.1	19	0.2

ABI number of canoe rental firms	12	1.0	73	0.8
ABI number of public fishing lakes	34	2.8	95	1.1
	Marke	et Area	Region 8	
Recreation Resource	Amount of resource	Amount per million population	Amount of resource	Amount per million population
ABI number of guide services	13	1.1	361	4.1
ABI number of sightseeing tours	55	4.6	603	6.8
ABI number of fishing lakes and ponds	7	0.6	76	0.9
ABI number of raft trip firms	19	1.6	29	0.3

Observations concerning how the availability of other providers affect each selected activity.

Activity (list activities from Steps 6 and 7)	U	Comments evaluating whether my NF is best positioned to provide this activity.
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		

< Place a check (U) beside each activity you have decided to recommend to the Forest Supervisor

and District Rangers for management emphasis. Remember, all Type I activities are to be considered automatically selected.

Step 10. – Summary Observations, Concerns and Needed Follow-up

- Take a few minutes to review the findings from the overall demand in Step 6, the niche market analysis in Step 7, your equity analysis in Step 8, and your evaluation of other providers in step 9. In a facilitated session, it is recommended you discuss with other workshop participants the following questions:
 - What changes might be warranted in NFS recreation management in Region 8?
 - < Are some types of NFS areas underused or overused? How can under- and over-use be addressed in recreation realignment?</p>
 - Where is population growth and change coming from and what are the likely impacts on recreation programs on the Forest and in the Region?
 - What are the most popular activities overall and what are the implications for recreation management on the Forest and in the Region?
 - What are the disproportionately favored activities among subgroups of the population and what are the implications for recreation management?
 - < What are the niche activities or settings on the Forest, who is served by them, and what are the implications for recreation management?
- Take some time to record your thoughts about what you learned in this workshop and what information might be useful in further realignment efforts and your recommendations to the Forest Supervisor and District Rangers.

Observations and Comments on Recreation Realignment Activities					

Appendix I

I: OVERVIEW OF MARKET AREA

Table 1--Descriptive statistics for the OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS Market Area

			Number of	Total	Total	Proj ected percent
	FIPS		NSRE	popul ati on	popul ati on	change,
2000	code	County name	i ntervi ews	2000	2020	to 2020
	13073	Columbia, GA	13	102, 550	180, 122	75. 6
	13223	Paul di ng, GA	6	73, 394	127, 458	73. 7
	45063	Lexington, SC	28	231, 044	393, 221	70. 2
	13113	Fayette, GA	9	95, 370	161, 613	69. 5
	13219	Oconee, GA	1	25, 610	43, 412	69. 5
	13117	Forsyth, GA	9	75, 395	127, 703	69. 4
	13311	White, GA	5	18, 410	30, 738	67. 0
	13057	Cherokee, GA	10	137, 644	229, 485	66. 7
	13247	Rockdal e, GA	6	76, 689	125, 795	64. 0
	13097	Douglas, GA	13	97, 170	156, 750	61. 3
	13085	Dawson, GA	5	14, 388	22, 911	59. 2
	13067	Cobb, GA	58	615, 629	976, 746	58. 7
	13187	Lumpki n, GA	1	19, 719	31, 282	58. 6
	47155	Sevier, TN	9	69, 330	109, 177	57. 5
	13195	Madi son, GA	3	27, 210	42, 616	56. 6
	13291	Uni on, GA	10	16, 773	26, 169	56. 0
	13135	Gwinnett, GA	59	527, 416	809, 106	53. 4
	13151	Henry, GA	9	95, 450	139, 079	45. 7
	13063	Clayton, GA	21	223, 856	326, 004	45. 6
	37119	Mecklenburg, NC	52	654, 402	952, 110	45. 5
	45091	York, SC	19	161, 738	232, 897	44. 0
	45003	Ai ken, SC	16	147, 693	206, 824	40. 0
	13181	Li ncol n, GA	3	8, 886	12, 220	37. 5
	13227	Pi ckens, GA	2	18, 626	25, 585	37. 4
	13111	Fanni n, GA	9	19, 237	26, 244	36. 4
	13281	Towns, GA	5	8, 286	11, 268	36. 0
	13217	Newton, GA	10	55, 570	75, 282	35. 5
	45077	Pi ckens, SC	10	112, 356	152, 119	35. 4
	13123	Gilmer, GA	10	17, 382	23, 213	33. 5
	13157	Jackson, GA	4	36, 927	49, 082	32. 9
	13031	Bulloch, GA	10	52, 664	68, 687	30. 4
	45045	Greenville, SC	45	367, 365	477, 470	30. 0
	37199	Yancey, NC	12	17, 437	22, 271	27. 7
	37099	Jackson, NC	6	31, 089	39, 373	26. 6
	37089	Henderson, NC	14	81, 990	103, 175	25. 8
	37179	Uni on, NC	9	105, 955	133, 251	25. 8
	45005	Allendale, SC	4	12, 378	15, 551	25. 6
	13077	Coweta, GA	8	76, 948	96, 558	25. 5
	37025	Cabarrus, NC	13	117, 352	146, 738	25. 0
	47009	Blount, TN	14	103, 357	129, 043	24. 9
	13189	McDuffie, GA	1	23, 073	28, 752	24. 6
	13033	Burke, GA	3	23, 137	28, 653	23. 8
	13197	Mari on, GA	2	6, 753	8, 335	23. 4
	45079	Ri chl and, SC	41	307, 721	377, 941	22. 8
	37113	Macon, NC	7	27, 737	33, 971	22. 5
	13013	Barrow, GA	6	37, 718	45, 889	21.7

45017 Cal houn, SC 7 14, 134 17, 128 21. 2

 $\hbox{Source: NSRE is the National Survey on Recreation and the Environment, 2000-2001. } \\ \hbox{USDA Forest Service, Southern Research Station, Athens, GA. }$

2000 population estimate and 2020 population projection are from Woods & Poole Economics Inc., 1997.

I: OVERVIEW OF MARKET AREA

Table 1--Descriptive statistics for the OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS Market Area

Proj ec	ted					
			Number of	Total	Total	percent
	FIPS		NSRE	popul ati on	popul ati on	change,
2000						
	code	County name	i ntervi ews	2000	2020	to 2020
	13011	Banks, GA	10	12, 268	14, 854	21. 1
	47123	Monroe, TN	9	34, 640	41, 808	20. 7
	13139	Hall, GA	21	114, 017	137, 144	20. 3
	37043	Cl ay, NC	3	8, 265	9, 938	20. 2
	13241	Rabun, GA	10	13, 415	16, 110	20. 1
	45039	Fairfield, SC	4	23, 696	28, 340	19. 6
	45011	Barnwell, SC	2	22, 596	26, 969	19. 4
	13089	De Kalb, GA	60	611, 260	727, 875	19. 1
	13237	Putnam, GA	1	16, 789	19, 998	19. 1
	45073	Oconee, SC	13	64, 567	76, 519	18. 5
	37035	Catawba, NC	12	132, 426	156, 747	18. 4
	13297	Walton, GA	7	48, 950	57, 922	18. 3
	13145	Harris, GA	2	21, 456	25, 338	18. 1
	45055	Kershaw, SC	13	49, 066	57, 937	18. 1
	13245	Ri chmond, GA	24	204, 922	241, 409	17. 8
	13303	Washi ngton, GA	4	20, 882	24, 589	17. 8
	13255	Spal di ng, GA	8	59, 991	70, 629	17. 7
	37021	Buncombe, NC	18	198, 068	232, 799	17. 5
	13045	Carroll, GA	7	81, 486	95, 477	17. 2
	13119	Franklin, GA	12	18, 480	21, 659	17. 2
	37175	Transyl vani a, NC	5	28, 533	33, 411	17. 1
	37039	Cherokee, NC	6	22, 581	26, 418	17. 0
	13137	Habersham, GA	1	31, 473	36, 775	16. 8
	13141	Hancock, GA	3	10, 641	12, 402	16. 5
	13149	Heard, GA	6	9, 971	11, 603	16. 4
	13257	Stephens, GA	10	26, 040	30, 288	16. 3
	13059	Clarke, GA	11	94, 027	109, 254	16. 2
	45075	Orangeburg, SC	14	91, 636	106, 497	16. 2
	13035	Butts, GA	1	16, 680	19, 365	16. 1
	45081	Sal uda, SC	6	17, 641	20, 456	16. 0
	37087	Haywood, NC	7	51, 750	59, 965	15. 9
	37075	Graham, NC	4	7, 921	9, 161	15. 7
	13169	Jones, GA	3	22, 966	26, 531	15. 5
	13251	Screven, GA	2	14, 894	17, 194	15. 4
	37109	Li ncol n, NC	7	58, 209	67, 126	15. 3
	47093	Knox, TN	58	375, 304	431, 212	14. 9
	13211	Morgan, GA	2	14, 530	16, 677	14. 8
	37097	Iredell, NC	15	107, 255	123, 069	14. 7
	.=		_			

6

32, 290

37, 022

14.7

47029

Cocke, TN

45025	Chesterfield, SC	11	40, 788	46, 670	14. 4
47089	Jefferson, TN	7	40, 262	45, 910	14. 0
45085	Sumter, SC	15	110, 911	126, 167	13. 8
13221	Oglethorpe, GA	4	11, 268	12, 772	13. 3
13231	Pi ke, GA	1	11, 803	13, 301	12. 7
13215	Muscogee, GA	19	190, 362	213, 940	12. 4
13091	Dodge, GA	4	18, 526	20, 812	12. 3
13167	Johnson, GA	1	9, 848	11, 064	12. 3

Source: NSRE is the National Survey on Recreation and the Environment, 2000-2001. USDA Forest Service, Southern Research Station, Athens, GA.

2000 population estimate and 2020 population projection are from Woods & Poole Economics Inc., 1997.

I: OVERVIEW OF MARKET AREA

Table 1--Descriptive statistics for the OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS Market Area

			N I C	m . 1	m . 1	Proj ected
	ELDC		Number of	Total	Total	percent
0000	FIPS		NSRE	popul ati on	popul ati on	change,
2000	code	County name	interviews	2000	2020	to 2020
	13125	Glascock, GA	0	2, 549	2, 857	12. 1
	37027	Caldwell, NC	7	76, 327	85, 505	12. 0
	37111	McDowell, NC	7	38, 618	43, 219	11. 9
	45057	Lancaster, SC	15	57, 963	64, 767	11. 7
	13225	Peach, GA	4	23, 581	26, 284	11. 5
	45029	Colleton, SC	9	37, 760	42, 109	11. 5
	45007	Anderson, SC	25	158, 896	177, 027	11. 4
	37003	Al exander, NC	4	30, 743	34, 218	11. 3
	45021	Cherokee, SC	7	48, 515	54, 012	11. 3
	37023	Burke, NC	9	82, 084	91, 158	11. 1
	45083	Spartanburg, SC	29	246, 917	273, 991	11. 0
	37159	Rowan, NC	13	122, 409	135, 726	10. 9
	13121	Fulton, GA	44	719, 813	797, 230	10. 8
	45065	McCormick, SC	5	9, 478	10, 490	10. 7
	45047	Greenwood, SC	14	63, 581	70, 280	10. 5
	13175	Laurens, GA	7	43, 974	48, 548	10. 4
	45027	Cl arendon, SC	9	30, 274	33, 402	10. 3
	45071	Newberry, SC	6	35, 206	38, 816	10. 3
	13171	Lamar, GA	2	14, 135	15, 542	10. 0
	45059	Laurens, SC	6	62, 288	68, 465	9. 9
	45031	Darlington, SC	19	66, 690	73, 120	9. 6
	37161	Rutherford, NC	10	60, 570	66, 350	9. 5
	13009	Bal dwi n, GA	6	42, 828	46, 822	9. 3
	13207	Monroe, GA	5	19, 395	21, 196	9. 3
	37071	Gaston, NC	18	185, 486	202, 480	9. 2
	13043	Candler, GA	3	8, 831	9, 618	8. 9
	37045	Cl evel and, NC	17	91, 673	99, 750	8. 8
	37173	Swain, NC	10	12, 073	13, 134	8. 8
	13133	Greene, GA	2	13, 096	14, 241	8. 7
	45061	Lee, SC	6	20, 601	22, 385	8. 7
	45037	Edgefield, SC	2	19, 817	21, 514	8. 6
	13159	Jasper, GA	4	9, 355	10, 131	8. 3
	13147	Hart, GA	6	21, 245	22, 938	8. 0
	13285	Troup, GA	10	59, 094	63, 850	8. 0
	13317	Wilkes, GA	4	10, 854	11, 674	7. 6
	45049	Hampton, SC	3	20, 833	22, 296	7. 0
	13163	Jefferson, GA	2	18, 226	19, 467	6. 8
	37167	Stanly, NC	5	55, 035	58, 758	6. 8
	13319	Wilkinson, GA	6	10, 793	11, 518	6. 7
	13153	Houston, GA	20	99, 903	106, 392	6. 5
	37115	Madi son, NC	2	18, 191	19, 276	6. 0
	13093	Dool y, GA	0	11, 565	12, 228	5. 7
	13105	Elbert, GA	0	19, 430	20, 537	5. 7
	45009	Bamberg, SC	1	16, 974	17, 884	5. 4
	13293	Upson, GA	8	27, 354	28, 811	5. 3
	13165	Jenki ns, GA	0	8, 789	9, 227	5. 0
	37121	Mitchell, NC	10	14, 885	15, 625	5. 0

Source: NSRE is the National Survey on Recreation and the Environment, 2000-2001.

USDA Forest Service, Southern Research Station, Athens, GA.

2000 population estimate and 2020 population projection are from Woods & Poole Economics
Inc., 1997.

I: OVERVIEW OF MARKET AREA

Table 1--Descriptive statistics for the OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS Market Area

Proj e	cted					
			Number of	Total	Total	percent
	FIPS		NSRE	popul ati on	popul ati on	change,
2000						
	code	County name	i ntervi ews	2000	2020	to 2020
	45001	Abbeville, SC	5	24, 511	25, 567	4. 3
	37149	Polk, NC	17	24, 311 15, 960	16, 618	4. 3
	37149 47139	*		*	*	
		Polk, TN	5	14, 394	14, 971	4. 0
	45023	Chester, SC	9	33, 319	34, 633	3. 9
	47059	Greene, TN	11	58, 635	60, 935	3. 9
	47171	Uni coi , TN	0	16, 926	17, 375	2. 7
	13023	Bleckley, GA	1	11, 017	11, 287	2. 5
	13021	Bi bb, GA	18	155, 757	159, 315	2. 3
	13289	Twi ggs, GA	4	10, 107	10, 325	2. 2
	13107	Emanuel, GA	2	21, 046	21, 487	2. 1
	13199	Meriwether, GA	1	23, 171	23, 664	2. 1
	13079	Crawford, GA	5	10, 210	10, 417	2. 0
	13249	Schley, GA	3	3, 800	3, 870	1. 8
	13283	Treutlen, GA	0	5, 954	6, 009	0. 9
	13261	Sumter, GA	2	31, 271	31, 482	0. 7
	13315	Wilcox, GA	2	8, 197	8, 253	0. 7
	13263	Talbot, GA	1	6, 751	6, 770	0. 3
	13193	Macon, GA	1	13, 244	13, 255	0. 1
	45087	Uni on, SC	14	30, 812	30, 849	0. 1
	13269	Taylor, GA	5	8, 020	7, 981	- 0. 5
	37007	Anson, NC	5	24, 093	23, 977	- 0. 5
	13301	Warren, GA	7	6, 081	6, 041	- 0. 7
	10001	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	0, 001	3, 341	0. 1

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3

1

Pulaski, GA

Wheeler, GA

Taliaferro, GA

Chattahoochee, GA

13235

13265

13309

13053

15, 777 1, 611 11, 848, 990 15, 098, 273

8, 227

1, 889

4,816

- 0. 8

- 1. 3

- 1. 5

- 2. 3

8, 163

1, 864

4,743

15, 414

Source: NSRE is the National Survey on Recreation and the Environment, 2000-2001.

USDA Forest Service, Southern Research Station, Athens, GA.

2000 population estimate and 2020 population projection are from Woods & Poole Economics
Inc., 1997.

Appendix II

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

Table 1--Population and percent change in the market area, state, and region: 1990, 2000, and $2020\,$

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

Statistic	Market Area	State	Region 8
1990 population (1,000s)	10, 081. 1	10, 005. 2	77, 867. 8
2000 population (1,000s)	11, 849. 0	11, 654. 6	88, 998. 0
2020 population (1,000s)	15, 098. 3	14, 782. 9	110, 145. 0
Percent change, 1990-2000	17. 5	16. 5	14. 3
Percent change, 2000-2020	27. 4	26. 8	23. 8

Source: Woods & Poole Economics Inc., 1997.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

Table 2a--Age distribution in market area, state, and R-8, 1990 $\,$

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

(Population in 1000s.)

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8	namulatian	% nonulation	nonul ati an	% namulation	nanulatian	%
popul ati on	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	%
Age Group	1990	1990	1990	1990	1990	
1990						
4.7.04	4 704 0	4.5. 5	4 505 0	45.0	44 500 5	
Age 15-24 15.1	1, 564. 6	15. 5	1, 585. 8	15. 8	11, 730. 7	
Age 25-34	1, 769. 0	17. 5	1, 766. 1	17. 7	13, 294. 3	
17. 1						
Age 35-44	1, 589. 4	15. 8	1, 550. 5	15. 5	11, 574. 2	
14. 9 Age 45- 54	1, 068. 8	10. 6	1, 023. 8	10. 2	7, 851. 9	
10. 1	1, 000. 0	10. 0	1, 020. 0	10. 2	7,001.0	
Age 55-64	827. 8	8. 2	790. 2	7. 9	6, 596. 5	
8. 5						
Age 65 & older 12.6	1, 113. 2	11. 0	1, 050. 7	10. 5	9, 785. 1	
12. 0	========	========	========	========	========	
========						
	7, 932. 8	78. 6	7, 767. 1	77. 6	60, 832. 7	
78. 3						

Source: Woods & Poole Economics Inc., 1997.

Percentages do not sum to 100 because ages 14 and under not included.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

Table 2b--Current age distribution in market area, state, and R-8, 2000 $\,$

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

(Population in 1000s.)

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	%
popul ati on						
Age Group 2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	
Age 15-24	1, 713. 5	14. 5	1, 728. 7	14. 8	12, 671. 7	
14. 2 Age 25-34 13. 5	1, 668. 1	14. 1	1, 653. 3	14. 2	11, 976. 4	
13. 5 Age 35-44 16. 0	1, 985. 5	16. 8	1, 933. 1	16. 6	14, 224. 4	
Age 45-54	1, 669. 9	14. 1	1, 596. 4	13. 7	11, 920. 4	
Age 55-64 8.8	1, 022. 5	8. 6	969. 5	8. 3	7, 861. 4	
Age 65 & older 12.6	1, 305. 0	11. 0	1, 218. 2	10. 5	11, 256. 2	
78. 5	9, 364. 5	79. 1	9, 099. 2	78. 1	69, 910. 5	
76. 3						

Source: Woods & Poole Economics Inc., 1997.

Percentages do not sum to 100 because ages 14 and under not included.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

 $Table\ 2c\text{--Projected future age distribution in market area,\ state,\ and\ R\text{--}8,\ 2020$

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

(Population in 1000s.)

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	%
popul ati on						
Age Group	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020	
2020						
Age 15-24	2, 009. 7	13. 3	2, 021. 5	13. 7	14, 537. 3	
13. 2	2, 009. 7	13. 3	2, 021. 3	13. 7	14, 337. 3	
Age 25-34	2, 048. 4	13. 6	2, 032. 2	13. 7	14, 437. 1	
13. 1						
Age 35-44	1, 965. 7	13. 0	1, 911. 5	12. 9	13, 516. 1	
12. 3						
Age 45-54	1, 828. 7	12. 1	1, 760. 4	11. 9	12, 746. 4	
11. 6						
Age 55-64	1, 928. 9	12. 8	1, 850. 0	12. 5	14, 200. 7	
12. 9						
Age 65 & older	2, 312. 8	15. 3	2, 157. 3	14. 6	18, 619. 7	
16. 9						
	========	========	========	========	========	
========						
	12, 094. 2	80. 1	11, 732. 9	79. 3	88, 057. 3	
80. 0						

Percentages do not sum to $100\ \text{because}$ ages $14\ \text{and}$ under not included.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

Table 2d--Absolute and percent change in population by age groups in market area, state, and region-wide, 1990-2000

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,
Pct. change,					
	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8
REGION 8					
Age Group	1990 to 2000				
1990 to 2000					
Age 15-24	148. 9	9. 5	142. 9	9. 0	941. 0
8. 0					
Age 25-34	- 100. 9	- 5. 7	- 112. 8	- 6. 4	- 1, 317. 9
- 9. 9					
Age 35-44	396. 1	24. 9	382. 6	24. 7	2, 650. 2
22. 9					
Age 45-54	601. 1	56. 2	572. 6	55. 9	4, 068. 5
51. 8					
Age 55-64	194. 7	23. 5	179. 3	22. 7	1, 264. 9
19. 2					

Age 65 & older 191. 8 17. 2 167. 5 15. 9 1, 471. 1

15. 0

Source: Woods & Poole Economics Inc., 1997.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION $\mathbf 8$

Table 2e--Projected absolute and percent change in population by age groups in market area, state, and region-wide, 2000-2020

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

(Absolute change in 1000s.)

Abs. change, Pct. change, Abs. change, Pct. change, Abs. change,

Pct. change,

MARKET AREA MARKET AREA STATE STATE REGION 8

REGION 8 Age Group 2000 to 2020	2000 to 2020				
Age 15-24	296. 2	17. 3	292. 8	16. 9	1, 865. 6
14. 7 Age 25-34	380. 3	22. 8	378. 9	22. 9	2, 460. 7
20. 5 Age 35-44	- 19. 8	- 1. 0	- 21. 6	- 1. 1	- 708. 3
- 5. 0 Age 45- 54	158. 8	9. 5	164. 0	10. 3	826. 0
6. 9 Age 55-64	906. 4	88. 6	880. 5	90. 8	6, 339. 3
80.6 Age 65 & older	1, 007. 8	77. 2	939. 1	77. 1	7, 363. 5
65. 4					

Table 3a--Household size distribution in market area, state, and R-8, 1990

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

(Number of households in 1000s.)

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
	# households	% households	# households	% households	# households	%
househol ds						
Household size	1990	1990	1990	1990	1990	
1990						
1 person households	856. 1	22. 9	812. 1	22. 4	6, 861. 2	
23. 7						
2 person households	1, 208. 4	32. 3	1, 137. 4	31. 4	9, 422. 9	
32. 6						
3 person households	720. 5	19. 3	699. 2	19. 3	5, 225. 3	
18. 1						
4 person households	594. 1	15. 9	589. 2	16. 3	4, 381. 1	
15. 2						
5+ person households	358. 2	9. 6	387. 4	10. 7	3, 011. 3	
10. 4						
	========	========	========	========	========	
========						
	3, 737. 3	100. 0	3, 625. 3	100. 1	28, 901. 8	
100 0						

100.0

Percentages may not sum to 100 because of rounding.

Table 3b--Household size distribution in market area, state, and R-8, 1998

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

(Number of households in 1000s.)

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
	# households	% households	# households	% households	# households	%
househol ds						
Household size	1998	1998	1998	1998	1998	
1998						
1 person households	1, 026. 5	23. 5	971. 1	23. 0	7, 974. 0	
24. 4						
2 person households	1, 449. 6	33. 1	1, 361. 5	32. 3	10, 902. 9	
33. 4						
3 person households	812. 3	18. 6	785. 1	18. 6	5, 689. 2	
17. 4						
4 person households	701. 0	16. 0	691. 1	16. 4	4, 977. 5	
15. 2						
5+ person households	384. 9	8. 8	410. 6	9. 7	3, 138. 4	
9. 6						
	========	========	========	========	========	
========						
	4, 374. 3	100. 0	4, 219. 4	100. 0	32, 682. 0	
100 0						

100.0

Percentages may not sum to $100\ \text{because}$ of rounding.

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

(Number of households in 1000s.)

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
	# households	% households	# households	% households	# households	%
househol ds						
Household size	2003	2003	2003	2003	2003	
2003						
1 person households	1, 182. 9	24. 4	1, 111. 0	23. 9	8, 935. 5	
25. 3						
2 person households	1, 640. 7	33. 8	1, 531. 3	33. 0	11, 983. 4	
34. 0						
3 person households	861. 4	17. 8	827. 3	17. 8	5, 863. 4	
16. 6						
4 person households	756. 7	15. 6	741. 0	16. 0	5, 218. 9	
14. 8						
5+ person households	410. 7	8. 5	434. 2	9. 3	3, 272. 4	
9. 3						
	========	========	========	========	========	
========						
	4, 852. 4	100. 1	4, 644. 8	100. 0	35, 273. 6	
100. 0						

100.0

Percentages may not sum to 100 because of rounding.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Table 3d--Absolute and percent change in number of households by size category \\ in market area, state, and region-wide, 1990-1998 \\ \end{tabular}$

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct.
change,						
	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
Household size	1990 to 1998	1990				
to 1998						
1 person households	170. 4	19. 9	159. 0	19. 6	1, 112. 8	
16. 2						
2 person households	241. 2	20. 0	224. 1	19. 7	1, 480. 0	
15. 7						
3 person households	91. 8	12. 7	85. 9	12. 3	463. 9	
8. 9						
4 person households	106. 9	18. 0	101. 9	17. 3	596. 4	
13. 6						
5+ person households	26. 7	7. 4	23. 2	6. 0	127. 1	
4. 2						

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

 $\label{thm:continuous} Table~3e--Projected~absolute~and~percent~change~in~number~of~households~by~size~category$

in market area, state, and region-wide, 1998-2003

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct.
change,						
	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
Household size	1998 to 2003	1998				
to 2003						
1 person households	156. 4	15. 2	139. 9	14. 4	961. 5	
12. 1						
2 person households	191. 1	13. 2	169. 8	12. 5	1, 080. 5	
9. 9						
3 person households	49. 1	6. 1	42. 2	5. 4	174. 2	
3. 1						
4 person households	55. 7	7. 9	49. 9	7. 2	241. 4	
4. 8						
5+ person households	25. 8	6. 7	23. 6	5. 7	134. 0	
4 3						

(Hi spanics included, can be of any race.)

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

(Population in 1000s.)

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	%
popul at i on						
Race/ethni ci ty	1990	1990	1990	1990	1990	
1990						
White population	7, 580. 8	75. 2	7, 077. 0	70. 7	62, 118. 5	
79. 8						
Black population	2, 368. 9	23. 5	2, 805. 2	28. 0	14, 200. 0	
18. 2						
Other population	131. 4	1. 3	123. 0	1. 2	1, 549. 2	
2. 0						
	=========	========	=========	========	=========	
========						
	10, 081. 1	100. 0	10, 005. 2	99. 9	77, 867. 7	
100. 0						

100. 0

Percentages may not sum to 100 because of rounding.

 ${\tt OTHER}\ population\ includes\ Asians,\ Pacific\ Islanders\ and\ American\ Indians.$

 $Table\ 4b\mbox{--Population distribution by race/ethnicity in market area,\ state,\ and\ R\mbox{--}8,}\\ 1990$

(Hi spani cs $\,$ ONLY, $\,$ can be of any race.)

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	%
popul ati on						
Race/ethni ci ty	1990	1990	1990	1990	1990	
1990						
Hi spanic popul ation	123. 8	1. 2	140. 0	1.4	6, 611. 9	
8. 5						

Percentages may not sum to 100 because of rounding.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

 $\label{thm:condition} Table~4c\mbox{--Population distribution by race/ethnicity in market area, state, and $R-8$, 2000}$

(Hi spani cs included, can be of any race.)

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	% population	population %	á
popul ati on						
Race/ethni ci ty	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	
2000						
White population	8, 791. 6	74. 2	8, 156. 3	70. 0	70, 074. 9	
78. 7						
Black population	2, 854. 4	24. 1	3, 310. 0	28. 4	16, 682. 8	
18. 7						
Other population	203. 0	1. 7	188. 3	1.6	2, 240. 2	
2. 5						
	========	========	========	========	========	
========						
	11, 849. 0	100. 0	11, 654. 6	100. 0	88, 997. 9	
99. 9						

Percentages may not sum to 100 because of rounding.

OTHER population includes Asians, Pacific Islanders and American Indians.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

 $\label{lem:table 4d--Population distribution by race/ethnicity in market area, state, and R-8, \\ 2000$

(Hispanics ONLY, can be of any race.)

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8
REGION 8					
	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	% population	population %
popul ati on					
Race/ethni ci ty	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000
2000					
Hi spanic population	331. 1	2. 8	359. 1	3. 1	9, 890. 5
11. 1					

Percentages may not sum to 100 because of rounding.

 $\label{thm:condition} Table~4e\mbox{--Population distribution by race/ethnicity in market area, state, and R-8,} \\ 2020$

(Hi spanics included, can be of any race.)

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	%
popul ati on						
Race/ethni ci ty	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020	
2020						
White population	10, 835. 9	71. 8	10, 050. 4	68. 0	84, 620. 4	
76. 8						
Black population	3, 815. 3	25. 3	4, 318. 4	29. 2	21, 508. 1	
19. 5						
Other population	447. 1	3. 0	414. 2	2.8	4, 016. 5	
3. 6						
		========		=========		
========						
	15, 098. 3	100. 1	14, 783. 0	100. 0	110, 145. 0	
99. 9						

Percentages may not sum to 100 because of rounding.

 ${\tt OTHER}\ population\ includes\ Asians,\ Pacific\ Islanders\ and\ American\ Indians.$

 $Table\ 4f\mbox{--Population distribution by race/ethnicity in market area,\ state,\ and\ R\mbox{--}8,}\\ 2020$

(Hi spani cs $\,$ ONLY, $\,$ can be of any race.)

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8
REGION 8					
	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	% population	population %
popul ati on					
Race/ethni ci ty	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020
2020					
Hispanic population	800. 9	5. 3	844. 3	5. 7	17, 822. 4
16. 2					

Percentages may not sum to 100 because of rounding.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

Table 4g--Absolute and percent change in population by race/ethnicity in market area, state, and region-wide, 1990-2000

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct.
change,						
	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
Race/ethni ci ty	1990 to 2000	1990				
to 2000						
White population	1, 210. 8	16. 0	1, 079. 3	15. 3	7, 956. 4	
12. 8						
Black population	485. 5	20. 5	504. 8	18. 0	2, 482. 8	
17. 5						
Other population	71. 6	54. 5	65. 3	53. 1	691. 0	
44. 6						
Hispanic population	207. 3	167. 5	219. 1	156. 4	3, 278. 6	
40.6						

OTHER population includes Asians, Pacific Islanders and American Indians.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Table 4h--Projected absolute and percent change in population by race/ethnicity \\ in market area, state, and region-wide, 2000-2020 \\ \end{tabular}$

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct.
change,						
	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
Race/ethni ci ty	2000 to 2020	2000				
to 2020						
White population	2, 044. 3	23. 3	1, 894. 1	23. 2	14, 545. 5	
20. 8						
Black population	960. 9	33. 7	1, 008. 4	30. 5	4, 825. 3	
28. 9						
Other population	244. 1	120. 3	225. 9	120. 0	1, 776. 3	
79. 3						
Hispanic population	469. 8	141. 9	485. 2	135. 1	7, 931. 9	
80. 2						

OTHER population includes Asians, Pacific Islanders and American Indians.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

Table 5a--Household income distribution (1990 \$) in market area, state, and R-8, 1990

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
Income	# households	% households	# households	% households	# households	%
househol ds						
category	1990	1990	1990	1990	1990	
1990						
\$<20k	1, 293. 5	34. 4	1, 300. 5	35. 7	11, 080. 2	
38. 2						
\$20- 29. 999k	659. 8	17. 6	638. 4	17. 5	5, 163. 7	
17. 8						
\$30-39.999k	567. 2	15. 1	540. 4	14. 8	4, 133. 7	
14. 2						
\$40- 49. 999k	417. 1	11. 1	395. 4	10. 8	2, 945. 7	
10. 2						
\$50-74.999k	529. 0	14. 1	500. 4	13. 7	3, 644. 6	
12. 6						

\$75-99.999k	162. 8	4. 3	152. 1	4. 2	1, 111. 0
3. 8					
\$100+k	127. 6	3. 4	119. 6	3. 3	938. 0
3. 2					
	========	========	========		=========
========					
	3, 757. 0	100. 0	3, 646. 8	100. 0	29, 016. 9
100 0					

100.0

Source: Woods & Poole Economics Inc., 1997.

Percentages may not sum to 100 because of rounding.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

Table 5b--Household income distribution (1990 \$) in market area, state, and R-8, 2000 OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
Income	# households	% population	# households	% households	# households	%
househol ds						
category	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	
2000						
\$<20k	1, 202. 7	26. 8	1, 203. 2	27. 8	10, 022. 4	
30. 0						
\$20- 29. 999k	670. 0	14. 9	658. 4	15. 2	5, 356. 1	
16. 0						
\$30- 39. 999k	733. 2	16. 3	704. 3	16. 2	5, 477. 9	
16. 4						
\$40- 49. 999k	607. 9	13. 6	574. 5	13. 3	4, 236. 5	
12. 7						
\$50- 74. 999k	820. 0	18. 3	774. 6	17. 9	5, 339. 0	
16. 0						
\$75-99.999k	254. 7	5. 7	237. 5	5. 5	1, 642. 7	
4. 9						
\$100+k	196. 1	4. 4	183. 0	4. 2	1, 379. 3	
4. 1						
	========	========	========	========	========	
========	4 404 2	400.0	4 005 -	100.1	00 450 0	
100 1	4, 484. 6	100. 0	4, 335. 5	100. 1	33, 453. 9	
100. 1						

Percentages may not sum to $100\ \text{because}$ of rounding.

Table 5c--Projected future household income distribution (1990 \$) in market area, state, and R-8, 2020

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
Income	# households	% population	# households	% households	# households	%
househol ds						
category	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020	
2020						
\$<20k	898. 2	15. 5	892. 6	15. 9	7, 233. 6	
17. 4						
\$20- 29. 999k	510. 9	8. 8	503. 0	9. 0	4, 077. 9	
9. 8						
\$30- 39. 999k	719. 0	12. 4	716. 7	12. 8	5, 709. 8	
13. 7						
\$40-49.999k	899. 9	15. 5	876. 4	15. 7	6, 756. 3	
16. 2						
\$50-74.999k	1, 680. 8	29. 0	1, 595. 3	28. 5	11, 093. 2	
26. 7						
\$75-99.999k	620. 8	10. 7	583. 3	10. 4	3, 648. 1	
8. 8						
\$100+k	460. 1	7. 9	430. 2	7. 7	3, 060. 0	
7. 4						
	========	========	========	========	========	
========						
	5, 789. 7	99. 8	5, 597. 5	100. 0	41, 578. 9	
100. 0						

Percentages may not sum to 100 because of rounding.

Table 5d--Absolute and percent change in number of households by income category (1990 $\mbox{\$})$

in market area, state, and region-wide, 1990-2000

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct.
change,						
Income	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
category	1990 to 2000	1990				
to 2000						
\$<20k	- 90. 8	- 7. 0	- 97. 3	- 7. 5	- 1, 057. 8	
- 9. 5						
\$20- 29. 999k	10. 2	1. 5	20. 0	3. 1	192. 4	
3. 7						
\$30- 39. 999k	166. 0	29. 3	163. 9	30. 3	1, 344. 2	
32. 5						
\$40- 49. 999k	190. 8	45. 7	179. 1	45. 3	1, 290. 8	
43. 8						
\$50- 74. 999k	291. 0	55. 0	274. 2	54. 8	1, 694. 4	
46. 5						
\$75-99.999k	91. 9	56. 4	85. 4	56. 2	531. 7	
47. 9						
\$100+k	68. 5	53. 7	63. 4	53. 0	441.3	
47. 0						

Table 5e--Projected absolute and percent change in number of households by income category (1990 \$)

in market area, state, and region-wide, 2000-2020

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct.
change,						
Income	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
category	2000 to 2020	2000				
to 2020						
\$<20k	- 304. 5	- 25. 3	- 310. 6	- 25. 8	- 2, 788. 8	
- 27. 8						
\$20- 29. 999k	- 159. 1	- 23. 7	- 155. 4	- 23. 6	- 1, 278. 2	
- 23. 9						
\$30- 39. 999k	- 14. 2	- 1. 9	12. 4	1. 8	231. 9	
4. 2						
\$40- 49. 999k	292. 0	48. 0	301. 9	52. 6	2, 519. 8	
59. 5						
\$50- 74. 999k	860. 8	105. 0	820. 7	105. 9	5, 754. 2	
107. 8						
\$75-99.999k	366. 1	143. 8	345. 8	145. 6	2, 005. 4	
122. 1						
\$100+k	264. 0	134. 6	247. 2	135. 1	1, 680. 7	
121. 9						

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

$Table\ 6a--Metropolitan\ population\ distribution\ in\ market\ area,\ state,\ and\ R-8,\ 1990$

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
Metropol i tan	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	%
popul ati on						
status	1990	1990	1990	1990	1990	
1990						
Metropol i tan	7, 508. 3	74. 5	6, 806. 3	68	55, 312. 3	
71						
Non-metropolitan	2, 572. 8	25. 5	3, 198. 8	32	22, 555. 5	
29						
	=========	========	========	========	========	
========						
	10, 081. 1	100. 0	10, 005. 1	100	77, 867. 8	
100						

Percentages may not sum to 100 because of rounding.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

Table 6b--Metropolitan population distribution in market area, state, and R-8, 2000

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
Metropol i tan	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	%
popul ati on						
status	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	
2000						
Metropolitan	9, 005. 2	76	8, 117. 8	69. 7	64, 613. 4	
72. 6						
Non-metropolitan	2, 843. 8	24	3, 536. 8	30. 3	24, 384. 6	
27. 4						
	=========	========	=========	========	========	
========						
	11, 849. 0	100	11, 654. 6	100. 0	88, 998. 0	
100. 0						

Percentages may not sum to $100\ \text{because}$ of rounding.

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
Metropolitan	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	%
popul ati on						
status	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020	
2020						
Metropol i tan	11, 838. 4	78. 4	10, 738. 6	72. 6	82, 890. 0	
75. 3						
Non-metropolitan	3, 259. 9	21.6	4, 044. 3	27. 4	27, 255. 0	
24. 7						
	========	========	=========	========	========	
========						
	15, 098. 3	100. 0	14, 782. 9	100. 0	110, 145. 0	
100. 0						

Percentages may not sum to $100\ \text{because}$ of rounding.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Table~6d--Absolute~and~percent~change~in~population~by~metropolitan~status\\ in~market~area,~state,~and~region-wide,~1990-2000 \end{tabular}$

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,
Pct. change,					
Metropol i tan	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8
REGION 8					
status	1990 to 2000				
1990 to 2000					
Metropol i tan	1, 496. 9	19. 9	1, 311. 5	19. 3	9, 301. 1
16. 8					
Non-metropolitan	271. 0	10. 5	338. 0	10. 6	1, 829. 1
8. 1					

Source: Woods & Poole Economics Inc., 1997.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Table 6e--Projected absolute and percent change in population by metropolitan status \\ in market area, state, and region-wide, 2000-2020 \\ \end{tabular}$

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,	Pct. change,	Abs. change,
Pct. change,					
Metropol i tan	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8
REGION 8					
status	2000 to 2020				
2000 to 2020					
Metropol i tan	2, 833. 2	31. 5	2, 620. 8	32. 3	18, 276. 6
28. 3					
Non-metropolitan	416. 1	14. 6	507. 5	14. 3	2, 870. 4
11. 8					

Source: Woods & Poole Economics Inc., 1997.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table \ 7--Persons \ with \ disabilities \ by \ type \ of \ limitation \ in \ market \ area, \ state, \ and \ R-8, \ 1990 \end{tabular}$

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

(Number of disabled in 1000s.)

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8
REGION 8					
	# di sabl ed	% pop.	# di sabl ed	% pop.	# di sabl ed
% pop.					
Di sabi l i ty	1990	1990	1990	1990	1990
1990					
Mobility/self-care, age 16-64	340. 4	5. 2	354. 6	5. 6	2, 478. 9
5. 1					
Work disability, age 16-64	562. 8	8. 6	566. 9	8. 9	4, 331. 3
8. 9					
Mobility/self-care, age 65+	250. 0	23. 7	242. 1	24. 2	2, 058. 3
22. 1					

 $Source: \ \ Census DC+Map, \ \ Geolytics, \ \ Inc. \ , \ \ 1999.$

(Data on persons with disabilities available for 1990 only.)

Note: Percentages are proportion of persons within the age groups.

II: POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN THE MARKET AREA, STATE, AND REGION 8

Table 8--Population by gender in market area, state, and R-8, 1998

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

(Population in 1000s.)

	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	STATE	STATE	REGION 8	
REGION 8						
	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	% population	popul ati on	%
popul ati on						
Gender	1998	1998	1998	1998	1998	
1998						
Male population	5, 594. 4	48. 3	5, 492. 5	48. 4	42, 115. 0	
48. 5						
Female population	5, 994. 9	51. 7	5, 865. 1	51. 6	44, 779. 1	
51. 5						
	========	========	========	========		
========						
	11, 589. 3	100. 0	11, 357. 6	100. 0	86, 894. 1	
100.0						

100. 0

 $Source: \ \ Census DC+Map, \ \ Geolytics, \ \ Inc. \ , \ \ 1999.$

(Data on gender available for 1990 only.)

Percentages may not sum to $100\ \text{because}$ of rounding.

Appendix III

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 1--0 bjectives for managing public lands for recreation, Market Area and Region 8 \\ respondents \\ \end{tabular}$

Percent who said important or very important (and sample size)

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	Market		
Market	area		Regi on
area	sample	Region 8	8 sample
percent	si ze	percent	si ze
91. 4	62	90. 9	486
80. 6	56	85. 8	385
74. 0	63	66. 9	468
72. 3	53	69. 1	347
69. 2	40	60. 4	321
65. 7	40	57. 2	376
64. 3	68	55. 2	391
63. 9	55	71. 7	380
58. 4	53	50. 0	385
35. 4	48	36. 3	376
29. 5	50	26. 2	386
28. 2	54	21. 2	382
27. 3	53	39. 1	385
18. 5	58	29. 5	446
	area percent 91. 4 80. 6 74. 0 72. 3 69. 2 65. 7 64. 3 63. 9 58. 4 35. 4 29. 5 28. 2 27. 3	Market area area sample percent area sample size 91. 4 62 80. 6 56 74. 0 63 72. 3 53 69. 2 40 65. 7 40 64. 3 68 63. 9 55 58. 4 53 35. 4 48 29. 5 50 28. 2 54 27. 3 53	Market area area sample percent sample size area sample percent Region 8 percent 91. 4 62 90. 9 80. 6 56 85. 8 74. 0 63 66. 9 72. 3 53 69. 1 69. 2 40 60. 4 65. 7 40 57. 2 64. 3 68 55. 2 63. 9 55 71. 7 58. 4 53 50. 0 35. 4 48 36. 3 29. 5 50 26. 2 28. 2 54 21. 2 27. 3 53 39. 1

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

Percent who said important or very important (and sample size)

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

		Market		
	Market	area		Regi on
	area	sample	Region 8	8 sample
Management objective	percent	si ze	percent	si ze
Protect streams & sources of clean water	95. 6	214	93. 6	1380
Maintain NFs for future generations' use	95. 0	214	92. 4	1380
Provide habitat for wildlife & fish	88. 8	214	87. 0	1380
Protect rare plant & animal species	86. 1	214	85. 0	1380
Provide info & educ services re: forests	82. 0	214	78. 8	1380
Use forest areas so they're left natural	81. 1	214	85. 1	1380
Emphasize planting & management of trees	78. 6	214	77. 4	1380
Provide access, facil. & services for OR	76. 7	214	75. 9	1380
Provide quiet, natural places	75. 0	214	74. 3	1380
Provide roads & serv. for local business	59. 1	214	60. 1	1380
Provide grazing permits to ranchers	48. 1	214	51.6	1380
Provide raw materials/prod. for industry	46. 7	214	48. 9	1380

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 3a--Outdoor\ recreation\ activity\ participation\ in\ the\ Market\ Area\ and\ Region\ 8,\\ 2001 \end{tabular}$

Percent and millions of participants

ALL ACTIVITY TYPES

		MARKET AREA Percent	MARKET AREA	REGION 8	
REGION 8					
Acti vi ty		parti ci pated	# particip.	Percent	#
parti ci p.					
Type	Activity	2001	2001	2001	
2001					
I	Walk for pleasure	83. 4	7. 61	81. 0	
55. 97					
I	Family gathering	73. 9	6. 74	72. 3	
49. 96					
I	View/photograph natural scenery	59. 6	5. 44	55. 5	
38. 35					
I	Visit nature centers, etc	55. 8	5. 09	53. 1	
36. 69					
I	Sightseeing	55. 8	5. 09	51. 4	
35. 52				70.0	
I	Driving for pleasure	54. 2	4. 95	50. 6	
34. 96	D I	70.0	4.00	40.1	
I	Pi cni cki ng	52. 6	4. 80	49. 1	
33. 93	77	40.0	4 55	40.1	
I	Visit historic sites	49. 9	4. 55	43. 1	
29. 78	Code and the control and the	45 7	4 17	40.0	
II 27. 64	Swimming in natural water	45. 7	4. 17	40. 0	
27. 64 II	View wildlife	45. 0	4. 11	42. 5	
29. 37	view wiidilie	43. 0	4. 11	42. 3	
29. 37 II	View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	44. 4	4. 05	42. 4	
29. 30	view/photograph wituitowers, trees, etc.	44. 4	4. 03	42.4	
23. 30 I	Boating	37. 5	3. 42	34. 3	
23. 70	boating	07.0	J. 42	04. 0	
Ι	Bi cycl i ng	34. 0	3. 10	34. 2	
23. 63	210,0110	01.0	0. 10	01. ~	
II	Vi ew birds	32. 0	2. 92	30. 8	
21. 28	11011 21122	02. U	2.02	00.0	
II	Visit a wilderness	31. 8	2. 90	29. 5	

20. 38				
II	Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	29. 7	2. 71	26. 9
18. 59	ductier mastir coms, berries, eec.	20. 7	2	20.0
II	Day hi ki ng	28. 7	2. 62	26. 2
18. 10				
II	Warmwater fishing	28. 7	2. 62	28. 5
19. 69				
I	Motorboating	28. 5	2. 60	25. 2
17. 41				
II	Visit waterside besides beach	28. 2	2. 57	25. 9
17. 90				
II	View or photograph fish	26. 6	2. 43	25. 5
17. 62				
III	Visit archeol. sites	21. 6	1. 97	19. 7
13. 61				
II	Developed camping	21. 1	1. 93	21. 9
15. 13				
II	Drive off-road	19. 3	1. 76	17. 5
12. 09				
II	Mountain biking	18. 0	1. 64	16. 2
11. 19				
II	Primitive camping	15. 8	1. 44	13. 3
9. 19				
III	Coldwater fishing	14. 0	1. 28	10. 1
6. 98				
III	Saltwater fishing	13. 6	1. 24	14. 2
9. 81	w. lee	11 7	1 07	0.4
III	Waterski i ng	11. 7	1. 07	8. 4
5. 80	P. C. I	44.0	4.00	0.0
III	Rafting	11. 6	1. 06	8. 9
6. 15	Do okno oki ng	10. 8	0.00	7 5
II 5. 18	Backpacki ng	10. 8	0. 99	7. 5
J. 16 II	Big game hunting	9. 8	0. 89	9. 5
6. 56	big game nuncring	5. 6	0. 65	5. 5
II	Small game hunting	9. 0	0. 82	8. 7
6. 01	Same namering	0.0	0.02	0. <i>1</i>
II	Horseback riding on trails	8. 3	0. 76	8. 2
5. 67				
III	Canoei ng	7. 9	0. 72	7. 8
5. 39	S			
III	Snorkeling or scuba diving	7. 3	0. 67	6. 7
4. 63	5			
III	Kayaki ng	2. 5	0. 23	2. 0
1. 38	· -			
III	Migratory bird hunting	1. 9	0. 17	2. 7
1. 87				

Region 8 participation based on 2000 16+ pop. estimate of 69.1 million.

Market Area participation based on 2000 16+ pop. estimate of 77 percent of total Market Area population,

the percentage of 16+ population in Region 8. (See very first table for total Market Area population.)

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Table 3b--Outdoor \ recreation \ activity \ participation \ in \ the \ Market \ Area \ and \ Region \ 8, \\ 2001 \end{tabular}$

ACTIVITY TYPE I: Broadly popular activities--provide or facilitate whenever possible.

$Percent\ and\ millions\ of\ participants$

		MARKET AREA			
		Percent	MARKET AREA	REGION 8	REGI ON
8					
		parti ci pated	# particip.	Percent	#
parti ci p.					
Activity		2001	2001	2001	2001
Walk for plea	sure	83. 4	7. 61	81. 0	55. 97
Family gather	ri ng	73. 9	6. 74	72. 3	49. 96
Vi ew/photogra	ph natural scenery	59. 6	5. 44	55. 5	38. 35
Visit nature	centers, etc	55. 8	5. 09	53. 1	36. 69
Si ghtseei ng		55. 8	5. 09	51. 4	35. 52
Driving for p	l easure	54. 2	4. 95	50. 6	34. 96
Pi cni cki ng		52. 6	4. 80	49. 1	33. 93
Visit histori	c sites	49. 9	4. 55	43. 1	29. 78
Boating		37. 5	3. 42	34. 3	23. 70
Bi cycl i ng		34. 0	3. 10	34. 2	23. 63
Motorboating		28. 5	2. 60	25. 2	17. 41

Region 8 participation based on 2000 16+ pop. estimate of 69.1 million.

Market Area participation based on 2000 16+ pop. estimate of 77 percent of total Market Area population,

the percentage of 16+ population in Region 8. (See first table for total Market Area population.)

Table 3c--Market Area trends in outdoor recreation activity participation: Absolute and percent change in millions of participants, 1995 to 2001

ACTIVITY TYPE I: Broadly popular activities--provide or facilitate whenever possible.

Activity	Absolute change 1995 to 2001	Percent change in # participants 1995 to 2001
Bi cycl i ng	1. 15	48. 5
Boating	1. 14	39. 9
Visit nature centers, etc	1. 54	33. 5
Walk for pleasure	2. 12	29. 1
Motorboating	0. 70	27. 2
Family gathering	1. 77	26. 3
Visit historic sites	1.00	19. 7
Pi cni cki ng	0. 97	16. 6
Si ghtseei ng	0. 24	- 2. 3

Source: NSRE 2000-2001 and NSRE 1994-1995

Activities not appearing in trend tables were not comparable between 1995 and 2001.

Number of participants is based on proportion of 16+ population (77%) in Market Area for 1995 and 2000.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

 $\mbox{ Table 3d--Outdoor recreation activity participation in the Market Area and Region 8, \\ 2001$

 $\hbox{ACTIVITY TYPE II: Activities especially suited for National Forests.} \quad \hbox{Provide most popular ones.}$

$Percent\ and\ millions\ of\ participants$

Participated		MARKET AREA Percent	MARKET AREA	REGION 8	
Particip. Activity 2001	REGION 8	nanti oi natad	# nontioin	Doncont	#
Activity 2001 Swimming in natural water 45.7 4.17 40.0 27. 64 View wildlife 45.0 4.11 42.5 29. 37 View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc. 44.4 4.05 42.4 29. 30 View birds 32.0 2.92 30.8 21. 28 Visit a wilderness 31.8 2.90 29.5 20. 38 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 29.7 2.71 26.9 18. 59 Day hiking 28.7 2.62 26.2 18. 10 Warnwater fishing 28.7 2.62 26.2 19. 69 Visit waterside besides beach 28.2 2.57 25.9 17. 90 View or photograph fish 26.6 2.43 25.5 17. 62 Developed camping 19.3 1.76 17.5 12. 09 Mountain biking 18.0 1.64 16.2 11. 19 Primitive camping 15.8 1.44 13.3 9. 19 Backpacking 10.8 0.99 7.5	parti ci p.	partitipateu	# particip.	rercent	#
Swimming in natural water 45. 7 4. 17 40. 0 27. 64 View wildlife 45. 0 4. 11 42. 5 29. 37 View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc. 44. 4 4. 05 42. 4 29. 30 View birds 32. 0 2. 92 30. 8 21. 28 Visit a wilderness 31. 8 2. 90 29. 5 20. 38 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 29. 7 2. 71 26. 9 18. 59 Day hiking 28. 7 2. 62 26. 2 18. 10 Warnwater fishing 28. 7 2. 62 28. 5 19. 69 Visit waterside besides beach 28. 2 2. 57 25. 9 17. 90 View or photograph fish 26. 6 2. 43 25. 5 17. 62 Developed camping 21. 1 1. 93 21. 9 15. 13 Drive off-road 19. 3 1. 76 17. 5 12. 09 Mountain biking 18. 0 1. 64 16. 2 11. 19 Primitive camping 15. 8 1. 44 13. 3 9. 19 Backpacking 10. 8 0. 99 7. 5	-	2001	2001	2001	
27. 64 View wildlife	2001				
27. 64 View wildlife	Suinming in natural water	45 7	4 17	40.0	
View wildlife	5	43. 7	4. 17	40. 0	
29. 37 View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.		45. 0	4. 11	42. 5	
29, 30 View birds 32.0 2.92 30.8 21.28 Visit a wilderness 31.8 2.90 29.5 20.38 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 29.7 2.71 26.9 18.59 Day hiking 28.7 2.62 26.2 18.10 Warmwater fishing 28.7 2.62 28.5 19.69 Visit waterside besides beach 28.2 2.57 25.9 17.90 View or photograph fish 26.6 2.43 25.5 17.62 Developed camping 21.1 1.93 21.9 15.13 Drive off-road 19.3 1.76 17.5 12.09 Mountain biking 18.0 1.64 16.2 11.19 Primitive camping 15.8 1.44 13.3 9.19 Backpacking 10.8 0.99 7.5					
View birds 32.0 2.92 30.8 21.28 Visit a wilderness 31.8 2.90 29.5 20.38 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 29.7 2.71 26.9 18.59 Day hiking 28.7 2.62 26.2 18.10 Warmwater fishing 28.7 2.62 28.5 19.69 Visit waterside besides beach 28.2 2.57 25.9 17.90 View or photograph fish 26.6 2.43 25.5 17.62 Developed camping 21.1 1.93 21.9 15.13 Drive off-road 19.3 1.76 17.5 12.09 Mountain biking 18.0 1.64 16.2 11.19 Primitive camping 15.8 1.44 13.3 9.19 Backpacking 10.8 0.99 7.5	View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	44. 4	4. 05	42. 4	
21. 28 Visit a wilderness					
Visit a wilderness 31.8 2.90 29.5 20.38 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 29.7 2.71 26.9 18.59 Day hiking 28.7 2.62 26.2 18.10 Warmwater fishing 28.7 2.62 28.5 19.69 Visit waterside besides beach 28.2 2.57 25.9 17.90 View or photograph fish 26.6 2.43 25.5 17.62 Developed camping 21.1 1.93 21.9 15.13 Drive off-road 19.3 1.76 17.5 12.09 Mountain biking 18.0 1.64 16.2 11.19 Primitive camping 15.8 1.44 13.3 9.19 Backpacking 10.8 0.99 7.5		32. 0	2. 92	30. 8	
20. 38 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 29.7 2.71 26.9 18. 59 Day hiking 28. 7 2. 62 26. 2 18. 10 Warmwater fishing 28. 7 2. 62 28. 5 19. 69 Visit waterside besides beach 28. 2 2. 57 25. 9 17. 90 View or photograph fish 26. 6 2. 43 25. 5 17. 62 Devel oped camping 21. 1 1. 93 21. 9 15. 13 Drive off-road 19. 3 1. 76 17. 5 12. 09 Mountain biking 18. 0 1. 64 16. 2 11. 19 Primitive camping 15. 8 1. 44 13. 3 9. 19 Backpacking 10. 8 0. 99 7. 5		31 8	2 90	29 5	
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 29.7 2.71 26.9 18.59 Day hiking 28.7 2.62 26.2 18.10 Warmwater fishing 28.7 2.62 28.5 19.69 Visit waterside besides beach 28.2 2.57 25.9 17.90 View or photograph fish 26.6 2.43 25.5 17.62 Developed camping 21.1 1.93 21.9 15.13 Drive off-road 19.3 1.76 17.5 12.09 Mountain biking 18.0 1.64 16.2 11.19 Primitive camping 15.8 1.44 13.3 9.19 Backpacking 10.8 0.99 7.5		01. 0	2. 00	20.0	
18. 59 Day hiking 28. 7 2. 62 26. 2 18. 10		29. 7	2. 71	26. 9	
18. 10 Warmwater fishing 28. 7 2. 62 28. 5 19. 69 Visit waterside besides beach 28. 2 2. 57 25. 9 17. 90 View or photograph fish 26. 6 2. 43 25. 5 17. 62 Devel oped camping 21. 1 1. 93 21. 9 15. 13 Drive off-road 19. 3 1. 76 17. 5 12. 09 Mountain biking 18. 0 1. 64 16. 2 11. 19 Primitive camping 15. 8 1. 44 13. 3 9. 19 Backpacking 10. 8 0. 99 7. 5					
Warmwater fishing 28.7 2.62 28.5 19.69 Visit waterside besides beach 28.2 2.57 25.9 17.90 View or photograph fish 26.6 2.43 25.5 17.62 Developed camping 21.1 1.93 21.9 15.13 Drive off-road 19.3 1.76 17.5 12.09 Mountain biking 18.0 1.64 16.2 11.19 Primitive camping 15.8 1.44 13.3 9.19 Backpacking 10.8 0.99 7.5	Day hi ki ng	28. 7	2. 62	26. 2	
19. 69 Vi sit watersi de besi des beach 28. 2 2. 57 25. 9 17. 90 Vi ew or photograph fi sh 26. 6 2. 43 25. 5 17. 62 Developed camping 21. 1 1. 93 21. 9 15. 13 Dri ve off-road 19. 3 1. 76 17. 5 12. 09 Mountain biking 18. 0 1. 64 16. 2 11. 19 Primitive camping 15. 8 1. 44 13. 3 9. 19 Backpacking 10. 8 0. 99 7. 5	18. 10				
Visit waterside besides beach 28. 2 2. 57 25. 9 17. 90 View or photograph fish 26. 6 2. 43 25. 5 17. 62 Developed camping 21. 1 1. 93 21. 9 15. 13 Drive off-road 19. 3 1. 76 17. 5 12. 09 Mountain biking 18. 0 1. 64 16. 2 11. 19 Primitive camping 15. 8 1. 44 13. 3 9. 19 Backpacking 10. 8 0. 99 7. 5	Warmwater fishing	28. 7	2. 62	28. 5	
17. 90 View or photograph fish 26. 6 2. 43 25. 5 17. 62 Developed camping 21. 1 1. 93 21. 9 15. 13 Drive off-road 19. 3 1. 76 17. 5 12. 09 Mountain biking 18. 0 1. 64 16. 2 11. 19 Primitive camping 15. 8 1. 44 13. 3 9. 19 Backpacking 10. 8 0. 99 7. 5	19. 69				
View or photograph fish 26.6 2.43 25.5 17.62 Developed camping 21.1 1.93 21.9 15.13 Drive off-road 19.3 1.76 17.5 12.09 Mountain biking 18.0 1.64 16.2 11.19 Primitive camping 15.8 1.44 13.3 9.19 Backpacking 10.8 0.99 7.5	Visit waterside besides beach	28. 2	2. 57	25. 9	
17. 62 Devel oped camping 21. 1 1. 93 21. 9 15. 13 Drive off-road 19. 3 1. 76 17. 5 12. 09 Mountain biking 18. 0 1. 64 16. 2 11. 19 Primitive camping 15. 8 1. 44 13. 3 9. 19 Backpacking 10. 8 0. 99 7. 5	17. 90				
Developed camping 21. 1 1. 93 21. 9 15. 13 15. 13 15. 13 15. 13 15. 14 17. 5 12. 09 15. 0 1. 64 16. 2 17. 3<	View or photograph fish	26. 6	2. 43	25. 5	
15. 13 Drive off-road 19. 3 1. 76 17. 5 12. 09 Mountain biking 18. 0 1. 64 16. 2 11. 19 Primitive camping 15. 8 1. 44 13. 3 9. 19 Backpacking 10. 8 0. 99 7. 5	17. 62				
Drive off-road 19.3 1.76 17.5 12.09 Mountain biking 18.0 1.64 16.2 11.19 Primitive camping 15.8 1.44 13.3 9.19 Backpacking 10.8 0.99 7.5		21. 1	1. 93	21. 9	
12.09 Mountain biking 18.0 1.64 16.2 11.19 Primitive camping 15.8 1.44 13.3 9.19 Backpacking 10.8 0.99 7.5					
Mountain biking 18.0 1.64 16.2 11.19 Primitive camping 15.8 1.44 13.3 9.19 Backpacking 10.8 0.99 7.5		19. 3	1. 76	17. 5	
11.19 Primitive camping 15.8 1.44 13.3 9.19 Backpacking 10.8 0.99 7.5		10.0	1 04	10.0	
Primitive camping 15.8 1.44 13.3 9.19 Backpacking 10.8 0.99 7.5		18. 0	1. 04	16. 2	
9. 19 Backpacking 10. 8 0. 99 7. 5		15 Q	1 44	12 2	
Backpacking 10.8 0.99 7.5		13. 6	1. 44	10. 0	
1 0		10. 8	0. 99	7. 5	
** - *		20.0	0.00		
Big game hunting 9.8 0.89 9.5		9. 8	0. 89	9. 5	
6. 56					

Small game hunting	9. 0	0. 82	8. 7
6. 01			
Horseback riding on trails	8. 3	0. 76	8. 2
5. 67			

Source: NSRE 2000-2001.

Region 8 participation based on 2000 16+ pop. estimate of 69.1 million.

Market Area participation based on 2000 16+ pop. estimate of 77 percent of total Market Area population,

the percentage of 16+ population in Region 8. (See first table for total Market Area population.)

Table 3e--Market Area trends in outdoor recreation activity participation: Absolute and percent change in millions of participants, 1995 to 2001

 $\hbox{ACTIVITY TYPE II: Activities especially suited for National Forests.} \quad \hbox{Provide most popular ones.}$

		Percent change
	Absolute change	in # participants
Activity	1995 to 2001	1995 to 2001
View or photograph fish	1. 39	118. 0
View wildlife	2. 13	93. 1
Big game hunting	0. 40	69. 0
Drive off-road	0. 71	56. 9
Small game hunting	0. 32	52. 5
Day hi ki ng	0. 96	47. 2
Backpacki ng	0. 34	40. 3
View birds	0. 96	39. 1
Horseback riding on trails	0. 25	38. 3
Developed camping	0. 63	37. 9
Primitive camping	0. 44	33. 9
Warmwater fishing	0. 74	29. 9
Swimming in natural water	1. 14	28. 4

Source: NSRE 2000-2001 and NSRE 1994-1995

Activities not appearing in trend tables were not comparable between 1995 and 2001.

Number of participants is based on proportion of 16+ population (77%) in Market Area for 1995 and 2000.

Percent and millions of participants

	MARKET AREA			
	Percent	MARKET AREA	REGION 8	REGION 8
	parti ci pated	# particip.	Percent	# particip.
Activity	2001	2001	2001	2001
Visit archeol. sites	21. 6	1. 97	19. 7	13. 61
Coldwater fishing	14. 0	1. 28	10. 1	6. 98
Saltwater fishing	13. 6	1. 24	14. 2	9. 81
Waterski i ng	11. 7	1. 07	8. 4	5. 80
Rafting	11. 6	1.06	8. 9	6. 15
Canoei ng	7. 9	0. 72	7. 8	5. 39
Snorkeling or scuba diving	7. 3	0. 67	6. 7	4. 63
Kayaki ng	2. 5	0. 23	2. 0	1. 38
Migratory bird hunting	1. 9	0. 17	2. 7	1. 87

Region 8 participation based on 2000 16+ pop. estimate of 69.1 million.

Market Area participation based on 2000 16+ pop. estimate of 77 percent of total Market Area population,

the percentage of 16+ population in Region 8. (See first table for total Market Area population.)

Table 3g--Market Area trends in outdoor recreation activity participation: Absolute and percent change in millions of participants, 1995 to 2001

		Percent change
	Absolute change	in # participants
Activity	1995 to 2001	1995 to 2001
Coldwater fishing	0. 56	64. 7
Visit archeol. sites	0.80	56. 5
Saltwater fishing	0. 50	56. 3
Kayaki ng	0. 08	38. 9
Canoei ng	0. 19	27. 4
Waterski i ng	0. 29	27. 2
Migratory bird hunting	0. 03	11.8
Rafting	0. 18	11. 5
Snorkeling or scuba diving	0. 11	10. 6

Source: NSRE 2000-2001 and NSRE 1994-1995

Activities not appearing in trend tables were not comparable between 1995 and 2001.

Number of participants is based on proportion of 16+ population (77%) in Market Area for 1995 and 2000.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

Table 4a.1--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= GENDER, Strata= MALE

Activity	Mal e	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Small game hunting	17. 1	9. 0	1. 90
Big game hunting	18. 2	9. 9	1.84
Primitive camping	24. 7	15. 8	1. 56
Backpacki ng	16. 2	10.8	1. 50
Drive off-road	27. 3	19. 3	1.41
Warmwater fishing	39. 5	28. 7	1. 38
Mountain biking	24. 5	18. 0	1. 36
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	41. 5	31. 7	1. 31
Day hi ki ng	35. 9	28. 7	1. 25
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	36. 0	29. 7	1. 21
Developed camping	25. 2	21. 1	1. 19
View or photograph fish	29. 8	26. 6	1. 12
Visit waterside besides beach	31. 3	28. 2	1. 11
Swimming in natural water	48. 5	45. 6	1.06
View wildlife	47. 5	45. 1	1.05
Horseback riding on trails	8. 3	8. 3	1.00
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	41. 1	44. 4	0. 93
View birds	26. 5	32. 0	0. 83

Total Market Area is percent of ALL respondents in the Market Area.

Table 4a.2--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= GENDER, Strata= FEMALE

Activity	Femal e	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
View birds	36. 8	32. 0	1. 15
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	47. 4	44. 4	1. 07
Horseback riding on trails	8. 3	8. 3	1. 00
View wildlife	42. 9	45. 1	0. 95
Swimming in natural water	43. 0	45. 6	0. 94
Visit waterside besides beach	25. 5	28. 2	0. 90
View or photograph fish	23. 7	26. 6	0.89
Developed camping	17. 6	21. 1	0. 83
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	24. 2	29. 7	0. 81
Day hi ki ng	22. 3	28. 7	0. 78
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	23. 0	31. 7	0. 73
Mountain biking	12. 4	18. 0	0. 69
Warmwater fishing	19. 3	28. 7	0. 67
Drive off-road	12. 6	19. 3	0. 65
Backpacki ng	6. 0	10. 8	0. 56
Primitive camping	7.8	15. 8	0.49
Big game hunting	2. 7	9. 9	0. 27
Small game hunting	2. 1	9. 0	0. 23

Total Market Area is percent of ALL respondents in the Market Area.

Table 4b.1--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= AGE, Strata= Age 16-24

Activity	16-24	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Small game hunting	19. 5	9. 0	2. 17
Backpacki ng	19. 6	10. 9	1. 80
Horseback riding on trails	14. 7	8. 4	1. 75
Big game hunting	16. 9	9. 9	1. 71
Mountain biking	30. 4	18. 2	1. 67
Drive off-road	32. 0	19. 3	1. 66
Primitive camping	24. 5	15. 9	1. 54
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	44. 1	31. 9	1. 38
Swimming in natural water	60. 0	45. 7	1. 31
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	39. 0	29. 7	1. 31
Visit waterside besides beach	34. 3	28. 1	1. 22
Warmwater fishing	34.8	28. 9	1. 20
Developed camping	25. 0	21. 2	1. 18
Day hi ki ng	33. 5	28. 8	1. 16
View wildlife	41.6	45. 1	0. 92
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	39. 5	44. 4	0. 89
View or photograph fish	21. 5	26. 7	0. 81
Vi ew birds	22. 0	31. 8	0. 69

Total Market Area is percent of ALL respondents in the Market Area.

Table 4b.2--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= AGE, Strata= Age 25-34

Activity	25-34	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Drive off-road	32. 3	19. 3	1. 67
Big game hunting	13. 6	9. 9	1. 37
Day hi ki ng	36. 3	28. 8	1. 26
Primitive camping	19. 8	15. 9	1. 25
Developed camping	26. 3	21. 2	1. 24
Swimming in natural water	56. 0	45. 7	1. 23
Mountain biking	22. 4	18. 2	1. 23
Small game hunting	10. 9	9. 0	1. 21
Warmwater fishing	34. 3	28. 9	1. 19
Horseback riding on trails	10. 0	8. 4	1. 19
Visit waterside besides beach	33. 2	28. 1	1. 18
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	36. 6	31. 9	1. 15
Backpacki ng	11. 9	10. 9	1. 09
View wildlife	48. 7	45. 1	1. 08
View or photograph fish	27. 2	26. 7	1. 02
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	42. 5	44. 4	0. 96
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	27. 2	29. 7	0. 92
Vi ew birds	25. 5	31.8	0. 80

Total Market Area is percent of ALL respondents in the Market Area.

Table 4b.3--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= AGE, Strata= Age 35-44

Activity	35-44	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
View or photograph fish	36. 6	26. 7	1. 37
Developed camping	27. 4	21. 2	1. 29
Visit waterside besides beach	36. 1	28. 1	1. 28
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	37. 0	29. 7	1. 25
Swimming in natural water	56. 4	45. 7	1. 23
Mountain biking	21. 9	18. 2	1. 20
Day hi ki ng	34. 3	28. 8	1. 19
Primitive camping	18. 5	15. 9	1. 16
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	48. 1	44. 4	1. 08
Warmwater fishing	31.0	28. 9	1. 07
View wildlife	47. 9	45. 1	1.06
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	33. 7	31. 9	1.06
Horseback riding on trails	8. 7	8. 4	1. 04
Backpacki ng	11. 2	10. 9	1. 03
View birds	31. 7	31. 8	1. 00
Big game hunting	9. 6	9. 9	0. 97
Drive off-road	14. 4	19. 3	0. 75
Small game hunting	6. 5	9. 0	0. 72

Total Market Area is percent of ALL respondents in the Market Area.

Table 4b.4--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= AGE, Strata= Age 45-54

Activity	45-54	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
neer vrey	10 01		ar oa w
View or photograph fish	31. 6	26. 7	1. 18
View wildlife	51. 1	45. 1	1. 13
View birds	35. 5	31.8	1. 12
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	49. 2	44. 4	1. 11
Warmwater fishing	31. 2	28. 9	1. 08
Day hi ki ng	27. 2	28. 8	0. 94
Backpacki ng	10. 3	10. 9	0. 94
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	29. 4	31. 9	0. 92
Visit waterside besides beach	25. 9	28. 1	0. 92
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	25.8	29. 7	0. 87
Developed camping	18. 5	21. 2	0. 87
Horseback riding on trails	7. 3	8. 4	0. 87
Primitive camping	13. 5	15. 9	0. 85
Swimming in natural water	38. 5	45. 7	0. 84
Mountain biking	14. 1	18. 2	0. 77
Drive off-road	14. 4	19. 3	0. 75
Small game hunting	6. 3	9. 0	0. 70
Big game hunting	4. 8	9. 9	0. 48

Total Market Area is percent of ALL respondents in the Market Area.

Table 4b.5--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= AGE, Strata= Age 55-64

Activity	55- 64	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Vi ew birds	40. 3	31. 8	1. 27
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	51.8	44. 4	1. 17
View wildlife	45. 9	45. 1	1. 02
View or photograph fish	24. 0	26. 7	0. 90
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	28. 5	31. 9	0.89
Developed camping	18. 5	21. 2	0. 87
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	25. 0	29. 7	0. 84
Day hi ki ng	24. 1	28. 8	0. 84
Warmwater fishing	20. 7	28. 9	0. 72
Visit waterside besides beach	19. 5	28. 1	0. 69
Swimming in natural water	31. 3	45. 7	0. 68
Primitive camping	9. 9	15. 9	0. 62
Big game hunting	5. 7	9. 9	0. 58
Small game hunting	5. 1	9. 0	0. 57
Backpacki ng	5. 9	10. 9	0. 54
Mountain biking	7.8	18. 2	0. 43
Horseback riding on trails	3. 1	8. 4	0. 37
Drive off-road	5. 9	19. 3	0. 31

Total Market Area is percent of ALL respondents in the Market Area.

Table 4b.6--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= AGE, Strata= Age 65+

Autotas	05.	Total Market	Ratio of strata % to market
Activity	65+	Area	area %
View birds	43. 2	31. 8	1. 36
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	39. 3	44. 4	0. 89
View wildlife	35. 3	45. 1	0. 78
View or photograph fish	16. 9	26. 7	0. 63
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	16. 9	29. 7	0. 57
Warmwater fishing	15. 3	28. 9	0. 53
Big game hunting	4. 3	9. 9	0. 43
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	12. 6	31. 9	0. 39
Day hi ki ng	10.8	28. 8	0. 38
Visit waterside besides beach	10. 7	28. 1	0. 38
Drive off-road	7. 0	19. 3	0. 36
Swimming in natural water	15. 8	45. 7	0. 35
Developed camping	6. 2	21. 2	0. 29
Horseback riding on trails	2. 2	8. 4	0. 26
Small game hunting	1.4	9. 0	0. 16
Mountain biking	2.8	18. 2	0. 15
Primitive camping	2. 0	15. 9	0. 13
Backpacki ng	1. 3	10. 9	0. 12

Table 4c.1--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= HOUSEHOLD SIZE, Strata= 1 PERSON HOUSEHOLD

Activity	1 person household	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Mountain biking	17. 5	18. 7	0. 94
View birds	29. 0	31. 6	0. 92
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	29. 6	33. 2	0. 89
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	37. 7	43. 9	0. 86
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	25. 4	29. 4	0. 86
Primitive camping	13. 5	15. 7	0. 86
Day hi ki ng	24. 6	30. 0	0. 82
Horseback riding on trails	6. 7	8. 7	0. 77
View wildlife	35. 8	47. 0	0. 76
Visit waterside besides beach	21. 0	29. 6	0. 71
View or photograph fish	19. 5	27. 3	0. 71
Swimming in natural water	32. 8	47. 5	0. 69
Backpacki ng	8. 1	11.7	0. 69
Warmwater fishing	17. 9	29. 9	0. 60
Developed camping	12. 3	21. 1	0. 58
Small game hunting	4. 5	8. 9	0. 51
Drive off-road	9. 8	20. 0	0. 49
Big game hunting	4. 4	10. 3	0. 43

Table 4c. 2--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= HOUSEHOLD SIZE, Strata= 2 PERSON HOUSEHOLD

	2 person	Total Market	Ratio of strata % to market
Activity	househol d	Area	area %
Vi ew birds	38. 8	31.6	1. 23
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	48. 9	43. 9	1. 11
View wildlife	50. 5	47. 0	1. 07
View or photograph fish	28. 7	27. 3	1. 05
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	32. 5	33. 2	0. 98
Day hi ki ng	29. 0	30. 0	0. 97
Warmwater fishing	28. 7	29. 9	0. 96
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	27. 5	29. 4	0. 94
Drive off-road	18. 3	20. 0	0. 92
Mountain biking	17. 0	18. 7	0. 91
Big game hunting	9. 4	10. 3	0. 91
Primitive camping	14. 0	15. 7	0.89
Small game hunting	7. 7	8. 9	0. 87
Swimming in natural water	40. 3	47. 5	0. 85
Horseback riding on trails	7. 3	8. 7	0.84
Visit waterside besides beach	24. 7	29. 6	0. 83
Developed camping	17. 6	21. 1	0. 83
Backpacki ng	8. 0	11. 7	0. 68

Table 4c.3--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= HOUSEHOLD SIZE, Strata= 3 PERSON HOUSEHOLD

	3 person	Total Market	Ratio of strata % to market
Activity	househol d	Area	area %
Small game hunting	13. 9	8. 9	1. 56
Drive off-road	30. 7	20. 0	1. 54
Big game hunting	14. 0	10. 3	1. 36
Visit waterside besides beach	36. 7	29. 6	1. 24
Backpacki ng	14. 4	11. 7	1. 23
Swimming in natural water	56. 3	47. 5	1. 19
Warmwater fishing	35. 6	29. 9	1. 19
Developed camping	24. 9	21. 1	1. 18
Primitive camping	18. 0	15. 7	1. 15
Horseback riding on trails	10. 0	8. 7	1. 15
View or photograph fish	30. 7	27. 3	1. 12
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	32. 2	29. 4	1. 10
Mountain biking	20. 0	18. 7	1. 07
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	35. 1	33. 2	1.06
View wildlife	49. 5	47. 0	1. 05
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	44. 5	43. 9	1. 01
View birds	29. 2	31. 6	0. 92
Day hi ki ng	27. 0	30. 0	0. 90

Table 4c.4--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= HOUSEHOLD SIZE, Strata= 4 PERSON HOUSEHOLD

	4 person	Total Market	Ratio of strata % to market
Activity	househol d	Area	area %
Backpacking	19. 8	11. 7	1. 69
Swimming in natural water	68. 8	47. 5	1. 45
Developed camping	30. 7	21. 1	1. 45
Horseback riding on trails	12. 3	8. 7	1.41
Warmwater fishing	40. 6	29. 9	1. 36
Small game hunting	12. 1	8. 9	1. 36
Big game hunting	13. 8	10. 3	1. 34
Visit waterside besides beach	39. 2	29. 6	1. 32
Day hi ki ng	36. 9	30. 0	1. 23
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	35. 8	29. 4	1. 22
Drive off-road	24. 0	20. 0	1. 20
Primitive camping	18. 8	15. 7	1. 20
View or photograph fish	32. 6	27. 3	1. 19
Mountain biking	22. 0	18. 7	1. 18
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	36. 3	33. 2	1. 09
View wildlife	49. 1	47. 0	1.04
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	43. 6	43. 9	0. 99
View birds	28. 6	31.6	0. 91

Table 4c.5--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= HOUSEHOLD SIZE, Strata= 5 or more PERSON HOUSEHOLD

Activity	5+ persons household	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Day hi ki ng	36. 3	30. 0	1. 21
Developed camping	25. 1	21. 1	1. 19
Big game hunting	11. 4	10. 3	1. 11
Visit waterside besides beach	32. 3	29. 6	1. 09
Backpacki ng	12. 1	11.7	1. 03
View wildlife	47. 9	47. 0	1. 02
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	33. 2	33. 2	1. 00
Mountain biking	18. 5	18. 7	0. 99
Primitive camping	15. 6	15. 7	0. 99
Swimming in natural water	45. 8	47. 5	0. 96
Horseback riding on trails	8. 3	8. 7	0. 95
Warmwater fishing	28. 2	29. 9	0. 94
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	27. 5	29. 4	0. 94
Drive off-road	18. 7	20. 0	0. 94
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	39. 4	43. 9	0. 90
View or photograph fish	22. 8	27. 3	0. 84
View birds	22. 9	31. 6	0. 72
Small game hunting	6. 2	8. 9	0. 70

Table 4d.1--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= RACE, Strata= WHITE

Activity	Whi te	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Big game hunting	12. 5	10. 1	1. 24
Primitive camping	19. 2	15. 8	1. 22
Day hi ki ng	34. 4	28. 4	1. 21
Horseback riding on trails	10. 1	8. 5	1. 19
Swimming in natural water	52. 9	45. 6	1. 16
Visit waterside besides beach	32. 4	27. 9	1. 16
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	36. 6	31. 8	1. 15
Warmwater fishing	33. 1	29. 0	1. 14
Developed camping	24. 0	21. 2	1. 13
Backpacki ng	12. 2	10. 9	1. 12
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	33. 2	29. 8	1. 11
Drive off-road	22. 1	19. 9	1. 11
Small game hunting	10. 0	9. 0	1. 11
View wildlife	48. 8	44. 8	1. 09
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	47. 5	44. 5	1. 07
View birds	33. 8	31. 7	1. 07
View or photograph fish	28. 5	26. 7	1. 07
Mountain biking	18. 2	17. 9	1. 02

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Table 4d. 2--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata: \\ Most popular National Forest-based activities \\ \end{tabular}$

Demographic category= RACE, Strata= BLACK

Activity	Black or Afric.	Total Market	Ratio of strata % to market
Activity	Amer.	Area	area %
Mountain biking	17. 6	17. 9	0. 98
Vi ew birds	25. 0	31. 7	0. 79
View or photograph fish	20. 6	26. 7	0. 77
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	33. 1	44. 5	0. 74
Small game hunting	6. 4	9. 0	0. 71
View wildlife	29. 6	44. 8	0. 66
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	19. 4	29. 8	0. 65
Drive off-road	12. 3	19. 9	0. 62
Warmwater fishing	16. 4	29. 0	0. 57
Developed camping	11. 5	21. 2	0. 54
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	16. 3	31.8	0. 51
Swimming in natural water	22. 2	45. 6	0. 49
Visit waterside besides beach	13. 7	27. 9	0. 49
Backpacki ng	5. 3	10. 9	0. 49
Horseback riding on trails	4. 0	8. 5	0. 47
Day hi ki ng	9. 7	28. 4	0. 34
Big game hunting	3. 4	10. 1	0. 34
Primitive camping	4. 8	15. 8	0. 30

Source: NSRE 2000-2001

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Table 4d.3--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

 $\label{lem:Demographic} \begin{tabular}{ll} Demographic category= RACE, Strata= 0 THER \\ (OTHER includes Asian, Pacific Islander, and American Indian) \\ \end{tabular}$

			Ratio of
		Total	strata %
		Market	to market
Activity	0ther	Area	area %
Backpacki ng	24. 4	10. 9	2. 24
View wildlife	63. 4	44. 8	1. 42
Developed camping	29. 4	21. 2	1. 39
Drive off-road	26. 8	19. 9	1. 35
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	59. 1	44. 5	1. 33
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	37. 1	31. 8	1. 17
Primitive camping	18. 4	15. 8	1. 16
View or photograph fish	29. 8	26. 7	1. 12
Swimming in natural water	50. 6	45. 6	1. 11
Day hi ki ng	29. 9	28. 4	1. 05
Visit waterside besides beach	28. 7	27. 9	1. 03
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	30. 4	29. 8	1. 02
Warmwater fishing	28. 9	29. 0	1. 00
View birds	30. 1	31. 7	0. 95
Horseback riding on trails	6. 3	8. 5	0. 74
Mountain biking	11. 5	17. 9	0. 64
Big game hunting	4. 9	10. 1	0. 49
Small game hunting	4. 3	9. 0	0. 48

 $\hbox{ Table 4d. 4--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata: } \\ \hbox{ Most popular National Forest-based activities}$

 ${\bf Demographi} \ c \ \ {\bf category=} \ \ {\bf RACE/ETHNICITY}, \ \ {\bf Strata=} \ \ {\bf HISPANIC}$

Activity	Hi spani c	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Day hi ki ng	49. 4	28. 8	1. 72
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	51. 7	44. 5	1. 16
Primitive camping	16. 8	15.8	1. 06
View birds	32. 7	32. 1	1. 02
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	30. 3	29. 8	1. 02
View wildlife	45. 1	45. 1	1. 00
Backpacki ng	9. 0	10.8	0. 83
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	24. 8	31.8	0. 78
View or photograph fish	19. 0	26. 5	0. 72
Mountain biking	12. 1	18. 1	0. 67
Developed camping	13. 2	21. 2	0. 62
Swimming in natural water	27. 7	45. 6	0. 61
Big game hunting	5. 9	9. 9	0. 60
Visit waterside besides beach	15. 2	28. 1	0. 54
Drive off-road	10. 5	19. 4	0. 54
Small game hunting	4. 3	9. 0	0. 48
Warmwater fishing	10. 7	28. 6	0. 37
Horseback riding on trails	1. 7	8. 3	0. 20

Table 4e.1--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= INCOME, Strata= Less than \$20,000

Activity	\$<20k	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Mountain biking	19. 6	19. 6	1. 00
View birds	33. 3	36. 7	0. 91
Backpacki ng	9. 3	10. 2	0. 91
View wildlife	44. 5	51. 3	0. 87
Primitive camping	15. 7	18. 8	0. 84
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	27. 3	33. 1	0. 82
View or photograph fish	21.4	30. 7	0. 70
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	25. 1	36. 6	0. 69
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	32. 1	48. 4	0. 66
Warmwater fishing	17. 8	27. 8	0. 64
Swimming in natural water	27. 9	48. 2	0. 58
Visit waterside besides beach	16. 5	31.0	0. 53
Day hi ki ng	15. 2	29. 9	0. 51
Drive off-road	7. 2	20. 3	0. 35
Developed camping	7. 0	21. 8	0. 32
Horseback riding on trails	1. 1	9. 0	0. 12
Small game hunting	1.0	8. 5	0. 12
Big game hunting	1. 0	10. 1	0. 10

Table 4e.2--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

 $\label{eq:decomposition} \textit{Demographic category= INCOME}, \quad \textit{Strata= $20,000 to $29,999}$

Activity	\$20- 29. 999k	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Backpacki ng	15. 7	10. 2	1. 54
Primitive camping	27. 0	18. 8	1. 44
Horseback riding on trails	11. 2	9. 0	1. 24
View birds	43. 4	36. 7	1. 18
Day hi ki ng	34. 6	29. 9	1. 16
Visit waterside besides beach	33. 6	31. 0	1. 08
View or photograph fish	33. 3	30. 7	1. 08
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	44. 8	48. 4	0. 93
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	33. 6	36. 6	0. 92
Warmwater fishing	25. 5	27. 8	0. 92
View wildlife	46. 5	51. 3	0. 91
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	29. 4	33. 1	0.89
Developed camping	19. 4	21. 8	0.89
Swimming in natural water	42. 1	48. 2	0. 87
Small game hunting	7. 1	8. 5	0. 84
Big game hunting	8. 1	10. 1	0. 80
Mountain biking	15. 2	19. 6	0. 78
Drive off-road	14. 7	20. 3	0. 72

Source: NSRE 2000-2001

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Table 4e.3--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

 $\label{eq:decomposition} \textbf{Demographic category= INCOME}, \quad \textbf{Strata= $30,000 to $39,999}$

		T-4-1	Ratio of
	\$30- 39.	Total Market	strata % to market
Activity	999k	Area	area %
Activity	333K	Aiea	area %
Drive off-road	27. 3	20. 3	1. 34
Big game hunting	12. 7	10. 1	1. 26
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	42. 7	36. 6	1. 17
Developed camping	24. 6	21.8	1. 13
Primitive camping	18. 3	18. 8	0. 97
Day hi ki ng	28. 7	29. 9	0. 96
Swimming in natural water	45. 6	48. 2	0. 95
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	44. 6	48. 4	0. 92
Visit waterside besides beach	27. 8	31. 0	0. 90
View wildlife	45. 9	51. 3	0.89
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	29. 3	33. 1	0.89
Horseback riding on trails	8. 0	9. 0	0.89
Warmwater fishing	24. 4	27. 8	0. 88
Small game hunting	7. 2	8. 5	0. 85
View or photograph fish	24. 2	30. 7	0. 79
View birds	26. 0	36. 7	0.71
Mountain biking	13. 9	19. 6	0.71
Backpacki ng	6. 6	10. 2	0. 65

Table 4e.4-Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

 ${\tt Demographi\,c\ category=\ INCOME,\ Strata=\ \$40,\,000\ to\ \$49,\,999}$

Activity	\$40- 49. 999k	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
neer vieg	JJJK	ni cu	area n
Horseback riding on trails	15. 1	9. 0	1. 68
Developed camping	32. 5	21. 8	1. 49
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	70. 2	48. 4	1. 45
Vi ew birds	48. 3	36. 7	1. 32
View or photograph fish	37. 1	30. 7	1. 21
View wildlife	60. 3	51. 3	1. 18
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	42.8	36. 6	1. 17
Warmwater fishing	31. 7	27. 8	1. 14
Day hi ki ng	33. 3	29. 9	1. 11
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	34. 7	33. 1	1. 05
Visit waterside besides beach	32. 4	31. 0	1. 05
Drive off-road	20. 6	20. 3	1. 01
Small game hunting	8. 0	8. 5	0. 94
Swimming in natural water	44. 1	48. 2	0. 91
Mountain biking	17. 2	19. 6	0. 88
Backpacking	8. 5	10. 2	0. 83
Primitive camping	13. 6	18. 8	0. 72
Big game hunting	4. 6	10. 1	0. 46

Source: NSRE 2000-2001

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Table 4e.5--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

 $\label{eq:decomposition} \textbf{Demographic category= INCOME}, \quad \textbf{Strata= \$50,000 to \$74,999}$

Total Strata % S50-74. Market to market S50-74. Market to market S50-74. Market to market S50-74. Market S50-74. Market S50-74. Market S50-74. Market S50-74. S50-74				Ratio of
Activity 999k Area area % Big game hunting 19.7 10.1 1.95 Small game hunting 14.8 8.5 1.74 Swimming in natural water 65.7 48.2 1.36 Visit waterside besides beach 40.1 31.0 1.29 Warmwater fishing 35.9 27.8 1.29 View or photograph fish 39.2 30.7 1.28 Drive off-road 25.6 20.3 1.26 Developed camping 25.3 21.8 1.16 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 36.4 33.1 1.10 Horseback riding on trails 9.7 9.0 1.08 Visit a wilderness or other primitive area 38.9 36.6 1.06 Day hiking 31.7 29.9 1.06 View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94			Total	strata %
Big game hunting 19.7 10.1 1.95 Small game hunting 14.8 8.5 1.74 Swimming in natural water 65.7 48.2 1.36 Visit waterside besides beach 40.1 31.0 1.29 Warmwater fishing 35.9 27.8 1.29 View or photograph fish 39.2 30.7 1.28 Drive off-road 25.6 20.3 1.26 Developed camping 25.3 21.8 1.16 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 36.4 33.1 1.10 Horseback riding on trails 9.7 9.0 1.08 Visit a wilderness or other primitive area 38.9 36.6 1.06 Day hiking 31.7 29.9 1.06 View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94		\$50-74 .	Market	to market
Small game hunting 14.8 8.5 1.74 Swimming in natural water 65.7 48.2 1.36 Visit waterside besides beach 40.1 31.0 1.29 Warmwater fishing 35.9 27.8 1.29 View or photograph fish 39.2 30.7 1.28 Drive off-road 25.6 20.3 1.26 Developed camping 25.3 21.8 1.16 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 36.4 33.1 1.10 Horseback riding on trails 9.7 9.0 1.08 Visit a wilderness or other primitive area 38.9 36.6 1.06 Day hiking 31.7 29.9 1.06 View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94	Activity	999k	Area	area %
Small game hunting 14.8 8.5 1.74 Swimming in natural water 65.7 48.2 1.36 Visit waterside besides beach 40.1 31.0 1.29 Warmwater fishing 35.9 27.8 1.29 View or photograph fish 39.2 30.7 1.28 Drive off-road 25.6 20.3 1.26 Developed camping 25.3 21.8 1.16 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 36.4 33.1 1.10 Horseback riding on trails 9.7 9.0 1.08 Visit a wilderness or other primitive area 38.9 36.6 1.06 Day hiking 31.7 29.9 1.06 View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94	Big game hunting	19. 7	10. 1	1. 95
Swimming in natural water 65.7 48.2 1.36 Visit waterside besides beach 40.1 31.0 1.29 Warmwater fishing 35.9 27.8 1.29 View or photograph fish 39.2 30.7 1.28 Drive off-road 25.6 20.3 1.26 Developed camping 25.3 21.8 1.16 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 36.4 33.1 1.10 Horseback riding on trails 9.7 9.0 1.08 Visit a wilderness or other primitive area 38.9 36.6 1.06 Day hiking 31.7 29.9 1.06 View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94		14. 8	8. 5	1. 74
Warmwater fishing 35.9 27.8 1.29 View or photograph fish 39.2 30.7 1.28 Drive off-road 25.6 20.3 1.26 Developed camping 25.3 21.8 1.16 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 36.4 33.1 1.10 Horseback riding on trails 9.7 9.0 1.08 Visit a wilderness or other primitive area 38.9 36.6 1.06 Day hiking 31.7 29.9 1.06 View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94		65. 7	48. 2	1. 36
View or photograph fish 39.2 30.7 1.28 Drive off-road 25.6 20.3 1.26 Developed camping 25.3 21.8 1.16 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 36.4 33.1 1.10 Horseback riding on trails 9.7 9.0 1.08 Visit a wilderness or other primitive area 38.9 36.6 1.06 Day hiking 31.7 29.9 1.06 View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94	Visit waterside besides beach	40. 1	31.0	1. 29
Drive off-road 25.6 20.3 1.26 Developed camping 25.3 21.8 1.16 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 36.4 33.1 1.10 Horseback riding on trails 9.7 9.0 1.08 Visit a wilderness or other primitive area 38.9 36.6 1.06 Day hiking 31.7 29.9 1.06 View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94	Warmwater fishing	35. 9	27. 8	1. 29
Developed camping 25.3 21.8 1.16 Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 36.4 33.1 1.10 Horseback riding on trails 9.7 9.0 1.08 Visit a wilderness or other primitive area 38.9 36.6 1.06 Day hiking 31.7 29.9 1.06 View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94	View or photograph fish	39. 2	30. 7	1. 28
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc. 36.4 33.1 1.10 Horseback riding on trails 9.7 9.0 1.08 Visit a wilderness or other primitive area 38.9 36.6 1.06 Day hiking 31.7 29.9 1.06 View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94	Drive off-road	25. 6	20. 3	1. 26
Horseback riding on trails 9.7 9.0 1.08 Visit a wilderness or other primitive area 38.9 36.6 1.06 Day hiking 31.7 29.9 1.06 View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94	Developed camping	25. 3	21.8	1. 16
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area 38.9 36.6 1.06 Day hiking 31.7 29.9 1.06 View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94	Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	36. 4	33. 1	1. 10
Day hiking 31.7 29.9 1.06 View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94	Horseback riding on trails	9. 7	9. 0	1. 08
View wildlife 50.3 51.3 0.98 Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94	Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	38. 9	36. 6	1.06
Mountain biking 18.5 19.6 0.94	Day hi ki ng	31. 7	29. 9	1.06
	View wildlife	50. 3	51. 3	0. 98
	Mountain biking	18. 5	19. 6	0. 94
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc. 44.8 48.4 0.93	View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	44. 8	48. 4	0. 93
Primitive camping 17.1 18.8 0.91	Primitive camping	17. 1	18. 8	0. 91
Vi ew birds 32. 2 36. 7 0. 88	View birds	32. 2	36. 7	0. 88
Backpacki ng 8. 3 10. 2 0. 81	Backpacki ng	8. 3	10. 2	0. 81

Table 4e.6--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= INCOME, Strata= \$75,000 to \$99,999

Activity	\$75- 99. 999k	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Big game hunting	19. 2	10. 1	1. 90
Small game hunting	15. 0	8. 5	1. 76
Mountain biking	30. 9	19. 6	1. 58
Day hi ki ng	42. 7	29. 9	1. 43
Primitive camping	26. 9	18. 8	1. 43
Swimming in natural water	67. 4	48. 2	1.40
Warmwater fishing	38. 9	27. 8	1.40
Developed camping	30. 2	21. 8	1. 39
Visit waterside besides beach	41.3	31. 0	1. 33
Drive off-road	26. 9	20. 3	1. 33
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	43. 3	33. 1	1. 31
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	56. 8	48. 4	1. 17
View or photograph fish	35. 6	30. 7	1. 16
Horseback riding on trails	10. 4	9. 0	1. 16
View wildlife	58. 8	51. 3	1. 15
View birds	34. 7	36. 7	0. 95
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	32. 8	36. 6	0. 90
Backpacki ng	8. 8	10. 2	0.86

Table 4e.7--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= INCOME, Strata= \$100,000 or more

Activity	\$100+k	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Backpacki ng	16. 9	10. 2	1. 66
Mountain biking	27. 8	19. 6	1. 42
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	45. 9	36. 6	1. 25
View birds	45. 2	36. 7	1. 23
Horseback riding on trails	10. 9	9. 0	1. 21
View wildlife	59. 9	51. 3	1. 17
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	56. 2	48. 4	1. 16
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	37. 2	33. 1	1. 12
Swimming in natural water	52. 0	48. 2	1. 08
Day hi ki ng	31. 7	29. 9	1.06
Drive off-road	20. 8	20. 3	1. 02
Visit waterside besides beach	30. 7	31.0	0. 99
Small game hunting	8. 0	8. 5	0. 94
Developed camping	19. 7	21.8	0. 90
Warmwater fishing	23. 8	27. 8	0. 86
View or photograph fish	25. 5	30. 7	0. 83
Primitive camping	13. 8	18. 8	0. 73
Big game hunting	2. 9	10. 1	0. 29

Table 4f.1--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

 ${\tt Demographi\,c\ category=\ METROPOLI\,TAN\ STATUS,\ Strata=\ NON-METROPOLI\,TAN}$

Activity	Non-metropolitan	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Big game hunting	15. 6	9. 8	1. 59
Small game hunting	12. 5	9. 0	1. 39
Drive off-road	24. 8	19. 3	1. 28
Warmwater fishing	32. 7	28. 7	1. 14
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	31. 7	29. 7	1. 07
Primitive camping	16. 6	15.8	1. 05
View or photograph fish	27. 5	26. 6	1. 03
View wildlife	45. 9	45. 0	1. 02
View birds	31. 4	32. 0	0. 98
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	31. 1	31.8	0. 98
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	41. 9	44. 4	0. 94
Visit waterside besides beach	25. 7	28. 2	0. 91
Horseback riding on trails	7. 5	8. 3	0. 90
Developed camping	18. 6	21. 1	0. 88
Swimming in natural water	38. 9	45. 7	0. 85
Day hi ki ng	24. 2	28. 7	0.84
Mountain biking	14. 2	18. 0	0. 79
Backpacking	7. 7	10. 8	0. 71

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 4f. 2--Outdoor\ recreation\ participation\ by\ demographic\ strata: \\ Most\ popul\ ar\ National\ Forest-based\ activities \\ \end{tabular}$

${\tt Demographi\:c\:\: category=\:METROPOLI\:TAN\:\:STATUS,\:\: Strata=\:\: METROPOLI\:TAN\:}$

Activity	Metropolitan	Total Market Area	Ratio of strata % to market area %
Backpacki ng	11. 9	10. 8	1. 10
Mountain biking	19. 4	18. 0	1. 08
Day hi ki ng	30. 3	28. 7	1.06
Swimming in natural water	48. 0	45. 7	1.05
Developed camping	22. 0	21. 1	1.04
Horseback riding on trails	8. 6	8. 3	1.04
Visit waterside besides beach	29. 1	28. 2	1.03
View/photograph wildflowers, trees, etc.	45. 3	44. 4	1. 02
View birds	32. 2	32.0	1.01
Visit a wilderness or other primitive area	32. 0	31.8	1.01
View wildlife	44. 8	45. 0	1.00
Gather mushrooms, berries, etc.	29. 0	29. 7	0. 98
View or photograph fish	26. 2	26. 6	0. 98
Primitive camping	15. 5	15.8	0. 98
Warmwater fishing	27. 3	28. 7	0. 95
Drive off-road	17. 4	19. 3	0. 90
Small game hunting	7. 8	9. 0	0. 87
Big game hunting	7. 8	9.8	0.80

Table 4g.1--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

 ${\tt Demographi\,c\ category=\ DI\,SABLED,\ Type=\ PHYSICAL\ DI\,SABILITY}$

	Percent
Activity	parti ci pati ng
View birds	36. 78
View wildlife	35. 24
Swimming in natural water	29. 80
Warmwater fishing	26. 31
Developed camping	19. 80
Day hi ki ng	19. 62
Drive off-road	18. 33
Primitive camping	15. 26
View or photograph fish	10. 47
Big game hunting	7. 54
Small game hunting	6. 27
Backpacki ng	6. 17

Disability data are from NSRE 1994-1995. They are for all of Region 8, NOT just the Market Area.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

Table 4g. 2--Outdoor recreation participation by demographic strata:

Most popular National Forest-based activities

Demographic category= DISABLED, Type= OTHER DISABILITY (Non-physical)

	Percent
Activity	parti ci pati ng
Swimming in natural water	33. 82
View birds	33. 39
Warmwater fishing	32. 86
View wildlife	32. 03
Developed camping	20. 05
View or photograph fish	18. 23
Drive off-road	17. 75
Day hi ki ng	15. 76
Primitive camping	15. 62
Big game hunting	9. 26
Small game hunting	9. 12
Backpacki ng	3. 38

Disability data are from NSRE 1994-1995. They are for all of Region 8, NOT just the Market Area.

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III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 5-- Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 respondents \end{tabular}$

Bi cycl i ng

participants respondents Percent in MARKET in MARKET Ratio U.S. Demographic group AREA AREA $(1)/(2)$ populati	
	on
	0
8	
Mal e 51. 4 47. 0 1. 09 48. 2	
Femal e 48. 6 53. 0 0. 92 51. 8	
White, non-Hispanic 70.7 70.4 1.00 71.3	
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c 23. 9 23. 0 1. 04 12. 2	
Amer. Indian, non-H 0.9 0.8 1.13 0.7	
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp. 1.2 1.5 0.80 3.8	
Hi spani c 3. 4 4. 3 0. 79 11. 9	
16-24 32.5 21.2 1.53 16.2	
25-34 17.7 18.1 0.98 17.4	
35-44 24.1 20.9 1.15 21.0	
45-54 11.5 14.8 0.78 17.7	
55-64 6. 2 9. 2 0. 67 11. 3	
65+ 7. 9 15. 8 0. 50 16. 4	
<\$15,000 5.0 6.4 0.78 10.6	
\$15, 000- \$24, 999 6. 8 7. 2 0. 94 12. 0	
\$25, 000- \$49, 999 16. 2 17. 6 0. 92 28. 3	
\$50, 000- \$74, 999 11. 9 11. 2 1. 06 21. 2	
\$75, 000- \$99, 999 8. 7 6. 3 1. 38 12. 7	
\$100,000+ 8.0 6.0 1.33 15.2	
Don' t know 4.0 4.6 0.87 .	
Refused 39. 4 40. 6 0. 97 .	
U. S. citizen 96.8 95.6 1.01 90.5	
Foreign born 3. 2 4. 4 0. 73 9. 5	
Non-metro resident 20.5 26.0 0.79 19.8	
Metro area resident 79.5 74.0 1.07 80.2	

Source: NSRE 2000-2001

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 6--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 respondents \end{tabular}$

Mountain Biking

Demographic group	% of participants in MARKET AREA	% of all respondents in MARKET AREA	Ratio (1)/(2)	Percent of U.S. population
Mal e	63. 1	47. 0	1. 34	48. 2
Female	36. 9	53. 0	0.70	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	72. 5	70. 4	1. 03	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	22. 7	23. 0	0. 99	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 2	0. 8	1. 50	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	0. 5	1. 5	0. 33	3.8
Hi spani c	3. 0	4. 3	0.70	11. 9
16-24	35. 2	21. 2	1. 66	16. 2
25-34	22. 6	18. 1	1. 25	17. 4
35-44	24. 4	20. 9	1. 17	21.0
45-54	11. 3	14. 8	0. 76	17. 7
55-64	3. 9	9. 2	0. 42	11. 3
65+	2. 5	15. 8	0. 16	16. 4
<\$15, 000	4. 9	6. 4	0. 77	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	8. 3	7. 2	1. 15	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	16. 5	17. 6	0. 94	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	10. 6	11. 2	0. 95	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	9. 8	6. 3	1. 56	12. 7
\$100, 000+	8. 8	6. 0	1. 47	15. 2
Don't know	6. 2	4. 6	1. 35	
Refused	34. 9	40. 6	0.86	
U.S. citizen	96. 5	95. 6	1. 01	90. 5
Foreign born	3. 5	4. 4	0.80	9. 5
Non-metro resident	20. 7	26. 0	0.80	19. 8
Metro area resident	79. 3	74. 0	1. 07	80. 2

Source: NSRE 2000-2001

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table \ 7-- Comparison \ of \ demographic \ composition \ of \ activity \ participants \ to \ all \ NSRE \ 2000-2001 \ respondents \end{tabular}$

Horseback Riding on Trails

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	46. 4	47. 0	0. 99	48. 2
Femal e	53. 6	53. 0	1. 01	51. 8
T CHILLT C				
White, non-Hispanic	85. 9	70. 4	1. 22	71. 3
Black, non-Hispanic	11. 1	23. 0	0. 48	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	0. 7	0. 8	0. 88	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 3	1. 5	0. 87	3. 8
Hi spani c	0. 9	4. 3	0. 21	11. 9
•				
16-24	37. 0	21. 2	1. 75	16. 2
25-34	21. 7	18. 1	1. 20	17. 4
35-44	20. 8	20. 9	1. 00	21. 0
45-54	12. 8	14. 8	0. 86	17. 7
55-64	3. 4	9. 2	0. 37	11. 3
65+	4. 3	15. 8	0. 27	16. 4
<\$15,000	4. 4	6. 4	0. 69	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	5. 4	7. 2	0. 75	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	20. 9	17. 6	1. 19	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	12. 0	11. 2	1. 07	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	10. 0	6. 3	1. 59	12. 7
\$100, 000+	8. 9	6. 0	1. 48	15. 2
Don't know	6. 5	4. 6	1.41	
Refused	31. 9	40. 6	0. 79	
U.S. citizen	99. 1	95. 6	1.04	90. 5
Foreign born	0. 9	4. 4	0. 20	9. 5
-				
Non-metro resident	23. 8	26. 0	0. 92	19. 8
Metro area resident	76. 2	74. 0	1. 03	80. 2

Source: NSRE 2000-2001

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Table 8--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 respondents \end{tabular}$

Pi cni cki ng

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Rati o	U. S.
Demographi c group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	46. 2	47. 0	0. 98	48. 2
Femal e	53. 8	53. 0	1. 02	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	70. 5	70. 4	1.00	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	20. 1	23. 0	0.87	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 0	0.8	1. 25	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 9	1. 5	1. 27	3. 8
Hi spani c	6. 4	4. 3	1. 49	11. 9
16-24	18. 1	21. 2	0.85	16. 2
25-34	21. 4	18. 1	1. 18	17. 4
35-44	23. 8	20. 9	1. 14	21. 0
45-54	16. 3	14. 8	1. 10	17. 7
55-64	9. 1	9. 2	0. 99	11. 3
65+	11. 4	15. 8	0. 72	16. 4
<\$15,000	4. 7	6. 4	0. 73	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	7. 3	7. 2	1. 01	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	20. 5	17. 6	1. 16	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	14. 6	11. 2	1. 30	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	7. 9	6. 3	1. 25	12. 7
\$100, 000+	6. 1	6. 0	1. 02	15. 2
Don't know	3. 0	4. 6	0. 65	
Refused	35. 8	40. 6	0.88	
U.S. citizen	93. 8	95. 6	0. 98	90. 5
Foreign born	6. 2	4. 4	1.41	9. 5
Non-metro resident	24. 6	26. 0	0. 95	19. 8
Metro area resident	75. 4	74. 0	1. 02	80. 2

Column percents sum to $100\ \text{within}$ each demographic group. A ratio larger than $1.0\ \text{indicates}$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 9--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Family Gatherings

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	46. 6	47. 0	0. 99	48. 2
Femal e	53. 4	53. 0	1. 01	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	69. 2	70. 4	0. 98	71. 3
Black, non-Hi spani c	23. 9	23. 0	1. 04	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	0. 9	0. 8	1. 13	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 4	1. 5	0. 93	3. 8
Hi spani c	4. 6	4. 3	1. 07	11. 9
•			•	
16-24	22. 7	21. 2	1.07	16. 2
25-34	17. 4	18. 1	0. 96	17. 4
35-44	22. 6	20. 9	1.08	21. 0
45-54	15. 0	14.8	1.01	17. 7
55-64	8. 6	9. 2	0. 93	11. 3
65+	13. 7	15. 8	0.87	16. 4
		•		
<\$15,000	6. 0	6. 4	0.94	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	8. 1	7. 2	1. 13	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	18. 5	17. 6	1.05	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	11. 5	11. 2	1.03	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	7. 1	6. 3	1. 13	12. 7
\$100, 000+	5. 6	6. 0	0. 93	15. 2
Don't know	4. 1	4. 6	0.89	
Refused	39. 2	40. 6	0. 97	
U.S. citizen	95. 7	95. 6	1.00	90. 5

Foreign born	4. 3	4. 4	0. 98	9. 5
	•	•		
Non-metro resident	25. 6	26. 0	0. 98	19. 8
Metro area resident	74. 4	74. 0	1. 01	80. 2

Column percents sum to $100\ \text{within}$ each demographic group. A ratio larger than $1.0\ \text{indicates}$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the ${\tt U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 10--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Visit Nature Centers etc.

	% of participants in MARKET	% of all respondents in MARKET	Ratio	Percent of U.S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Male	48. 8	47. 0	1. 04	48. 2
Femal e	51. 2	53. 0	0. 97	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	76. 0	70. 4	1.08	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	18. 2	23. 0	0. 79	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 1	0. 8	1. 38	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 2	1. 5	0. 80	3.8
Hi spani c	3. 5	4. 3	0. 81	11. 9
				•
16-24	19. 6	21. 2	0. 92	16. 2
25-34	22. 0	18. 1	1. 22	17. 4
35-44	22. 5	20. 9	1. 08	21. 0
45-54	16. 1	14. 8	1. 09	17. 7
55-64	9. 9	9. 2	1. 08	11. 3
65+	10. 0	15. 8	0. 63	16. 4
				•
<\$15,000	4. 3	6. 4	0. 67	10. 6

\$15, 000- \$24, 999	5. 6	7. 2	0. 78	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	21. 3	17. 6	1. 21	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	13. 6	11. 2	1. 21	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	8. 2	6. 3	1. 30	12. 7
\$100, 000+	6. 9	6. 0	1. 15	15. 2
Don't know	4. 6	4. 6	1. 00	
Refused	35. 5	40. 6	0. 87	•
U.S. citizen	96. 5	95. 6	1. 01	90. 5
Foreign born	3. 5	4. 4	0. 80	9. 5
Non-metro resident	22. 7	26. 0	0. 87	19. 8
Metro area resident	77. 3	74. 0	1. 04	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 11--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Visit Prehistoric Sites

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Male	51. 4	47. 0	1. 09	48. 2
Femal e	48. 6	53. 0	0. 92	51.8
				•
White, non-Hispanic	74. 2	70. 4	1.05	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	20. 9	23. 0	0. 91	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 1	0. 8	1. 38	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	0. 8	1. 5	0. 53	3.8
Hi spani c	3. 1	4. 3	0. 72	11. 9

				•
16-24	24. 0	21. 2	1. 13	16. 2
25-34	16. 6	18. 1	0. 92	17. 4
35-44	23. 6	20. 9	1. 13	21. 0
45-54	15. 7	14. 8	1. 06	17. 7
55-64	10. 1	9. 2	1. 10	11. 3
65+	9. 9	15. 8	0. 63	16. 4
	•	•	•	
<\$15,000	6. 6	6. 4	1. 03	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	5. 0	7. 2	0. 69	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	19. 5	17. 6	1. 11	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	12. 0	11. 2	1. 07	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	8. 7	6. 3	1. 38	12. 7
\$100, 000+	11. 7	6. 0	1. 95	15. 2
Don't know	3. 5	4. 6	0. 76	
Refused	33. 0	40. 6	0. 81	
	•			
U.S. citizen	97. 5	95. 6	1. 02	90. 5
Foreign born	2. 5	4. 4	0. 57	9. 5
Non-metro resident	22. 7	26. 0	0. 87	19. 8
Metro area resident	77. 3	74. 0	1. 04	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 12--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \\ \end{tabular}$

Visit Historic Sites

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on

Male	50. 5	47. 0	1. 07	48. 2
Femal e	49. 5	53. 0	0. 93	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	76. 1	70. 4	1. 08	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	18. 3	23. 0	0. 80	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	0. 7	0. 8	0. 88	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	2. 2	1. 5	1. 47	3. 8
Hi spani c	2. 7	4. 3	0. 63	11. 9
16-24	22. 3	21. 2	1. 05	16. 2
25-34	17. 3	18. 1	0. 96	17. 4
35-44	23. 4	20. 9	1. 12	21.0
45-54	16. 8	14. 8	1. 14	17. 7
55-64	9. 4	9. 2	1. 02	11. 3
65+	10. 8	15. 8	0. 68	16. 4
	•			
<\$15,000	3. 9	6. 4	0. 61	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	4. 7	7. 2	0. 65	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	19. 4	17. 6	1. 10	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	14. 0	11. 2	1. 25	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	8. 2	6. 3	1. 30	12. 7
\$100, 000+	7. 9	6. 0	1. 32	15. 2
Don't know	4. 4	4. 6	0. 96	
Refused	37. 5	40. 6	0. 92	
	37. 3	40. 0		•
U.S. citizen				90. 5
U.S. citizen Foreign born				
	96. 9	95. 6	1. 01	90. 5
	96. 9 3. 1	95. 6 4. 4	1. 01 0. 70	90. 5 9. 5

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 13--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Walking For Pleasure

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Rati o	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	45. 7	47. 0	0. 97	48. 2
Femal e	54. 3	53. 0	1. 02	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	70. 4	70. 4	1. 00	71. 3
Black, non-Hi spani c	23. 2	23. 0	1. 01	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	0. 9	0. 8	1. 13	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 8	1. 5	1. 20	3. 8
Hi spani c	3. 7	4. 3	0. 86	11. 9
	•		•	•
16-24	22. 1	21. 2	1.04	16. 2
25-34	18. 2	18. 1	1. 01	17. 4
35-44	21. 4	20. 9	1. 02	21. 0
45-54	15. 7	14. 8	1.06	17. 7
55-64	8. 7	9. 2	0. 95	11. 3
65+	13. 9	15. 8	0. 88	16. 4
<\$15,000	5. 8	6. 4	0. 91	10. 6
\$15, 000-\$24, 999	7. 3	7. 2	1. 01	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	7. 9 17. 9	7. £ 17. 6	1. 02	28. 3
\$50, 000-\$74, 999	11. 8	11. 2	1. 05	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	6. 8	6. 3	1. 08	12. 7
\$100, 000+	6. 7	6. 0	1. 12	15. 2
Don't know	4. 5	4. 6	0. 98	
Refused	39. 2	40. 6	0. 97	•
			•	
U.S. citizen	96. 0	95. 6	1.00	90. 5
Foreign born	4. 0	4. 4	0. 91	9. 5
Non-metro resident	25. 7	26. 0	0. 99	19. 8
Metro area resident	74. 3	74. 0	1. 00	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 14--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 respondents \end{tabular}$

Hi ki ng

Demographic group	% of participants in MARKET AREA	% of all respondents in MARKET AREA	Ratio (1)/(2)	Percent of U.S. population
Male	58. 9	47. 0	1. 25	48. 2
Female	41. 1	53. 0	0. 78	51.8
				•
White, non-Hispanic	82. 4	70. 4	1. 17	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	7. 7	23. 0	0. 33	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 6	0.8	2.00	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 0	1. 5	0. 67	3. 8
Hi spani c	7. 2	4. 3	1. 67	11. 9
				•
16-24	24. 6	21. 2	1. 16	16. 2
25-34	22. 9	18. 1	1. 27	17. 4
35-44	24. 9	20. 9	1. 19	21. 0
45-54	14. 0	14. 8	0. 95	17. 7
55-64	7. 7	9. 2	0.84	11. 3
65+	5. 9	15. 8	0. 37	16. 4
<\$15, 000	4. 4	6. 4	0. 69	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	7. 0	7. 2	0. 97	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	18. 1	17. 6	1.03	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	12. 6	11. 2	1. 13	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	9. 3	6. 3	1.48	12. 7
\$100, 000+	8. 1	6. 0	1. 35	15. 2
Don't know	3. 6	4. 6	0. 78	•
Refused	36. 8	40. 6	0. 91	•
				•
U.S. citizen	93. 6	95. 6	0. 98	90. 5
Foreign born	6. 4	4. 4	1. 45	9. 5
Non-metro resident	21. 9	26. 0	0.84	19. 8
Metro area resident	78. 1	74. 0	1.06	80. 2

Source: NSRE 2000-2001

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 15--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Backpacki ng

% of participants in MARKET AREA	% of all respondents in MARKET AREA	Ratio (1)/(2)	Percent of U.S. population
	47. 0	1. 50	48. 2
29. 5	53. 0	0. 56	51. 8
79. 7 11. 2	70. 4 23. 0	1. 13 0. 49	71. 3 12. 2
1. 2	0. 8	1. 50	0. 7
4. 4	1. 5	2. 93	3. 8
3. 5	4. 3	0. 81	11. 9
38. 0	21. 2	1. 79	16. 2
19. 8	18. 1	1. 09	17. 4
21. 4	20. 9	1. 02	21. 0
14. 1	14. 8	0. 95	17. 7
4. 9	9. 2	0. 53	11. 3
1. 9	15. 8	0. 12	16. 4
•	•	•	•
7. 9	6. 4	1. 23	10. 6
7. 1	7. 2	0. 99	12. 0
16. 2	17. 6	0. 92	28. 3
10. 5	11. 2	0. 94	21. 2
7. 9	6. 3	1. 25	12. 7
15. 7	6. 0	2. 62	15. 2
5. 9	4. 6	1. 28	•
28. 7	40. 6	0. 71	•
95. 1 4. 9	95. 6 4. 4	0. 99 1. 11	90. 5 9. 5
18. 6 81. 4	26. 0 74. 0	0. 72 1. 10	19. 8 80. 2
	participants in MARKET AREA 70. 5 29. 5 79. 7 11. 2 1. 2 4. 4 3. 5 38. 0 19. 8 21. 4 14. 1 4. 9 1. 9 7. 9 7. 1 16. 2 10. 5 7. 9 15. 7 5. 9 28. 7 95. 1 4. 9 18. 6	partici pants in MARKET AREA 70. 5	partici pants in MARKET AREA AREA (1)/(2) 70. 5 47. 0 1. 50 29. 5 53. 0 0. 56

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the U.S.

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

Table 16--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 respondents

Developed Camping

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographi c group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Male	56 . 0	47. 0	1. 19	48. 2
Femal e	44. 0	53. 0	0.83	51.8
				•
White, non-Hispanic	81. 5	70. 4	1. 16	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	12. 4	23. 0	0. 54	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 3	0.8	1. 63	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	2. 1	1. 5	1.40	3. 8
Hi spani c	2. 6	4. 3	0.60	11. 9
		•		•
16-24	24. 9	21. 2	1. 17	16. 2
25-34	22. 5	18. 1	1. 24	17. 4
35-44	27. 0	20. 9	1. 29	21. 0
45-54	12. 9	14. 8	0. 87	17. 7
55-64	8. 0	9. 2	0. 87	11. 3
65+	4. 6	15. 8	0. 29	16. 4
	•			
<\$15,000	3. 2	6. 4	0. 50	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	7. 7	7. 2	1. 07	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	20. 6	17. 6	1. 17	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	12. 3	11. 2	1. 10	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	10. 1	6. 3	1. 60	12. 7
\$100, 000+	7. 8	6. 0	1. 30	15. 2
Don't know	2. 7	4. 6	0. 59	
Refused	35. 6	40. 6	0. 88	
U.S. citizen	96. 6	95. 6	1.01	90. 5
Foreign born	3. 4	4. 4	0.77	9. 5

Non-metro resident	23. 0	26. 0	0. 88	19. 8
Metro area resident	77. 0	74. 0	1.04	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the ${\tt U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 17--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Primitive Camping

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	73. 8	47. 0	1. 57	48. 2
Femal e	26. 2	53. 0	0. 49	51. 8
		•		•
White, non-Hispanic	85. 9	70. 4	1. 22	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	6. 9	23. 0	0. 30	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 1	0.8	1. 38	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1.6	1.5	1. 07	3.8
Hi spani c	4. 5	4. 3	1. 05	11. 9
		•		•
16-24	32. 6	21. 2	1. 54	16. 2
25-34	22. 7	18. 1	1. 25	17. 4
35-44	24. 4	20. 9	1. 17	21. 0
45-54	12. 6	14. 8	0. 85	17. 7
55-64	5. 7	9. 2	0. 62	11. 3
65+	2. 0	15. 8	0. 13	16. 4
<\$15,000	7. 8	6. 4	1. 22	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	9. 1	7. 2	1. 26	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	18. 3	17. 6	1.04	28. 3

\$50, 000- \$74, 999	10. 7	11. 2	0. 96	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	9. 9	6. 3	1. 57	12. 7
\$100, 000+	7. 5	6. 0	1. 25	15. 2
Don't know	3. 3	4. 6	0. 72	
Refused	33. 5	40. 6	0. 83	•
	•	•	•	
U.S. citizen	97. 0	95. 6	1. 01	90. 5
Foreign born	3. 0	4. 4	0. 68	9. 5
	•		•	
Non-metro resident	27. 4	26. 0	1. 05	19. 8
Metro area resident	72. 6	74. 0	0. 98	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 18--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \\ \end{tabular}$

Visit a Wilderness or Other Primitive Area

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Male	61. 6	47. 0	1. 31	48. 2
Female	38. 4	53. 0	0. 72	51.8
		•		
White, non-Hispanic	81. 5	70. 4	1. 16	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	11. 9	23. 0	0. 52	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 4	0.8	1. 75	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 8	1. 5	1. 20	3. 8
Hi spani c	3. 3	4. 3	0. 77	11. 9
16-24	28. 9	21. 2	1. 36	16. 2
25-34	20. 9	18. 1	1. 15	17. 4

35-44	22. 0	20. 9	1. 05	21.0
45-54	13. 7	14. 8	0. 93	17. 7
55-64	8. 2	9. 2	0. 89	11. 3
65+	6. 3	15. 8	0. 40	16. 4
				•
<\$15,000	5. 5	6. 4	0. 86	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	6. 5	7. 2	0. 90	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	20. 7	17. 6	1. 18	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	14. 5	11. 2	1. 29	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	7. 5	6. 3	1. 19	12. 7
\$100, 000+	8. 2	6. 0	1. 37	15. 2
Don't know	4. 2	4. 6	0. 91	
Refused	32. 8	40. 6	0. 81	
				•
U.S. citizen	97. 6	95. 6	1. 02	90. 5
Foreign born	2. 4	4. 4	0. 55	9. 5
Non-metro resident	25. 6	26. 0	0. 98	19. 8
Metro area resident	74. 4	74. 0	1. 01	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\textit{Table 19--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 respondents \\$

Gather Mushrooms-Berries-etc.

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	56. 9	47. 0	1. 21	48. 2
Femal e	43. 1	53. 0	0. 81	51.8

White, non-Hispanic	78. 0	70. 4	1. 11	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	15. 1	23. 0	0. 66	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1.8	0. 8	2. 25	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	0.8	1. 5	0. 53	3.8
Hi spani c	4. 3	4. 3	1. 00	11. 9
	•			
16-24	27. 8	21. 2	1. 31	16. 2
25-34	16. 6	18. 1	0. 92	17. 4
35-44	26. 0	20. 9	1. 24	21. 0
45-54	12. 9	14. 8	0. 87	17. 7
55-64	7. 7	9. 2	0. 84	11. 3
65+	9. 0	15. 8	0. 57	16. 4
	•			
<\$15,000	5. 6	6. 4	0. 88	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	9. 7	7. 2	1. 35	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	17. 2	17. 6	0. 98	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	11. 7	11. 2	1.04	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	8. 6	6. 3	1. 37	12. 7
\$100, 000+	7. 7	6. 0	1. 28	15. 2
Don't know	3. 9	4. 6	0. 85	
Refused	35. 6	40. 6	0. 88	
U.S. citizen	95. 4	95. 6	1. 00	90. 5
Forei gn born	4. 6	4. 4	1. 05	9. 5
Non-metro resident	27. 8	26. 0	1. 07	19. 8
Metro area resident	72. 2	74. 0	0. 98	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\textbf{Table 20--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 respondents \\$

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	85. 2	47. 0	1. 81	48. 2
Femal e	14. 8	53. 0	0. 28	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	88. 4	70. 4	1. 26	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	8. 1	23. 0	0. 35	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 1	0.8	1. 38	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	2. 4	1.5	1. 60	3.8
Hi spani c		4. 3	•	11. 9
16-24	35. 5	21. 2	1. 67	16. 2
25-34	24. 7	18. 1	1. 36	17. 4
35-44	20. 0	20. 9	0. 96	21. 0
45-54	7. 5	14.8	0. 51	17. 7
55-64	5. 3	9. 2	0. 58	11. 3
65+	6. 9	15. 8	0.44	16. 4
<\$15,000	1. 0	6. 4	0. 16	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	6. 3	7. 2	0. 88	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	17. 1	17. 6	0. 97	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	17. 0	11. 2	1. 52	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	9. 1	6. 3	1.44	12. 7
\$100, 000+	3. 7	6. 0	0. 62	15. 2
Don't know	6. 6	4. 6	1. 43	
Refused	39. 1	40. 6	0. 96	
U.S. citizen	98. 5	95. 6	1. 03	90. 5
Foreign born	1. 5	4. 4	0. 34	9. 5
Non-metro resident	40. 9	26. 0	1. 57	19. 8
Metro area resident	59. 1	74. 0	0.80	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

 $population\ are\ also\ shown\ for\ comparison.$

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 21--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Small Game Hunting

	% of participants in MARKET	% of all respondents in MARKET	Ratio	Percent of U.S.
Demographi c group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	87. 6	47. 0	1. 86	48. 2
Female	12. 4	53. 0	0. 23	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	79. 9	70. 4	1. 13	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	17. 1	23. 0	0. 74	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 1	0.8	1. 38	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	2. 0	1. 5	1. 33	3. 8
Hi spani c		4. 3		11. 9
				•
16-24	44. 9	21. 2	2. 12	16. 2
25-34	21. 7	18. 1	1. 20	17. 4
35-44	14. 9	20. 9	0.71	21. 0
45-54	10. 7	14. 8	0. 72	17. 7
55-64	5. 2	9. 2	0. 57	11. 3
65+	2. 6	15. 8	0. 16	16. 4
				•
<\$15,000	3. 0	6. 4	0. 47	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	4. 3	7. 2	0. 60	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	15. 0	17. 6	0.85	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	12. 7	11. 2	1. 13	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	10. 3	6. 3	1. 63	12. 7
\$100, 000+	6. 5	6. 0	1.08	15. 2
Don't know	3. 0	4. 6	0. 65	
Refused	45. 2	40. 6	1. 11	
				•
U.S. citizen	100. 0	95. 6	1.05	90. 5
Foreign born		4. 4		9. 5
Non-metro resident	35. 7	26. 0	1. 37	19. 8
Metro area resident	64. 3	74. 0	0. 87	80. 2

Source: NSRE 2000-2001

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 22--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Migratory Bird Hunting

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	86. 9	47. 0	1. 85	48. 2
Femal e	13. 1	53. 0	0. 25	51. 8
	•			
White, non-Hispanic	90. 1	70. 4	1. 28	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	9. 6	23. 0	0. 42	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	0. 3	0. 8	0. 38	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	•	1. 5		3. 8
Hi spani c	•	4. 3		11. 9
	•			
16-24	36. 3	21. 2	1. 71	16. 2
25-34	27. 1	18. 1	1. 50	17. 4
35-44	18. 0	20. 9	0. 86	21. 0
45-54	11. 1	14. 8	0. 75	17. 7
55-64	7. 5	9. 2	0. 82	11. 3
65+	•	15. 8		16. 4
	•			
<\$15,000	2. 1	6. 4	0. 33	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	1. 9	7. 2	0. 26	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	6. 2	17. 6	0. 35	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	16. 3	11. 2	1.46	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	17. 9	6. 3	2.84	12. 7
\$100, 000+	9. 2	6. 0	1. 53	15. 2
Don't know	46. 3	4. 6	10. 07	
Refused	•	40. 6		
U.S. citizen	100. 0	95. 6	1.05	90. 5
Foreign born		4. 4		9. 5
Non-metro resident	18. 0	26. 0	0. 69	19. 8
Metro area resident	82. 0	74. 0	1. 11	80. 2

Column percents sum to $100\ \text{within}$ each demographic group. A ratio larger than $1.0\ \text{indicates}$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 23--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Si ghtseei ng

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographi c group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	47. 6	47. 0	1.01	48. 2
Femal e	52. 4	53. 0	0. 99	51. 8
	•			
White, non-Hispanic	73. 5	70. 4	1.04	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	21.8	23. 0	0. 95	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	0. 7	0. 8	0. 88	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 4	1. 5	0. 93	3. 8
Hi spani c	2. 6	4. 3	0. 60	11. 9
16-24	19. 8	21. 2	0. 93	16. 2
25-34	17. 1	18. 1	0. 94	17. 4
35-44	23. 1	20. 9	1. 11	21. 0
45-54	16. 3	14. 8	1. 10	17. 7
55-64	9. 8	9. 2	1. 07	11. 3
65+	14. 0	15. 8	0.89	16. 4
<\$15,000	4. 6	6. 4	0. 72	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	7. 5	7. 2	1.04	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	20. 6	17. 6	1. 17	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	13. 5	11. 2	1. 21	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	7. 9	6. 3	1. 25	12. 7
\$100, 000+	7. 0	6. 0	1. 17	15. 2
Don't know	3. 2	4. 6	0. 70	
Refused	35. 7	40. 6	0. 88	
U.S. citizen	97. 2	95. 6	1. 02	90. 5
Foreign born	2. 8	4. 4	0.64	9. 5
			•	
Non-metro resident	23. 7	26. 0	0. 91	19. 8

Column percents sum to $100\ \text{within}$ each demographic group. A ratio larger than $1.0\ \text{indicates}$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 24--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Driving For Pleasure

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographi c group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	49. 8	47. 0	1.06	48. 2
Female	50. 2	53. 0	0. 95	51.8
				•
White, non-Hispanic	79. 3	70. 4	1. 13	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	17. 6	23. 0	0. 77	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	0. 7	0. 8	0. 88	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	0. 7	1. 5	0. 47	3.8
Hi spani c	1. 7	4. 3	0.40	11. 9
16-24	20. 0	21. 2	0. 94	16. 2
25-34	18. 8	18. 1	1.04	17. 4
35-44	22. 4	20. 9	1. 07	21. 0
45-54	16. 5	14. 8	1. 11	17. 7
55-64	9. 8	9. 2	1. 07	11. 3
65+	12. 5	15. 8	0. 79	16. 4
<\$15,000	4. 2	6. 4	0. 66	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	6. 6	7. 2	0. 92	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	20. 1	17. 6	1. 14	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	14. 2	11. 2	1. 27	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	8. 0	6. 3	1. 27	12. 7

\$100, 000+	8. 2	6. 0	1. 37	15. 2
Don't know	3. 3	4. 6	0. 72	•
Refused	35. 4	40. 6	0. 87	
U.S. citizen	97. 9	95. 6	1. 02	90. 5
Foreign born	2. 1	4. 4	0. 48	9. 5
	•		•	
Non-metro resident	25. 5	26. 0	0. 98	19. 8
Metro area resident	74. 5	74. 0	1. 01	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\textbf{Table 25--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 respondents \\$

Driving Off-road

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Rati o	U. S.
Demographi c group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	64. 9	47. 0	1. 38	48. 2
Femal e	35. 1	53. 0	0. 66	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	80. 2	70. 4	1. 14	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	14. 6	23. 0	0. 63	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	0. 5	0. 8	0. 63	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	2. 7	1. 5	1. 80	3.8
Hi spani c	2. 1	4. 3	0.49	11. 9
16-24	34. 6	21. 2	1. 63	16. 2
25-34	29. 8	18. 1	1. 65	17. 4
35-44	15. 5	20. 9	0.74	21. 0
45-54	11. 5	14. 8	0. 78	17. 7

55-64	2.8	9. 2	0. 30	11. 3
65+	5.8	15. 8	0. 37	16. 4
	•			•
<\$15,000	2. 3	6. 4	0. 36	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	5. 7	7. 2	0. 79	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	19. 1	17. 6	1. 09	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	12. 8	11. 2	1. 14	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	7. 6	6. 3	1. 21	12. 7
\$100, 000+	6. 9	6. 0	1. 15	15. 2
Don't know	4. 3	4. 6	0. 93	•
Refused	41. 2	40. 6	1. 01	•
	•			•
U.S. citizen	96. 9	95. 6	1. 01	90. 5
Foreign born	3. 1	4. 4	0. 70	9. 5
	•			•
Non-metro resident	33. 1	26. 0	1. 27	19. 8
Metro area resident	66. 9	74. 0	0. 90	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 26--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Coldwater Fishing

Demographic group	% of participants in MARKET AREA	% of all respondents in MARKET AREA	Ratio (1)/(2)	Percent of U.S. population
Male	70. 2	47. 0	1. 49	48. 2
Femal e	29. 8	53. 0	0. 56	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	78. 3	70. 4	1. 11	71. 3

Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	16. 6	23. 0	0. 72	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 9	0.8	2. 38	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 7	1. 5	1. 13	3.8
Hi spani c	1. 6	4. 3	0. 37	11. 9
			•	
16-24	27. 0	21. 2	1. 27	16. 2
25-34	20. 8	18. 1	1. 15	17. 4
35-44	21. 4	20. 9	1. 02	21. 0
45-54	17. 1	14. 8	1. 16	17. 7
55-64	7. 7	9. 2	0. 84	11. 3
65+	5. 9	15. 8	0. 37	16. 4
				•
<\$15,000	2. 7	6. 4	0. 42	10.6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	7. 6	7. 2	1. 06	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	16. 4	17. 6	0. 93	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	14. 6	11. 2	1. 30	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	10. 2	6. 3	1. 62	12. 7
\$100, 000+	6. 6	6. 0	1. 10	15. 2
Don't know	6. 5	4. 6	1. 41	
Refused	35. 5	40. 6	0. 87	
			•	
U.S. citizen	99. 5	95. 6	1. 04	90. 5
Foreign born	0. 5	4. 4	0. 11	9. 5
			•	•
Non-metro resident	32. 2	26. 0	1. 24	19. 8
Metro area resident	67. 8	74. 0	0. 92	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

 $population\ are\ also\ shown\ for\ comparison.$

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\textbf{Table 27--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents$

Warmwater Fishing

% of % of all

	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	64. 0	47. 0	1. 36	48. 2
Femal e	36. 0	53. 0	0. 68	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	82. 1	70. 4	1. 17	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	13. 5	23. 0	0. 59	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1.1	0.8	1. 38	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 7	1. 5	1. 13	3. 8
Hi spani c	1. 6	4. 3	0. 37	3. 6 11. 9
ni spani c				
16-24	25. 1	21. 2	1. 18	16. 2
25-34	21. 8	18. 1	1. 20	17. 4
35-44	21. 9	20. 9	1. 05	21. 0
45-54	16. 0	14. 8	1. 08	17. 7
55-64	6. 6	9. 2	0. 72	11. 3
65+	8. 7	15. 8	0. 55	16. 4
		•		
<\$15, 000	3. 9	6. 4	0. 61	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	5. 6	7. 2	0. 78	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	19. 2	17. 6	1. 09	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	12. 9	11. 2	1. 15	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	8. 4	6. 3	1. 33	12. 7
\$100, 000+	5. 8	6. 0	0. 97	15. 2
Don't know	5. 2	4. 6	1. 13	
Refused	39. 0	40. 6	0. 96	
	•	•	•	•
U.S. citizen	98. 3	95. 6	1.03	90. 5
Foreign born	1. 7	4. 4	0. 39	9. 5
Non-metro resident	30. 0	26. 0	1. 15	19. 8
Metro area resident	70. 0	74. 0	0. 95	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 28--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Saltwater Fishing

Demographic group	% of participants in MARKET AREA	% of all respondents in MARKET AREA	Ratio (1)/(2)	Percent of U.S. popul ati on
Male	66. 4	47. 0	1.41	48. 2
Femal e	33. 6	53. 0	0. 63	51. 8
White, non-Hispanic	75. 1	70. 4	1. 07	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	17. 7	23. 0	0.77	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 5	0.8	1. 88	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	3. 5	1. 5	2. 33	3. 8
Hi spani c	2. 1	4. 3	0.49	11. 9
16-24	24. 8	21. 2	1. 17	16. 2
25-34	20. 9	18. 1	1. 15	17. 4
35-44	23. 1	20. 9	1. 11	21. 0
45-54	16. 9	14. 8	1. 14	17. 7
55-64	8. 3	9. 2	0. 90	11. 3
65+	6. 0	15. 8	0. 38	16. 4
<\$15, 000	1. 8	6. 4	0. 28	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	5. 2	7. 2	0. 72	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	19. 0	17. 6	1.08	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	16. 6	11. 2	1.48	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	9. 4	6. 3	1. 49	12. 7
\$100, 000+	11. 0	6. 0	1. 83	15. 2
Don't know	4. 4	4. 6	0. 96	
Refused	32. 5	40. 6	0.80	
U.S. citizen	96. 5	95. 6	1. 01	90. 5
Foreign born	3. 5	4. 4	0. 80	9. 5
101018n polii				
Non-metro resident	15. 7	26. 0	0. 60	19. 8
Metro area resident	84. 3	74. 0	1. 14	80. 2

Source: NSRE 2000-2001

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the U.S.

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 29--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 respondents \end{tabular}$

Canoei ng

Demographic group	% of participants in MARKET AREA	% of all respondents in MARKET AREA	Ratio (1)/(2)	Percent of U.S. popul ati on
Male	62. 9	47. 0	1. 34	48. 2
Femal e	37. 1	53. 0	0. 70	51. 8
W.: 4 W:				. 71.0
White, non-Hispanic	85. 1	70. 4	1. 21	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	9. 5	23. 0	0. 41	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 3	0. 8 1. 5	1. 63	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	2. 2		1. 47	3. 8
Hi spani c	1. 9	4. 3	0. 44	11. 9
40.04				
16-24	35. 5	21. 2	1. 67	16. 2
25-34	17. 2	18. 1	0. 95	17. 4
35-44	27. 6	20. 9	1. 32	21. 0
45-54	11. 2	14. 8	0. 76	17. 7
55-64	5. 7	9. 2	0. 62	11. 3
65+	2. 8	15. 8	0. 18	16. 4
	•	•	•	•
<\$15, 000	1. 7	6. 4	0. 27	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	3. 8	7. 2	0. 53	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	17. 1	17. 6	0. 97	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	11. 7	11. 2	1. 04	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	14. 5	6. 3	2. 30	12. 7
\$100, 000+	12. 2	6. 0	2. 03	15. 2
Don't know	3. 3	4. 6	0. 72	
Refused	35. 8	40. 6	0. 88	
U.S. citizen	98. 4	95. 6	1. 03	90. 5
Foreign born	1. 6	4. 4	0. 36	9. 5
Non-metro resident	19. 7	26. 0	0. 76	19. 8
Metro area resident	80. 3	74. 0	1. 09	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 30--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Kayaki ng

Demographic group	% of participants in MARKET AREA	% of all respondents in MARKET AREA	Ratio (1)/(2)	Percent of U.S. population
Mal e	66. 9	47. 0	1. 42	48. 2
Femal e	33. 1	53. 0	0. 62	51.8
	•			•
White, non-Hispanic	78. 8	70. 4	1. 12	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	12. 1	23. 0	0. 53	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	0. 9	0. 8	1. 13	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	3. 7	1. 5	2. 47	3. 8
Hi spani c	4. 5	4. 3	1. 05	11. 9
16-24	31. 8	21. 2	1. 50	16. 2
25-34	30. 8	18. 1	1. 70	17. 4
35-44	15. 8	20. 9	0. 76	21. 0
45-54	14. 1	14. 8	0. 95	17. 7
55-64	7. 5	9. 2	0. 82	11. 3
65+	•	15. 8		16. 4
<\$15,000	6. 4	6. 4	1.00	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	8. 4	7. 2	1. 17	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	12. 3	17. 6	0. 70	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	13. 2	11. 2	1. 18	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	14. 2	6. 3	2. 25	12. 7
\$100, 000+	8. 2	6. 0	1. 37	15. 2
Don't know	4. 1	4. 6	0.89	
Refused	33. 2	40. 6	0. 82	
U.S. citizen	100. 0	95. 6	1.05	90. 5
Foreign born		4. 4		9. 5
Non-metro resident	9. 1	26. 0	0. 35	19. 8

74. 0

1. 23

80. 2

Source: NSRE 2000-2001

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 31--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Motorboating

% of	% of all		
parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
56. 0	47. 0	1. 19	48. 2
44. 0	53. 0	0.83	51.8
•			•
89. 5	70. 4	1. 27	71. 3
5. 2	23. 0	0. 23	12. 2
1. 1	0.8	1. 38	0. 7
2. 1	1. 5	1.40	3. 8
2. 0	4. 3	0.47	11. 9
25. 0	21. 2	1. 18	16. 2
23. 3	18. 1	1. 29	17. 4
24. 2	20. 9	1. 16	21.0
13. 5	14. 8	0. 91	17. 7
6. 5	9. 2	0. 71	11. 3
7. 6	15. 8	0.48	16. 4
2. 5	6. 4	0. 39	10. 6
4. 7	7. 2	0. 65	12. 0
17. 7	17. 6	1. 01	28. 3
15. 3	11. 2	1. 37	21. 2
10. 4	6. 3	1. 65	12. 7
	participants in MARKET AREA 56. 0 44. 0 89. 5 5. 2 1. 1 2. 1 2. 0 25. 0 23. 3 24. 2 13. 5 6. 5 7. 6 2. 5 4. 7 17. 7 15. 3	participants in MARKET AREA AREA 56. 0 47. 0 44. 0 53. 0 89. 5 70. 4 5. 2 23. 0 1. 1 0. 8 2. 1 1. 5 2. 0 4. 3 25. 0 21. 2 23. 3 18. 1 24. 2 20. 9 13. 5 14. 8 6. 5 9. 2 7. 6 15. 8 2. 5 6. 4 4. 7 7. 2 17. 7 17. 6 15. 3 11. 2	participants respondents in MARKET in MARKET Ratio AREA AREA (1)/(2) 56. 0 47. 0 1. 19 44. 0 53. 0 0. 83 . . . 89. 5 70. 4 1. 27 5. 2 23. 0 0. 23 1. 1 0. 8 1. 38 2. 1 1. 5 1. 40 2. 0 4. 3 0. 47 . . . 25. 0 21. 2 1. 18 23. 3 18. 1 1. 29 24. 2 20. 9 1. 16 13. 5 14. 8 0. 91 6. 5 9. 2 0. 71 7. 6 15. 8 0. 48 . . . 2. 5 6. 4 0. 39 4. 7 7. 2 0. 65 17. 7 17. 6 1. 01 15. 3 11. 2 1. 37

\$100, 000+	10. 1	6. 0	1. 68	15. 2
Don't know	2. 6	4. 6	0. 57	
Refused	36. 7	40. 6	0. 90	
U.S. citizen	98. 5	95. 6	1. 03	90. 5
Foreign born	1. 5	4. 4	0. 34	9. 5
Non-metro resident	22. 6	26. 0	0. 87	19. 8
Metro area resident	77. 4	74. 0	1. 05	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the ${\tt U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 32--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \\ \end{tabular}$

Waterskiing

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographi c group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	62. 9	47. 0	1. 34	48. 2
Femal e	37. 1	53. 0	0. 70	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	86. 1	70. 4	1. 22	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	4. 9	23. 0	0. 21	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	0. 9	0. 8	1. 13	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	6. 5	1. 5	4. 33	3.8
Hi spani c	1. 6	4. 3	0.37	11. 9
16-24	41. 2	21. 2	1. 94	16. 2
25-34	24. 0	18. 1	1. 33	17. 4
35-44	22. 3	20. 9	1. 07	21. 0
45-54	11. 2	14. 8	0. 76	17. 7

55-64	1.4	9. 2	0. 15	11. 3
65+		15. 8		16. 4
				•
<\$15,000	1.6	6. 4	0. 25	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	8. 6	7. 2	1. 19	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	10. 4	17. 6	0. 59	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	11.6	11. 2	1. 04	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	10. 1	6. 3	1. 60	12. 7
\$100, 000+	12. 6	6. 0	2. 10	15. 2
Don't know	3. 0	4. 6	0. 65	
Refused	42. 1	40. 6	1. 04	
		•		
U.S. citizen	97. 2	95. 6	1. 02	90. 5
Foreign born	2.8	4. 4	0. 64	9. 5
		•		
Non-metro resident	20. 8	26. 0	0. 80	19. 8
Metro area resident	79. 2	74. 0	1. 07	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

 $population\ are\ also\ shown\ for\ comparison.$

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\textbf{Table 33--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents$

Rafting

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Male	57. 2	47. 0	1. 22	48. 2
Femal e	42.8	53. 0	0. 81	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	91. 9	70. 4	1. 31	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	1.4	23. 0	0.06	12. 2

Amer. Indian, non-H	0. 8	0.8	1. 00	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	3. 8	1.5	2. 53	3.8
Hi spani c	2. 1	4. 3	0. 49	11. 9
	•			
16-24	42. 8	21. 2	2. 02	16. 2
25-34	20. 4	18. 1	1. 13	17. 4
35-44	20. 8	20. 9	1.00	21.0
45-54	13. 0	14. 8	0. 88	17. 7
55-64	2. 4	9. 2	0. 26	11.3
65+	0. 6	15. 8	0.04	16. 4
<\$15,000	1. 2	6. 4	0. 19	10.6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	6. 1	7. 2	0. 85	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	18. 7	17. 6	1.06	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	12. 5	11. 2	1. 12	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	12. 2	6. 3	1. 94	12. 7
\$100, 000+	9. 3	6. 0	1. 55	15. 2
Don't know	4. 8	4. 6	1. 04	
Refused	35. 4	40. 6	0. 87	
U.S. citizen	99. 3	95. 6	1. 04	90. 5
Foreign born	0. 7	4. 4	0. 16	9. 5
	•			•
Non-metro resident	24. 2	26. 0	0. 93	19. 8
Metro area resident	75. 8	74. 0	1. 02	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 34--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Swimming in Natural Water

% of % of all participants respondents

Percent of

	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Male	50. 1	47. 0	1. 07	48. 2
Femal e	49. 9	53. 0	0. 94	51.8
	•			
White, non-Hispanic	83. 3	70. 4	1. 18	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	11. 2	23. 0	0.49	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 1	0. 8	1. 38	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1.8	1. 5	1. 20	3. 8
Hi spani c	2. 6	4. 3	0. 60	11. 9
16-24	27. 5	21. 2	1. 30	16. 2
25-34	22. 3	18. 1	1. 23	17. 4
35-44	25. 8	20. 9	1. 23	21. 0
45-54	12. 5	14. 8	0. 84	17. 7
55-64	6. 3	9. 2	0. 68	11. 3
65+	5. 5	15. 8	0. 35	16. 4
		•		
<\$15,000	3. 6	6. 4	0. 56	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	7. 2	7. 2	1. 00	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	18. 0	17. 6	1. 02	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	14. 6	11. 2	1. 30	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	9. 8	6. 3	1. 56	12. 7
\$100, 000+	8. 3	6. 0	1. 38	15. 2
Don't know	3. 3	4. 6	0. 72	
Refused	35. 2	40. 6	0. 87	
		•		
U.S. citizen	96. 9	95. 6	1. 01	90. 5
Foreign born	3. 1	4. 4	0. 70	9. 5
Non-metro resident	22. 2	26. 0	0. 85	19. 8
Metro area resident	77. 8	74. 0	1. 05	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{\it U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

 $\textbf{Table 35--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 respondents \\$

Visit a Beach

Domognophi o gnoup	% of participants in MARKET AREA	% of all respondents in MARKET AREA	Ratio (1)/(2)	Percent of U.S. popul ation
Demographic group	AKEA	AKEA	(1)/(2)	popuracion
Mal e	48. 5	47. 0	1. 03	48. 2
Female	51. 5	53. 0	0. 97	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	73. 6	70. 4	1.05	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	19. 4	23. 0	0.84	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 3	0.8	1.63	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 9	1.5	1. 27	3.8
Hi spani c	4. 0	4. 3	0. 93	11. 9
16-24	23. 9	21. 2	1. 13	16. 2
25-34	20. 8	18. 1	1. 15	17. 4
35-44	24. 0	20. 9	1. 15	21. 0
45-54	15. 6	14. 8	1.05	17. 7
55-64	7. 4	9. 2	0.80	11. 3
65+	8. 3	15. 8	0. 53	16. 4
<\$15, 000	4. 1	6. 4	0. 64	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	7. 5	7. 2	1.04	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	19. 3	17. 6	1. 10	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	13. 9	11. 2	1. 24	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	9. 3	6. 3	1.48	12. 7
\$100, 000+	8. 1	6. 0	1. 35	15. 2
Don't know	3. 5	4. 6	0. 76	
Refused	34. 3	40. 6	0.84	
U.S. citizen	95. 3	95. 6	1.00	90. 5
Foreign born	4. 7	4. 4	1. 07	9. 5
Non-metro resident	21. 5	26. 0	0.83	19. 8
Metro area resident	78. 5	74. 0	1.06	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the U.S.

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 36--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

Visit Waterside Besides a Beach

	% of participants	% of all respondents	D	Percent of U.S.
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	52. 2	47. 0	1. 11	48. 2
Femal e	47. 8	53. 0	0. 90	51. 8
White, non-Hispanic	83. 8	70. 4	1. 19	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	11. 3	23. 0	0.49	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	0. 8	0. 8	1.00	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 8	1. 5	1. 20	3. 8
Hi spani c	2. 3	4. 3	0. 53	11. 9
16-24	25. 9	21. 2	1. 22	16. 2
25-34	21. 3	18. 1	1. 18	17. 4
35-44	26. 7	20. 9	1. 28	21. 0
45-54	13. 7	14. 8	0. 93	17. 7
55-64	6. 3	9. 2	0. 68	11. 3
65+	6. 1	15. 8	0. 39	16. 4
	•			
<\$15,000	3. 6	6. 4	0. 56	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	6. 4	7. 2	0.89	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	20. 3	17. 6	1. 15	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	14. 3	11. 2	1. 28	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	9. 4	6. 3	1.49	12. 7
\$100, 000+	8. 2	6. 0	1. 37	15. 2
Don't know	3. 8	4. 6	0. 83	
Refused	33. 9	40. 6	0. 83	
U.S. citizen	97. 0	95. 6	1. 01	90. 5
Foreign born	3. 0	4. 4	0. 68	9. 5
			•	
Non-metro resident	23. 5	26. 0	0. 90	19. 8
Metro area resident	76. 5	74. 0	1.03	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the ${\tt U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 37--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

View/photograph Birds

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Male	39. 0	47. 0	0.83	48. 2
Femal e	61. 0	53. 0	1. 15	51. 8
	•			
White, non-Hispanic	76. 3	70. 4	1.08	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	18. 2	23. 0	0.79	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 0	0.8	1. 25	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	0. 6	1.5	0.40	3. 8
Hi spani c	3. 8	4. 3	0. 88	11. 9
	•			
16-24	14. 7	21. 2	0. 69	16. 2
25-34	14. 4	18. 1	0. 80	17. 4
35-44	20. 8	20. 9	1. 00	21. 0
45-54	17. 2	14. 8	1. 16	17. 7
55-64	11. 7	9. 2	1. 27	11. 3
65+	21. 2	15. 8	1. 34	16. 4
		•		
<\$15,000	6. 7	6. 4	1. 05	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	7. 1	7. 2	0. 99	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	18. 2	17. 6	1. 03	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	12. 2	11. 2	1. 09	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	7. 5	6. 3	1. 19	12. 7
\$100, 000+	8. 3	6. 0	1. 38	15. 2
Don't know	1. 3	4. 6	0. 28	
Refused	38. 6	40. 6	0. 95	
		•		
U.S. citizen	97. 2	95. 6	1. 02	90. 5
Foreign born	2. 8	4. 4	0. 64	9. 5
	•			
Non-metro resident	25. 7	26. 0	0. 99	19. 8
Metro area resident	74. 3	74. 0	1.00	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the ${\tt U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 38--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

View/photograph Fish

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	52. 4	47. 0	1. 11	48. 2
Femal e	47. 6	53. 0	0. 90	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	76. 4	70. 4	1. 09	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	18. 4	23. 0	0. 80	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	0.8	0.8	1.00	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 3	1. 5	0.87	3. 8
Hi spani c	3. 2	4. 3	0.74	11. 9
16-24	17. 2	21. 2	0. 81	16. 2
25-34	18. 3	18. 1	1. 01	17. 4
35-44	29. 0	20. 9	1. 39	21.0
45-54	16. 8	14. 8	1. 14	17. 7
55-64	8. 6	9. 2	0. 93	11. 3
65+	10. 0	15. 8	0.63	16. 4
<\$15,000	3. 7	6. 4	0. 58	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	7. 1	7. 2	0. 99	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	20. 7	17. 6	1. 18	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	14. 4	11. 2	1. 29	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	10. 2	6. 3	1. 62	12. 7
\$100, 000+	7. 3	6. 0	1. 22	15. 2
Don't know	1. 9	4. 6	0.41	
Refused	34. 8	40. 6	0. 86	

. .

U.S. citizen	96. 7	95. 6	1. 01	90. 5
Foreign born	3. 3	4. 4	0. 75	9. 5
Non-metro resident	27. 2	26. 0	1. 05	19. 8
Metro area resident	72. 8	74. 0	0. 98	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 39--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 \\ respondents \end{tabular}$

View/photograph Other Wildlife

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	49. 6	47. 0	1. 06	48. 2
Femal e	50. 4	53. 0	0. 95	51. 8
White, non-Hispanic	78. 0	70. 4	1. 11	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	14. 9	23. 0	0. 65	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 0	0.8	1. 25	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 9	1.5	1. 27	3. 8
Hi spani c	4. 2	4. 3	0. 98	11. 9
16-24	19. 8	21. 2	0. 93	16. 2
25-34	20. 1	18. 1	1. 11	17. 4
35-44	22. 2	20. 9	1.06	21. 0
45-54	16. 4	14. 8	1. 11	17. 7
55-64	9. 5	9. 2	1.03	11. 3
65+	12. 0	15. 8	0. 76	16. 4
	•	•	•	•
<\$15,000	6. 5	6. 4	1. 02	10. 6

\$15, 000- \$24, 999	7. 1	7. 2	0. 99	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	19. 5	17. 6	1. 11	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	11. 9	11. 2	1. 06	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	8. 8	6. 3	1. 40	12. 7
\$100, 000+	7. 0	6. 0	1. 17	15. 2
Don't know	1. 7	4. 6	0. 37	
Refused	37. 4	40. 6	0. 92	•
U.S. citizen	96. 8	95. 6	1. 01	90. 5
Foreign born	3. 2	4. 4	0. 73	9. 5
Non-metro resident	26. 7	26. 0	1. 03	19.8
Metro area resident	73. 3	74. 0	0. 99	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than $1.0\,$ indicates

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the U.S.

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

Table 40--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 respondents

 $\label{lem:continuous} \mbox{Vi\,ew/photograph}\ \ \mbox{Wi\,l\,dfl\,owers-Trees-etc.}$

	% of participants	% of all respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	43. 1	47. 0	0. 92	48. 2
Femal e	56. 9	53. 0	1. 07	51.8
White, non-Hispanic	75. 7	70. 4	1.08	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	16. 8	23. 0	0. 73	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 0	0. 8	1. 25	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 7	1. 5	1. 13	3. 8
Hi spani c	4. 8	4. 3	1. 12	11. 9

16-24	19. 1	21. 2	0. 90	16. 2
25-34	17. 3	18. 1	0. 96	17. 4
35-44	22. 6	20. 9	1. 08	21.0
45-54	16. 7	14. 8	1. 13	17. 7
55-64	10. 8	9. 2	1. 17	11. 3
65+	13. 5	15. 8	0. 85	16. 4
	•			
<\$15,000	6. 1	6. 4	0. 95	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	7. 4	7. 2	1. 03	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	20. 7	17. 6	1. 18	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	11. 4	11. 2	1. 02	21. 2
\$75, 000- \$99, 999	8. 6	6. 3	1. 37	12. 7
\$100, 000+	7. 1	6. 0	1. 18	15. 2
Don't know	1. 7	4. 6	0. 37	
Refused	37. 0	40. 6	0. 91	
	•	•	•	
U.S. citizen	95. 4	95. 6	1. 00	90. 5
Foreign born	4. 6	4. 4	1. 05	9. 5
	•		•	
Non-metro resident	24. 6	26. 0	0. 95	19. 8
Metro area resident	75. 4	74. 0	1. 02	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

III: RECREATION DEMAND IN THE NATIONAL FOREST MARKET AREA

OCONEE & SUMPER NATIONAL FORESTS

 $\textbf{Table 41--Comparison of demographic composition of activity participants to all NSRE 2000-2001 respondents \\$

View/photograph Natural Scenery

	% of	% of all		
	parti ci pants	respondents		Percent of
	in MARKET	in MARKET	Ratio	U. S.
Demographic group	AREA	AREA	(1)/(2)	popul ati on
Mal e	46. 4	47. 0	0. 99	48. 2

Female	53. 6	53. 0	1. 01	51. 8
White, non-Hispanic	77. 3	70. 4	1. 10	71. 3
Bl ack, non-Hi spani c	16. 4	23. 0	0. 71	12. 2
Amer. Indian, non-H	1. 0	0. 8	1. 25	0. 7
Asi an/PI, non-Hi sp.	1. 9	1. 5	1. 27	3. 8
Hi spani c	3. 4	4. 3	0. 79	11. 9
				•
16-24	18. 8	21. 2	0. 89	16. 2
25-34	18. 6	18. 1	1.03	17. 4
35-44	22. 1	20. 9	1.06	21. 0
45-54	16. 4	14. 8	1. 11	17. 7
55-64	10. 4	9. 2	1. 13	11. 3
65+	13. 7	15. 8	0. 87	16. 4
				•
<\$15,000	5. 1	6. 4	0. 80	10. 6
\$15, 000- \$24, 999	6. 4	7. 2	0.89	12. 0
\$25, 000- \$49, 999	20. 8	17. 6	1. 18	28. 3
\$50, 000- \$74, 999	13. 3	11. 2	1. 19	21. 2
\$75, 000-\$99, 999	8. 0	6. 3	1. 27	12. 7
\$100, 000+	7. 0	6. 0	1. 17	15. 2
Don't know	1. 4	4. 6	0. 30	
Refused	38. 0	40. 6	0. 94	
				•
U.S. citizen	96. 0	95. 6	1.00	90. 5
Foreign born	4. 0	4. 4	0. 91	9. 5
Non-metro resident	23. 2	26. 0	0. 89	19. 8
Metro area resident	76. 8	74. 0	1. 04	80. 2

Column percents sum to 100 within each demographic group. A ratio larger than 1.0 indicates $\,$

that the proportion of people in a given demographic strata is larger for participants than it

is for the population in general (i.e., the full Market Area sample). Percentages for the $\mbox{U.\,S.}$

population are also shown for comparison.

Appendix IV

IV: LOCAL OUTDOOR RECREATION SUPPLIERS

Table 1--Amount of selected recreation resource acreages or facility counts in Market Area and Region $8\,$

OCONEE & SUMTER NATIONAL FORESTS

	Amount of	Amount per	Amount of
Amount per	resource in	million pop.,	resource in
million pop.,	MADVEE ADEA	MADWEE ADEL	PEGION O
Recreation Resource	MARKET AREA	MARKET AREA	REGION 8
REGI ON- 8			
NPS gross acres	586, 853	49, 527. 7	5, 411, 892
60, 809. 1 COE Project total land and water acres 63, 302. 1	416, 204	35, 125. 7	5, 633, 764
FWS refuge acres open for recreation 40, 388. 3	102, 080	8, 615. 1	3, 594, 475
TVA recreation area acres	2, 731	230. 5	25, 267
TVA undeveloped acres	18, 930	1, 597. 6	414, 876
4, 661. 6	10, 000	1, 007. 0	111,070
Wild & Scenic River miles: Total 1992	61	5. 1	446
5. 0			
NRI Total river miles, outstanding value	3, 877	327. 2	23, 226
261. 0			
State Park acres	97, 772	8, 251. 5	1, 571, 214
17, 654. 5			
WOODALLS # public campgrounds	31	2. 6	310
3. 5			
WOODALLS # public campground sites	2, 961	249. 9	25, 853
290. 5			
WOODALLS # private campgrounds	248	20. 9	1, 852
20. 8			
WOODALLS # private campground sites	22, 462	1, 895. 7	222, 054
2, 495. 0	04 005 400	70.0	470 070 000
NRI acres private forest land	24, 085, 400	53. 6	173, 078, 600
32. 4	2 062 409	959 597 5	22 006 752
NPLOS acres leased to inds. or groups 380, 983. 3	3, 063, 408	258, 537. 5	33, 906, 753
NPLOS acres open to general public	1, 672, 311	141, 135. 3	30, 262, 101
340, 031. 3	1, 0,2, 011	141, 100. 0	30, 202, 101
ABI # hunting & fishing preserves	28	2. 4	192
2. 2			
ABI # fish camps	1	0. 1	202
2. 3			
ABI # organized camps	245	20. 7	1, 722
19. 3			
ABI # private fishing lakes	4	0. 3	24
0. 3			
ABI # boat rental firms	48	4. 1	2, 054
23. 1			
ABI # canoe trip outfitters	1	0. 1	19
0. 2			

ABI	# canoe rental firms	3	0. 3	73
	0. 8			
ABI	# public fishing lakes	27	2. 3	95
	1.1			
ABI	# guides services	17	1.4	361
	4. 1			
ABI	# sightseeing tours	50	4. 2	603
	6. 8			
ABI	# fishing lakes and ponds	6	0. 5	76
	0. 9			
ABI	# raft trip firms	18	1. 5	29
	0. 3			

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NRI}}$ acres private land forest is percent of total area, $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NOT}}$ number per million pop.

Source: USDA-FS: National Outdoor Recreation Supply Information System, 1997.

IV: LOCAL OUTDOOR RECREATION SUPPLIERS

Table 2--Description of recreation resource abbreviations

Resource

NPS = U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service

COE = U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

FWS = U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service

TVA = Tennessee Valley Authority

NRI (total river miles) = 1993 Nationwide Rivers Inventory administered by the National Park Service.

WOODALLS = Woodall Publications. Ventura, CA. Publisher of "Woodall's Campground Directory". 1996.

NRI (private forest land) = 1992 National Resources Inventory, USDA-Natural Resources Conservation Serv.

NPLOS = 1995 National Private Land Owners Survey. USDA Forest Service. Southern Research Station

ABI = American Business Information, Inc. Omaha, NE. Database of yellow-page telephone directories.

Source: USDA-FS: National Outdoor Recreation Supply Information System, 1997.